

DEMOGRAPHY AND SETTLEMENT IN PAŐA SANCAĐI SOL-KOL REGION  
ACCORDING TO *MUHASEBE-İ VİLAYET-İ RUMELİ DEFTERİ* DATED 1530

A Master's Thesis

by

HARUN YENİ

Department of History  
Bilkent University  
Ankara  
September 2006



*In memories of Ahmet Yeni and Erkan Yeni*

DEMOGRAPHY AND SETTLEMENT IN PAŐA SANCAĐI SOL-KOL REGION  
ACCORDING TO *MUHASEBE-İ VİLAYET-İ RUMELİ DEFTERİ* DATED 1530

The Institute of Economics and Social Sciences  
of  
Bilkent University

by

HARUN YENİ

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of  
MASTER OF ARTS

in

THE DEPARTMENT OF  
HISTORY  
BİLKENT UNIVERSITY  
ANKARA

September 2006

I certify that I have read this thesis and have found that it is fully adequate, in scope and in quality, as a thesis for the degree of Master of Arts in History.

Prof. Dr. Halil İnalçık  
Supervisor

I certify that I have read this thesis and have found that it is fully adequate, in scope and in quality, as a thesis for the degree of Master of Arts in History.

Prof. Dr. Evgeni Radushev  
Examining Committee Member

I certify that I have read this thesis and have found that it is fully adequate, in scope and in quality, as a thesis for the degree of Master of Arts in History.

Prof. Dr. İsenbike Togan  
Examining Committee Member

Approval of the Institute of Economics and Social Sciences

Prof. Dr. Erdal Erel  
Director

## ABSTRACT

### DEMOGRAPHY AND SETTLEMENT IN PAŐA SANCAĐI SOL-KOL REGION ACCORDING TO *MUHASEBE-İ VİLAYET-İ RUMELİ DEFTERİ* DATED 1530

Yeni, Harun

M.A., Department of History

Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Halil İnalçık

September 2006

The thesis analyzes demographic and settlement features of *PaŐa Sancađı Sol-Kol* region, which covers the ancient *Via Egnatia* route, mainly in accordance with *Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rumeli Defteri* dated 1530 numbered 167. For the purpose of founding a basis for the explanation of the demographic and settlement structure, the geographical and climatic conditions of the region and the nomadic type of living are told. Using some of the fiscal surveys (*tahrirs*) of the region from the fifteenth century, the demographic conditions and the Turkish settlement in the region is revealed including other elements of settlement process together with the nomadic people (*Yörüks*). The administrative structure of the *Sol-Kol* is mentioned to be able to observe a general picture. Then, the demographic situation and the *yörük* presence in the region in the sixteenth century are evaluated.

Keywords: PaŐa Sancađı, Sol-Kol, Via Egnatia, Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rumeli Defteri, yörük, nomad, tahrir, demography, Balkans.

## ÖZET

### 1530 TARİHLİ *MUHASEBE-İ VİLAYET-İ RUMELİ DEFTERİ*'NE GÖRE PAŞA SANCAĞI SOL-KOL BÖLGESİNDE DEMOGRAFİ VE YERLEŞİM

Yeni, Harun

Yüksek Lisans, Tarih Bölümü

Tez Yöneticisi: Prof. Dr. Halil İnalçık

Eylül 2006

Bu tez, antik *Via Egnatia* yolunu da kapsayan *Paşa Sancağı Sol-Kol* bölgesinin demografik ve yerleşim özelliklerini, temelde 1530 tarihli ve 167 numaralı *Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rumeli Defteri*'ne göre tahlil etmektedir. Demografi ve yerleşim yapısını açıklamada temel oluşturması amacıyla, bölgenin coğrafi ve iklimsel özellikleri ile göçebe yaşam tarzı anlatılmaktadır. Bölgenin XV. yüzyıldan bazı tahrir kayıtlarını kullanarak, göçebelerle birlikte yerleşimin diğer parçalarını da kapsayan demografi özellikleri ve Türk yerleşimi ortaya konmaktadır. *Sol-Kol*'un idari yapısından, genel bir resim görebilmek için bahsedilmekte; sonrasında da, XVI. yüzyılda bölgedeki demografik yapı ve *yörük* varlığı değerlendirilmektedir.

Anahtar Kelimeler: Paşa Sancağı, Sol-Kol, *Via Egnatia*, *Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rumeli Defteri*, *yörük*, göçebe, tahrir, demografi, Balkanlar.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

First of all, I would like to thank my supervisor Prof. Halil İnalçık for directing me into such an appealing topic, for his guidance throughout this project, and for his help in every phase of the thesis. I am also greatly indebted to Prof. Evgeni Radushev for his continuous help and support in every step of the process. I would like to express my gratitude to Dr. Oktay Özel and Dr. Eugenia Kermeli not only for their contributions to my academic development but also for their support in the hard times of mine. I am also grateful to the other academic and administrative members of the Department of History of Bilkent University. I am obliged to thank Prof. Hamit Çalışkan of the Department of English Language and Literature of Bilkent University who led me to the field of Ottoman history and who was ready whenever I needed help since my first day at Bilkent.

I want to thank Yakup Turali whose presence always meant unconditional support for about twenty years. Also, I would like to thank all of my other friends for their love and precious friendship. Lastly, my special thanks are to my family for everything I have in life.



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT .....	iii
ÖZET .....	iv
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS .....	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS .....	vi
LIST OF TABLES.....	viii
CHAPTER I: INTRODUCTION: SOURCES.....	1
1.1 Tahrir Registers as a source of Ottoman Socio-economic History.....	1
1.2 The <i>Defters</i> of Paşa Sancağı Sol-Kol region.....	8
1.3 The <i>Defter</i> used in this study: 167 numaralı Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili.....	10
CHAPTER II: THE OTTOMAN CONQUESTS IN RUMELIA .....	12
2.1 Early Campaigns in Gallipoli and Thrace.....	12
2.2 The Conquest of Edirne (Adrianople), 1361.....	15
2.3 The Conquest of the region of <i>Via Egnatia</i> .....	16
CHAPTER III: THE GEOGRAPHIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE IN THE REGION.....	19
3.1 The Geographical conditions in the region.....	19
3.2 The types of living in the region.....	21
CHAPTER IV: THE DEMOGRAPHIC SITUATION IN THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY.....	28
4.1 The coming of the <i>Yörüks</i> to the Sol-Kol region.....	28
4.2 The Turkish groups settled in the Sol-Kol region.....	31
CHAPTER V: THE SOL-KOL REGION IN 1530 .....	45
5.1 The Administrative Structure.....	45
5.2 The Demographic situation in 1530.....	47

5.2.1 The Towns .....	47
5.2.2 The Countryside.....	51
CHAPTER VI: CONCLUSION.....	55
BIBLIOGRAPHY.....	58
APPENDICES	
A. MAP 1 - THE YÖRÜK POPULATION IN THE SOL-KOL KAZAS.....	62
B. MAP 2 - SOME OF THE VILLAGES IN WHICH YÖRÜKS RESIDE IN THE REGIONS OF GÜMÜLCİNE, YENİCE-İ KARASU AND DRAMA REGIONS.....	63
C. MAP 3 - SOME OF THE VILLAGES IN WHICH YÖRÜKS RESIDE IN THE REGIONS OF SERFİÇE AND AVRET-HİSARI .....	64
D. THE SETTLEMENT STRUCTURE IN TD. 167.....	65

## LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 1. The economic difference between the mountainous and plain regions...	43
TABLE 2. The total number of settlers in the Sol-Kol region.....	51

## **CHAPTER ONE**

### **INTRODUCTION: SOURCES**

#### **1.1 *Tahrîr* registers as a source of Ottoman socio-economic history**

The general pattern that is followed by the Ottoman state in conquest process in the classical period was to secure the area militarily firstly and then to get information about the general fiscal structure in a region. Within this process, the already existing fiscal methods were kept in effect in the early years of conquest. The following years were the time for a detailed investigation of the economic resources and some other elements that could be in any relation with the fiscal administration. This did, expectedly, result in the introduction of the application of the Ottoman tax systems on the area, yet in consideration with the previous customs and practices, a point which

should not be surprising since the expanding Ottoman state would want to gain the support of the newly conquered lands' folk and military elite groups.<sup>1</sup>

The investigation of the sources and some other fiscal details of the region meant the establishment of the *tîmâr* system in an area. Within this sphere, *tahrîr* registers were in a general sense the registers that were held during the 15<sup>th</sup> to 17<sup>th</sup> centuries in the regions that had the land system of *tîmâr* that included the fiscal data about each taxpayer, the amount and kind of the taxes from the regions these people lived, and the kind of the land and its holder.<sup>2</sup> The bureaucratic structure of the empire had to keep a record of this information not only for examining taxes but also for determining the sources of these taxes and for ensuring its continuation. In this sense, it is a crucial bureaucratic precaution to protect the taxation system and villagers' land possession and to determine status of taxation<sup>3</sup>.

Before passing on to the value and problematic aspect of these registers in terms of methodology for the historians, it would be beneficial to mention the process of edition of *tahrîr* registers briefly so as to create an image of their nature. The first step of keeping *tahrîrs* was to determine the present and possible revenue sources in a given region. *Sancağ* was the administrative unit covered by a *tahrîr* register. The governor of this unit was *sancağ beyi* who was also the commander of the timariots in his *sancağ* in

---

<sup>1</sup> H. İnalçık, "Ottoman Methods of Conquest", *Studia Islamica*. II, 1954, p. 103. İnalçık formulates and pictures the process of conquests in the essay, and stresses this point of taxation method while mentioning on the 'gradual conquest', namely suzerainty. Also, Fekete mentions this process. L. Fekete. "Türk Vergi Tahrirleri" Trans. Sadrettin Karatay. *Belleten* Vol. 11, 1947, p. 299.

<sup>2</sup> Mehmet Öz. "Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler", *Osmanlılarda Bilgi ve İstatistik*, ed.H. İnalçık-Ş. Pamuk, Ankara, 2000, p. 18. The author makes a good edition of the definitions of İnalçık in "Ottoman Methods of Conquest", of L. Fekete. "Türk Vergi Tahrirleri", and of Kaldy-Nagy "The Administration of the Sanjağ Registration". It may be worth mentioning here that timar system was applied in Anatolia, Balkans, Iraq, Syria, Jordan, and Palestine regions, so we have tahrirs of these regions of the Ottoman state. Namely, timar was the name of the fiscal and military system in which the central government granted the right to collect taxes in a given region in return for regular military service.

<sup>3</sup> Halil İnalçık, "Giriş", *438 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri*, Ankara, 1993, p. 2.

connection with his provincial administrative duties. *Tahrîr* registration was the process that was fulfilled in order to regulate and determine the allotment of the *tîmârs*. The central government appointed an officer called *emîn* for this process of investigation. Together with *emîn*, there was a *katib* for noting the data down. They were accompanied by a local legislative officer (*kadı*). In case of need, a group of armed military units attended them. The council of *tahrîr* collected information about land for cultivation, vineyards, male tax-paying population and such data in connection with taxes. Later on, they got together with *tîmâr*-holders seeing their imperial documents that stated their status and the privileges they enjoyed if there were any. The next step was the comparison and check of the previous records with the current information they gathered. Along with it, the committee saw all the adult males and their sons that were in puberty, personally. As a result of the investigation process, two kinds of collections came out. These are *mufassal* –detailed- and *icmâl*-summary-. The detailed version was the compilation of the whole data that was collected in the region mainly aiming to reflect the executive picture of the area. Settlements, lands- type and amount-, adult male population, and the taxes regarding to these were included. The summary type of collection was in relation to the distribution of *tîmârs* in the region, therefore stated the names of the settlements, the amount of the revenue to be collected from there, and the person who would collect the revenue<sup>4</sup>.

Such a character and structure of the *tahrîrs* suggests an invaluable source for the Ottomanists. Ömer Lütfî Barkan was the first historian to draw attention on the value

---

<sup>4</sup> H. İnalçık "Ottoman Methods of Conquest", pp 110-11. Here, I have made use of İnalçık's general outline of tahrir process that he formulated in accordance with two decrees dated 1575 a.d. that contains instructions for the officials of *tahrîr* in Eastern Anatolia provinces. It is important to mention İnalçık's *Hicri 835 Tarihli Suret-i Defter-i Sancak-i Arvanid* in the introduction of which he gives a detailed pattern of tahrir defters and the basic terms used in *tahrîrs* and their functions.

and significance of them in 1940s<sup>5</sup>. His efforts and works on the *defters* resulted in the fact that in 1980s, most of the M.A. and Phd. theses were based on the reading and analysis of them.<sup>6</sup> However, the introduction of *tahrîrs* in Ottoman studies brought some problems about their character as a source which have been discussed mostly in recent years. In a broad look, the variety and extent of the data in this type of official documents have been the source of the disagreements in the field. There are two basic aspects of the *defters* in question. One is the demographic, the other is the economic- or fiscal-; and they are two directions in which the methodological problems arise.

Within this context, we need to consider the demographic dimension of the issue in terms of the nature of the documents.<sup>7</sup> It is not a secret that these documents were recorded for fiscal reasons. In other words, they are entries of economic resources and their facilities. So, they are to be held with this fact in mind. “As everyone studying in this field knows, *tahrîris* not a census, and for various reasons, a big amount of the population (women, children, military) is out of record.”<sup>8</sup> However, such a nature of *tahrîrs* is not all the time underlined by historians; it is even perceived in a contrary sense. Barkan claims that

“these registers are not simple enumerations of households or taxpayers. In the first place, they constitute a systematic census of the entire population of the empire (excluding only Egypt, North Africa and the Hijaz) executed in a statistical spirit with a wealth of details, and for this reason their value from the point of view of historical demography is very great.”<sup>9</sup>

---

<sup>5</sup> Fatma Acun. “Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji”, *Türk Kültürü İncelemeleri Dergisi*, vol. 1, 2000, p. 319.

<sup>6</sup> Erhan Afyoncu, “Türkiye’de Tahrir Defterlerine Dayalı Olarak Hazırlanmış Çalışmalar Hakkında Bazı Görüşler”, *TALID* 1, 2003, p. 267.

<sup>7</sup> Öz, “Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler”, p. 24.

<sup>8</sup> Öz, “Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler”, p. 25.

<sup>9</sup> Ömer Lütfi Barkan, “Research on the Ottoman Fiscal Surveys” in *Studies in the Economic History of the Middle East*. ed. M.A.Cook. 1970, Oxford, p. 106.

While he states that such detailed registers are because of the organizational structure and attitude of the empire<sup>10</sup>, one can easily acknowledge that Barkan is doubtlessly right. However, his perception of *tahrîrs* as “systematic census” seems a point of confusion. The main argument against this claim can be the fact that the names of the persons in the *defters* were not registered for such a purpose. They were mentioned both because of the fact that such a necessity would inevitably have come out so as to register the economic values and resources in to the *defters*- since you need to specify those resources in one way or another- and probably because of the subtle organization of the state. In this sense, knowing that the reason of entries was not to enumerate the population lead us to refrain from such a perception of *tahrîrs*. Barkan goes on arguing that “the Ottoman registers do in fact contain the results of systematic censuses of the population uniformly executed...the data are genuine statistics intended to provide information which was basic to the whole administrative and organization of the empire.”<sup>11</sup> *Tahrîrs* are not censuses<sup>12</sup> but still contain invaluable demographic data. This seems to be the crucial point in the evaluation of *tahrîrs*. The fact that these registers include only the taxable male adults within the term of *hâne* (household) constitutes another problem in the matter. The numbers given in the registers are multiplied with coefficients varying from 2.7 to 7 in accordance with some general predictions, detailed mathematical

---

<sup>10</sup> Barkan, “Research on the Ottoman Fiscal Surveys”, p. 103.

<sup>11</sup> Barkan, “Research on the Ottoman Fiscal Surveys”, p. 107.

<sup>12</sup> Öz. “Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler”, p. 24. Also, Fatma Acun touches upon the perception of tahrirs in this sense stating the criticism that is directed to Barkan within this sphere. Acun. “Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji”. Besides, Kemal Çiçek draws our attention on the fact that such an early view of tahrirs led the following historians in a similar path. Kemal Çiçek, “Osmanlı Tahrir Defterlerinin Kullanımında Görülen Bazı Problemler ve Metod Arayışları”, *Türk Dünyası Araştırmaları* vol. 97, p. 95. Lowry strictly criticizes Barkan and historians with the same mentality in the issue for treating tahrirs as censuses stating that the struggle “to extract population statistics from the raw *hâne* data they [tahrirs] provide” is “the practice of alchemy, ie., trying to turn base metals into gold”. Heath Lowry, *Studies in Defterology: Ottoman Society in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Centuries*, İstanbul, 1992, p.13.



calculations, and modern demographic census and statistical methods.<sup>13</sup> That is, actually, the point in which *tahrîr* registers remain in some kind of obscurity. Bearing the nature and essential character of them as fiscal registers and the extent of their reliability in the exposure of demographic aspects, one can bring valuable works out of them. Demographic changes, population and settlement structures and their movements, the size of villages, towns, and cities, and the rate of non-Muslims and Muslims are among the basic topics and problems which can be analyzed by using the present data on the populations of settlements.<sup>14</sup> It seems that the main question in demographic aspect of *tahrîr* studies is not whether they are useful or not but in which way they can be put in efficient use. In terms of determining population in numbers, *tahrîrs* might not reveal the situation. In other words, it can be said that *tahrîrs* are not perfect for determining exact population numbers. A good best example of such a case is Barkan's research on the population of the empire in the sixteenth century in parallel with Braudel's studies and identifications in the Mediterranean Basin. In his study, Barkan comes to the conclusion that there was a bloom in Ottoman population in the 16<sup>th</sup> century to the extent of 60%. This conclusion that was achieved by the study of *tahrîrs* was later on proved to have very deceptive and misleading by İnalçık and Issawi<sup>15</sup>. Cook is another historian who used *tahrîrs* for demographic purposes. In his work, he discusses whether there was a "population pressure" in the 16<sup>th</sup> century Anatolia.<sup>16</sup> Actually, it was some kind of

---

<sup>13</sup> Acun, "Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji", p. 324.

<sup>14</sup> Öz, "Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler", p. 24.

<sup>15</sup> Çiçek, "Osmanlı Tahrir Defterlerinin Kullanımında Görülen Bazı Problemler ve Metod Arayışları", p. 97. Also Acun, "Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji", p. 325; Feridun M. Emecen, "Sosyal Tarih Kaynağı Olarak Osmanlı Tahrir Defterleri" in *Tarih ve Sosyoloji Semîneri 28-29 Mayıs 1990, Bildiriler*. p.146.

<sup>16</sup> M. A. Cook, *Population Pressure in Rural Anatolia 1450-1600*, London, 1972.

development of Barkan's studies in the issue.<sup>17</sup> The relevance of the work here is not the findings or analysis of the issue, but the perception which Cook adopted in his study. He stresses the fact that "all the results of research are indefinite".<sup>18</sup> There are two essential points in using *tahrîr* registers as demographic sources. The first one is the fact that these registers reveal the population structure and its volume with "least" numeric data in the periods they cover.<sup>19</sup> In other words, *tahrîrs* are not absolute entries that reveal the whole picture. Yet, they give an idea with the minimum numerical data they contain. For this reason, there is no meaning in disregarding them in population calculations and the studies in relation to that. Moreover, "*tahrîr defters* provide us with unequalled data of the *sancaks* in the second half of the 15<sup>th</sup> century and in the 16<sup>th</sup> century on the potential of the population, its religious and occupational structure, categories of adult men in a variety in accordance with the land usufruct and marital status, in many *sancaks*, the average amount of land in usufruct of each *hâne*"<sup>20</sup>. Secondly, as many historians agree upon, it is significant to keep in mind that *tahrîrs* were registered in a sequence of periods which varied in accordance with the *sancak*'s needs.<sup>21</sup> This fact makes it possible to observe the population patterns and the rates they follow.

*Tahrîr* registers constitute a significant source for Ottoman socio-economic studies with about 1850 volumes in various archives and libraries in Turkey and

---

<sup>17</sup> Oktay Özel, "Population Changes in Ottoman Anatolia During the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> Centuries: The 'Demographic Crisis' Reconsidered" *IJMES* vol. 36, 2004, p. 184.

<sup>18</sup> Mehmet Öz quotes Cook's *Population Pressure in Rural Anatolia 1450-1600* in his article, and I have used it here.

<sup>19</sup> Öz. "Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler", p. 25.

<sup>20</sup> Öz. "Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler", p. 27.

<sup>21</sup> See Öz. "Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler"; Barkan, "Research on the Ottoman Fiscal Surveys"; Acun. "Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji"; Heath. W. Lowry, *Studies in Defterology: Ottoman Society in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Centuries*.

abroad.<sup>22</sup> The value of them relies on the fact that they are neither wholly demographic nor fiscal. That is why Halil İncalcık stresses that researchers studying *tahrîr* defters should see the Ottoman government, bureaucracy, politics and social structure as a whole<sup>23</sup>. Because they give hints or facts in many aspects of the state, such a need is felt. Based on the nature and structure of *tahrîr* registers, the methodological problems and confusions are much more felt in the demographic aspect of *tahrîr* studies. For this reason, one can deduce that a very good balance is the essential point, and these question marks about the source and its character must be born in mind together with the other methodological patterns.

## 1.2 The *DefTERS* of Paşa Sancağı Sol-Kol region

There are a number of *tahrîr* registers of the Paşa sancağı Sol-Kol region as both *mufassal* and *icmal*. It is important to mention the names and specifications of the *mufassal* ones in terms of stressing the reason of my using the *tahrîr* register numbered 167 for the region. The ones I mention below are the ones which include more than one *kazâ* of the Sol-Kol region<sup>24</sup>.

---

<sup>22</sup> Halil İncalcık, “Giriş” *438 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri (937/1530)*. Ankara, 1993, p. 1.

<sup>23</sup> Fatma Acun gives this account from İlber Ortaylı, “İncalcık’la Söyleşi”, *Tarih ve Toplum*, vol. 103. Acun. “Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji”, p. 331.

<sup>24</sup> *167 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili Defteri (937/1530) – I*, Başbakanlık Devlet Arşivleri Genel Müdürlüğü Osmanlı Arşivi Daire Başkanlığı, Ankara 2003. p. 9. All the details about the defters mentioned here are taken from the introduction of this publication which lists all the other tahrir registers of liva and kazas included in this defter.

BOA, TD 3: It is of the year 869 *hicri*. It has 490 pages and there are some missing pages. It includes the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Timurhisar, Nevrekop, Siroz, Zihne, and Drama<sup>25</sup>.

BOA, TD 7: It is of the year 883 *hicri*. It has 646 pages and there are some missing pages. It includes the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Yenice-i Karasu, Drama, Zihne, Siroz, Nevrekop, and Selanik.

BOA, TD 403 and 374: They are mentioned here together because the defter numbered 374 is apparently a part of the defter 403 as noted by the editors of BOA. The year of the *defters* is 936 *hicri*. They are 1219 pages together. Both have some missing pages. Also, the defter 403 is not bound in order. They include the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Drama, Zihne, ‘Avrat-hisarı, Nevrekop, Timur-hisarı, Siroz, Sidre-Kapsi. When compared, it can be easily said that these two *defters* are the *mufassals* of the *defter* numbered 167. Yet, what keeps us away from using them is the missing *kazâs*. Both of the *defters* have almost only half of the Sol-Kol *kazâs*. This fact could only reveal some of the general pattern in the region. So, the specifications of these two *defters* prevent us from making use of them and from widening the scope of this research.

BOA, TD 424: It is of the year 936 *hicri*. It has 948 pages and there are some missing pages in the end. It includes the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Yenice-i Vardar, Kara-ferye, Serfiçe, Kestorya, and Bihlişte.

---

<sup>25</sup> The data taken from BOA. TD. 3 and BOA. TD. 7 within this study are taken from Evgeni Radashev, *The Pomaks*, Isis, Sofia, 2005.

BOA, TD 433: It is of the year 936 *hicri*. It has 1061 pages without any missing pages. It includes the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Görice, Bihlişte, Kestorya, Serfiçe, Kara-ferye, and Yenice-i Vardar.

BOA, TD 986: It is undated. It has 298 pages and there are some missing pages in the beginning. It includes the following Sol-Kol *kazâs*: Kara-ferye, Serfiçe, and Aştin.

### **1.3 The *Defter* used in this study: 167 numaralı Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili**

The study in this work is mainly based on the *167 numaralı Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili*. The reason of choosing this defter is its covering the whole region of Sol-Kol of Paşa Sancağı. Since it includes all the *kazâs* of the region, it enables us to give a general picture of the region in terms of *Yörük* settlements and military and non-military economic activities within the region.

*167 numaralı Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili* is one of the *muhasebe defters* which are summaries of *tahrîr defters* of the region it covers. The style of compilation of these *defters* is peculiar to them<sup>26</sup>. The general sums of all the *kazâs* are given in the very beginning of the register. This fact enables us to see the situation in these regions broadly. Even though these *muhasebe defters* are similar to *icmals*, they

---

<sup>26</sup> Halil İncalcık, “Giriş”, *438 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri*, p. 5. In the introduction of this publication, İncalcık gives detailed information about the general characteristics of *muhasebe defters*.

are different from *sancak icmalls*. They contain the data which is extracted from *mufassals*. It means that they are summaries in terms of composition<sup>27</sup>. They are written for the purpose of seeing the balance between income and outcome. In other words, they are compiled for accountancy purposes. Actually, that is why they are called *muhasebe defters*. They are summaries of tax incomes. That is why names are omitted except eminent *hass* entries. Also, *vakfs* and *mülks* are written together with owners' names. The compilation of such wide-ranging *muhasebe defters* were given up later on. The compilation in 1530 seems to be the first and the last one<sup>28</sup>.

There are six volumes of this kind of *defters* in total. Namely, they are 438 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu* (published in two volumes by BOA), 166 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu*, 387 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Karaman ve Rum*, 998 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Diyarbakır*, 167 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili* (published in two volumes by BOA), 370 numaralı *Defter-i Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili*.

---

<sup>27</sup> Halil İnalçık, "Giriş", 438 numaralı *Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri*, p. 6.

<sup>28</sup> Halil İnalçık, "Giriş", 438 numaralı *Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri*, p. 6.

## CHAPTER TWO

### THE OTTOMAN CONQUESTS IN RUMELIA

#### 2.1 Early campaigns in Gallipoli and Thrace

The conquest of Gallipoli and Thrace region occupies an initial role in the expansion of the Ottoman state in the Balkans geographically. It is important to note that “Aydinođlu Umur Bey, who used to make sea expeditions from İzmir to Thrace with his fleet between 1329 and 1344, is the first great *gazi bey* preparing the Balkan conquests”<sup>29</sup>. The annexation of Karesi emirate around 1345 gave the Ottomans the region between the Gulf of Edremit and Kapıdađı. It meant the facing of the Ottoman lands with the Byzantine lands in Europe.<sup>30</sup> This annexation is crucial in the expansion of the Ottomans towards Thrace and Balkans in that it enabled the Ottomans to get in touch with the Thracian lands physically.<sup>31</sup>

---

<sup>29</sup> Halil İnalçık, *Ottoman Civilization*, Ankara, 2003, p. 62.

<sup>30</sup> Mehmet İnbasi, “Balkanlarda Osmanlı Hakimiyeti ve İskan Siyaseti” in *Osmanlı* vol.1, Ankara, 1999, p.155.

<sup>31</sup> Metin Kunt, *Türkiye Tarihi 2: Osmanlı Devleti 1300-1600*, İstanbul, 2002, p.41.

The alliance of the Ottomans with Cantacuzenus family became a determining factor in the expansion from then on.<sup>32</sup> It was since 1345 that the Ottomans were active in the region as an ally of Cantacuzenus.<sup>33</sup> The conflict between the families of Cantacuzenus and Palaiologos led to the first Ottoman presence on the European soil in 1352. John V Palaiologos was supported by Bulgarian and Serbian forces, while the Ottomans were in support of Matthew Cantacuzenus, the son of the Byzantine Emperor, in the clash near Adrianople. The Ottoman forces were under the command of Süleyman Paşa, and their number was at about ten thousand<sup>34</sup>. The result of the conflict between two Byzantine families was determined by the Ottomans and the Serbians. In the battle near Didymoteikhos towards the end of 1352, the Serbian forces together with the Byzantine were defeated heavily as a result of the advance of the Ottoman forces while the Bulgarians withdrew<sup>35</sup>. It meant saving Adrianople and Thrace from a Serbian invasion beside ending the struggle between two families<sup>36</sup>. It was the first self-contained success of the Ottomans in European lands.<sup>37</sup> Yet, the actual gain of the Ottomans in this struggle was the capture of the fortress of Tzympe. During the campaign against Serbians and Bulgarians on the side of Cantacuzenus in 1352, Süleyman Paşa took the fortress which was located on the eastern shore of Gallipoli.<sup>38</sup> He reinforced the stronghold, and “turned the fortress into a bridgehead” for future

---

<sup>32</sup> Feridun Emecen, “Osmanlı Devleti’nin Kuruluşundan Fetret Dönemine” in *Osmanlı* vol. 1, p.23. Halil İncalcık, “Rumeli” EI.

<sup>33</sup> M. İnbaşı, “Balkanlarda Osmanlı Hakimiyeti ve İskan Siyaseti”, p.155.

<sup>34</sup> Georg Ostrogorsky, *Bizans Devleti Tarihi*, trans. Fikret İşıltan, Ankara, 1981, p. 487. Ostrogorsky notes that Gregoras III gives the number of the Ottoman forces as twelve thousand in his chronicle.

<sup>35</sup> G. Ostrogorsky, *Bizans Devleti Tarihi*, p. 487.

<sup>36</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*, p. 66.

<sup>37</sup> F. Emecen, “Osmanlı Devleti’nin Kuruluşundan Fetret Dönemine”, p.23.

<sup>38</sup> Halil İncalcık, *The Ottoman Empire, Classical Age 1300-1600*, London, 1994, p. 9. What Halil İncalcık says is that Süleyman Paşa captured this fortress by force during the battle against Serbians (H. İncalcık, “Gelibolu” EI). It is also noted that Cantakouzenos demanded the fortress back (H. İncalcık, “Osmanlı Tarihine Toplu Bir Bakış” in *Osmanlılar* vol.1, p. 62).



conquests<sup>39</sup>. The capture of this fortress enabled the Ottomans to settle in the region<sup>40</sup>. Meanwhile, the conquest of Bolayır as a result of Süleyman Paşa's landing at Kozludere on the European coast took place<sup>41</sup>. It stressed the fact that the Ottomans were in the region for settlement. On 1-2 March of 1354, a strong earthquake hit Gallipoli and its surroundings. It caused a significant damage on the fortress of Gallipoli and the fortresses around it. The Ottoman forces made use of it, and occupied them<sup>42</sup>. Süleyman "...repaired the forts and garrisoned them with the troops from Anatolia, firmly establishing the Ottomans on European soil"<sup>43</sup>. Gallipoli, which would become the first centre of the Paşa Sancağı in Rumelia, was used as Süleyman Paşa's base for future military operations in Thrace<sup>44</sup>.

This fast Ottoman expansion in the European lands was stopped by a series of events in 1357. Some Byzantine pirates from Phocaea took Orhan's 12-year-old son Halil as prisoner. The kidnap of the young prince reversed the relationship between the Ottomans and the Byzantium. Orhan demanded John V Palaeologus's help, which resulted in an agreement signed between the two sides with the conditions that the Ottomans would leave attacking Byzantine territories, pay for the costs of the ships to be sent to save Halil, renounce all the debts of the Byzantium, and stop supporting Cantacuzenus dynasty. Death of Süleyman Paşa in 1357 by falling down from his horse was the other negative event for the Ottomans. In his place, Şehzade Murad was sent to the region together with his *lala* Şahin. Yet, the Ottomans were not active in the region

---

<sup>39</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*, p.62.

<sup>40</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*, p.62.

<sup>41</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*, p.62.

<sup>42</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*. p.62. F. Emecen, "Osmanlı Devleti'nin Kuruluşundan Fetret Dönemine" p.23; S. Shaw, *Osmanlı İmparatorluğu ve Modern Türkiye* p.38.

<sup>43</sup> H. İncalcık, *Classical Age*, p.9.

<sup>44</sup> H. İncalcık, "Gelibolu"

until Halil's save in September of 1359. These two years of inactivity was used for preparations of future conquests<sup>45</sup>.

## 2.2 The Conquest of Edirne (Adrianople), 1361

The year 1359 marks the beginning of the massive movement in Thrace which would result in the capture of Adrianople. İncalcık stresses that all the steps taken from 1359 to the spring of 1361 were for the purpose of detaching Adrianople from its neighborhood<sup>46</sup>. In accordance with this plan, the basic fortresses on the way of Constantinople and Adrianople were taken one by one. They were Bantoz, Çorlu, Misini, Lüle-Burgaz and Baba-Eski<sup>47</sup>. Keşan castle on the crossroad of southern Thrace on the way to Meriç (Maritzsa) River, and Dimetoka (Didymoteichon) castle which was one of the central points of Thrace were taken, too. So, Adrianople was detached from its surroundings<sup>48</sup>.

All the Ottoman Rumelia forces were gathered and directed towards Adrianople. Prince Murad set his headquarters in Baba-Eski, and sent the army forwards under the command of Lala Şahin. The two armies met in the valley of Sazlı-Dere, and the Byzantines were defeated. The *tekfur* drew back to the city of Adrianople, then fled

---

<sup>45</sup> H. İncalcık, *Ottoman Civilization*, pp.63-64.

<sup>46</sup> H. İncalcık, "Murad I" TDV. İslam Ansiklopedisi

<sup>47</sup> H. İncalcık, "Edirne'nin Fethi (1361)" in *Edirne: Edirne'nin 600. Fetih Yıldönümü Armağan Kitabı*, Ankara, 1993, p.146.

<sup>48</sup> H. İncalcık, "Murad I"

Enez through the Meriç River. In the 5<sup>th</sup> of May 1361<sup>49</sup>, the city surrendered, and Murad entered the city through the gate of Kum-Kalesi<sup>50</sup>.

The conquest of Adrianople enabled the Ottomans to move in the Balkans better. An organization in the continuation of the conquests was clearly in three directions. In the south, Evrenos Beg was in command and he began to some incursions on the bank of Meriç River in the Western Thrace after capturing the castle of İpsala (Kypsela) a year after the conquest of Edirne. On the left of the Meriç River, Hacı-İlbegi was commanding the *akıncıs*, while Murad and Lala Şahin were moving northwards in the direction of Eski-Zagra and Filibe in the up-valley of the Meriç River to secure Adrianople<sup>51</sup>.

### 2.3 The conquest of the region of *Via Egnatia*

Initially, Evrenos Beg together with Hacı-İlbegi led the movement in the Sol-Kol region. The first region captured was Gümülcine, which became the *Uc* centre for further conquests in this direction. In parallel with the geographical conditions of the Western Thrace, Evrenos Beg took the cities of Borı (Poros), İskeçe (Xanthi), and Kavala (Hristopolis) by means of the surrender (*amân*). Later on, he moved westwards to Avret-Hisarı (Maronia). After some resistance, this castle was surrendered, as well. Çandarlı Hayreddin Paşa, who was in the *Uc* centre of Gümülcine when he sent Evrenos

---

<sup>49</sup> See H. İnalçık, “Edirne’nin Fethi” for a detailed discussion about the date of the conquest of Edirne, and for a critical evaluation of the sources on this issue.

<sup>50</sup> H. İnalçık, “Murad I”

<sup>51</sup> H. İnalçık, “Murad I”

Beg for these conquests, sent someone called Kara-Balaban to Serez. The city could only be sieged, but not taken<sup>52</sup>. On the way to Serez, the castle of Sidre-Kapsi was captured<sup>53</sup>. Serez was surrendered in 1383, and it became the new *Uc* centre of Evrenos Beg.<sup>54</sup> Later on, Yenice-i Vardar was made the next *Uc* centre of Evrenos Beg<sup>55</sup>. Yenice-i Vardar was a newly established Muslim-Turkish town on the plains just after the capture of Serez<sup>56</sup>. Between the years 1383-1387, Selanik was under the siege of the Ottomans. During these years, many towns around Selanik were captured. It was in these years when Kavala was surrendered. Kesriye (Kastoria) was taken into the Ottoman control in 1385. In the next year, Çitroz which was a town on the shore was conquered<sup>57</sup>. Vodena (Edessa) and Kara-Ferye (Verrai) were the next two towns which were taken<sup>58</sup>. So, Thrace, Macedonia, and some parts of Thessaly were added to the Ottoman lands during the reign of Murad I.

The capture of Selanik (Thessaloniki) has a different story<sup>59</sup>. As stated above, the city was under siege between the years of 1383-1387. And the city was taken during the reign of Murad I in 1387. However, “this city, which was under the Ottoman suzerainty during the reign of Bayezid I, was given back to the Byzantine after the Battle of Ankara

---

<sup>52</sup> H. İncalcık, “Murad I”

<sup>53</sup> H. İncalcık, “Murad I”

<sup>54</sup> H. İncalcık, “Murad I”

<sup>55</sup> H. İncalcık, “Murad I”

<sup>56</sup> Michael Kiel, “Yenice Vardar (Vardar Yenicesi-Giannitsa); a forgotten Turkish cultural centre in Macedonia of the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> century” in *Studies on the Ottoman architecture of the Balkans*, Norfolk, 1990, p.303. Even though it is focused on the cultural structure of the town, the article gives some general information about the foundation of the town, its geographical position, and the socio-economic structure.

<sup>57</sup> Levent Kayapınar, “Yunanistan’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması (1361-1461)” in *Türkler* vol.?, p.190

<sup>58</sup> H. İncalcık, “Murad I”

<sup>59</sup> See A. E. Vakalopoulos, *A History of Thessaloniki*, Thessaloniki, 1963; M. T. Gökbilgin, “Selanik” in *TDV. İslam Ansiklopedisi*; A. J. H. Kramers, “Selanik” in *EI*, Brill. I have not seen the work of Vakalopoulos, yet I referred to it here by means of M. Delilbaşı’s note in her essay “Selanik ve Yanya’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması” in *Belleten* vol. 51, 1987.

by Süleyman Çelebi<sup>60</sup> in 1402. Also, Kelemerye, Halkidiki, and the shore region of the Bay of Selanik were left to the control of the Byzantine<sup>61</sup>. During the interregnum, Musa Çelebi put siege onto the city. Because of the continuous Ottoman raids and the famine, the situation of Selanik was getting worse<sup>62</sup>. The lack of help from the Byzantine led the despot to leave Selanik to the government of Venice under some conditions. Since Murad II assumed the city as inherited from his ancestors, he accepted the involvement of Venice in Selanik as an assault on his lands<sup>63</sup>. He began the siege of the city in 1423, and it lasted for seven years<sup>64</sup>. The decisive attack onto the city, which endured the siege for seven years for various reasons, began on the 26<sup>th</sup> of March in 1430<sup>65</sup>. On the fourth day of this attack, the Ottomans entered into the city<sup>66</sup>. So, after a siege of seven years, Selanik was taken into the Ottoman lands again.

---

<sup>60</sup> Melek Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması” in *Belleten* vol. 51, 1987. p.77.

<sup>61</sup> L. Kayapınar, “Yunanistan’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması (1361-1461)” in *Türkler* vol.? p.190.

<sup>62</sup> M. Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da ...”, p. 77.

<sup>63</sup> M. Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da ...”, p. 78.

<sup>64</sup> M. Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da ...”, p. 79.

<sup>65</sup> M. Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da ...”, p. 80.

<sup>66</sup> M. Delilbaşı, “Selanik ve Yanya’da ...”, p. 83.; H. İnalçık, *Ottoman Civilization*, p. 78.

## CHAPTER THREE

### THE GEOGRAPHIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE IN THE REGION

#### 3.1 The Geographical conditions in the region

*“What is to-day a fact of geography becomes tomorrow a factor of history. The two sciences cannot be held apart without doing violence to both, without dismembering what is natural, vital whole.”<sup>67</sup>*

The region of Sol-Kol includes Aegean coast of today's Greece, and the Rhodope mountains. The south slopes of Rhodopes are in Greece while northern parts are in Bulgaria today. In a very broad description, the region is characterized by a coastal line by the north of the Aegean Sea followed by a layer of plains and then a mountainous part as one moves northwards. The Aegean Sea is located between

---

<sup>67</sup> Ellen Churchill Semple, *Influences of Geographic Environment on the Basis of Ratzel's System of Antropo-Geography*, London-New York, 1911, pp. 10-11. This quotation is used by B. G. Spiridonakis in his *Essays on the Historical Geography of the Greek World in the Balkans during the Turkokratia*, Thessaloniki, Institute for Balkan Studies, 1977, p. 15 in reference to the geographer E. H. Semple in terms of stressing the connection between history and geography. I preferred using it here as it is since it clearly expresses the purpose of this subtitle of the chapter.

Anatolia and Greece as a part of the Mediterranean. The region covered is a considerable part of the ancient *Via Egnatia*. The *Via Egnatia* was a crucial strategic route during the Roman, Byzantine, and Ottoman times connecting Constantinople with the Adriatic Sea passing through Gümülcine, Drama, Serez, and Selanik. It is also important to note the fact that this region have been a part of the natural link between Europe and Africa by means of sea routes since antic times. The Ottomans followed the *Via Egnatia* as a route for conquests in parallel with their military traditions. Later on, this route remained as an administrative unit in Paşa Sancağı known as Sol-Kol.

Geographically, this region comprises the three Macedonian peripheries of today's Greece. They are West Macedonia, Central Macedonia, and East Macedonia and Thrace together with some parts of Rhodopes in today's Bulgaria. While the region is mountainous in general<sup>68</sup>, some rivers Haliakmon (Ince-Karasu), Vardar (Axios), Mesta (Mesta-Karasu), and Strymonas rivers lie across the region pouring into the Aegean Sea. "The Rhodope Mountains gradually fall toward the east into a series of uplands and hills, which are broken by the Maritsa River northwest of Edirne in Turkey...The central and southern part is drained by the Maritsa River. It is the most densely settled region of the country [today]"<sup>69</sup>. The coast line is a region of fertile plains. The altitude varies from sea level to approximately 2595 meters on the summit of Smolikas in the parts<sup>70</sup>.

For the climatic conditions, the Balkans have Continental climate in general with cold winters and hot and dry summers. "The interior of the [Balkan] peninsula has Continental climate; the Adriatic, Ionian, and the Aegean islands and the nearby coasts

---

<sup>68</sup> George W. Hoffman, *The Balkans in Transition*, New Jersey, 1983. p. 12. The author gives a very detailed account of the geographical structure of the whole Balkans in the first chapter of his work.

<sup>69</sup> George W. Hoffman, *The Balkans in Transition*, p. 14.

<sup>70</sup> George W. Hoffman, *The Balkans in Transition*, p. 19.

share the Mediterranean climate.”<sup>71</sup> All of the seasons are felt in a year. Yet, as one moves southwards, a transitional Mediterranean climate is felt with a smooth winter. By the effect of the Mediterranean, it is not that much cold although snow drops. “The whole interior of the [Balkan] peninsula ... is within the Continental climate zone.”<sup>72</sup> The effect of the Mediterranean makes the climate smoother. As one moves downwards to the sea, a typical Mediterranean climate is felt.

### **3.2 The types of living in the region**

In terms of settlement and demographic structure, the region of Sol-Kol has been an active region since antique times. There have been settlements since very early times even in the high altitudes. To be more precise, it is not only the plains which are used for settlement. The skirts of the Rhodopes constitutes another layer which includes a noteworthy settlement picture. From the Roman to the Ottoman times, there exists the highest city of the Balkans in the region. It is important in terms of revealing the settlement picture of the region. The *kazâ* of Nevrekop (Nicopolis-ad-Nestum) is located between the altitudes of 500-800 meters, and the city centre is approximately on the 500-550<sup>th</sup> meters. A question can be asked at this point: Why is it such a lively region? The favorable characteristics of the geography and climate of the region have significant role in it. That is why the Sol-Kol region with its parts of Aegean Sea coast, plains, and Rhodope mountain range has a dynamic feature in terms of demography since very early

---

<sup>71</sup> George W. Hoffman, *The Balkans in Transition*, p. 23.

<sup>72</sup> George W. Hoffman, *The Balkans in Transition*, p.24



times. The conditions are suitable for agricultural production and animal husbandry. This fact leads to an active settlement picture. It results in a network of village and city settlement which is both compact and stable for centuries. This is valid not only for the plain region but also for the mountainous parts on the Rhodopes. It is among the significant features of the region that there exist suitable conditions for both agriculture and animal husbandry. The fertile lands provide the farmers with a broad range of products, and the pastures covering a large section of the region creates a very suitable environment for animal husbandry. These two types of living can be found side by side<sup>73</sup>. In the prehistoric times, we can find the traces of the animal husbandry on the Rhodopes, and animal husbandry and agricultural production in the plains. For this reason, it can be said that these two types of living of the pre-industrial times - agricultural production and animal husbandry- coexist and shape up together in the Sol-Kol region.

In order to explain and shade some light on the issue of co-existence of agricultural production and animal husbandry, it is important to mention two different types of life in connection with animal husbandry. Braudel explains the issue by defining two different sets of life in the Mediterranean region; nomadism and transhumance. “Nomadism ... involves the whole community and moves it long distances: people, animals, and even dwellings.”<sup>74</sup> Yet, transhumance “is a vertical movement from the winter pastures of the plain to the summer pastures in the hills.”<sup>75</sup> Nomadism is an older form of life compared to transhumance. It is the earlier stage of

---

<sup>73</sup> Fernand Braudel, *The Mediterranean and the Mediterranean World in the Age of Philip II*, trans. Sian Reynolds, Great Britain, 1992, p. 55.

<sup>74</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 55.

<sup>75</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 55.

transhumance. It comes out as a result of nomadism's changing its nature in parallel with its connection with sedentary life<sup>76</sup>. It means that once nomadism comes into the territory of sedentary life, nomadic way of life begins to disappear in time. Very few groups of nomads remain as a result of this counter. In other words, the dominance of nomadism turns out to be a temporary one. Transhumance operates instead. Since pre-modern times, transhumance type of life exists in the Balkans as a part of the Mediterranean. It is a steady pastoral type of living between pasture-grounds in the mountains and winter quarters in the lower lands<sup>77</sup>. We can say that the type of living of some nomadic Turcoman groups adapted itself to the transhumance style in a short period of time. In this part of Europe, they become a part of the long-time process of evolution and change of the relationship between peasants as agents of agricultural production and shepherds as agents of animal husbandry.

For this process, the usage of the highlands of The Rhodopes of the Aegean as settlement can be observed as a good example. The archeological evidence shows that human beings settled in the region six million year ago. According to it, these people were dealing with both agriculture and animal husbandry. Antic *Traks* were breeding horse and sheep as husbandry<sup>78</sup>. This situation suggests that the second stage of nomadism must have come out as transhumance. As it is known, transhumance has two types. Shepherds with their flocks in the mountains would come down to the plains to pass the winter. Braudel calls it "inverse transhumance"<sup>79</sup>. They were also using the lowlands for marketing purposes. "This transhumance was a frantic rush down from the

---

<sup>76</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 56.

<sup>77</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 56.

<sup>78</sup> Evgeni Radushev, *The Pomaks*, Sofia, 2005. p. 51

<sup>79</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 54.

mountains in winter- cattle and men hurried to escape the cold of the mountains into lower ... like an invading army.”<sup>80</sup> We have another type of transhumance. It is “normal transhumance”<sup>81</sup>. According to this, shepherds were from the lowlands. They left the land in the summer to go to the mountains to live there with their flocks, since summer was unfavorable for livestock. Six million year ago, in the aforementioned region, inverse type of transhumance existed.

In the course of time in the region, a typical agricultural zone and a typical animal husbandry zone came out as animal husbandry in the mountains and agriculture in the plains. So, economic life is divided into two. This significant division occurred to avoid contradictions between these two groups. Accordingly, one can say that in the Middle Ages, transhumance type of living prevailed in the Balkans from the Danube River in the north down to the Aegean Sea coast in the south. The Rhodope region secured the excellent conditions for living and economic activities for the people together with their stocks. The Ottomans found an already established transhumance type of living. There was a developed agriculture in the plains, and a developed husbandry in the highlands. Codifications and regulations existed about the animal husbandry in the Balkan states of the Middle Ages. The Ottomans found such a situation and made use of it. In time of early settlements in the region, they preserved the existing laws and situation, and gave *tîmârs* to the local people and religious persons<sup>82</sup>. *Yörüks* who came together or after the Ottoman army had to adapt themselves to the situation in the region. According to the sources, during and after the first immense conquests in the Balkans, the *sultans* directed these nomadic and semi-nomadic groups of *yörüks* to the

---

<sup>80</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, pp. 54-55.

<sup>81</sup> F. Braudel, *The Mediterranean*, p. 54.

<sup>82</sup> H. İnalcık, “Ottoman Methods of Conquest” in *Studia Islamica* vol. 3, pp. 113-121.

regions which are most suitable for their type of living<sup>83</sup>. So, they were inhabited on the south and north skirts of the Rhodope Mountains in the upper Thrace, Gümülcine and Drama in the south up to Selanik around the Rhodopes. Yet, in a short period of time, these groups of people began to deal with some small-scale agricultural activities. These are registered in the Ottoman sources. According to M. Tayyip Gökbilgin, this kind of agricultural activities of these groups began on the eastern Rhodopes<sup>84</sup>. There existed some groups who were in both agricultural production and animal husbandry from Yanbolu (Yanbol) region to Dimetoka, Gümülcine, İpsala, Keşan, and Ferecik on the Aegean shore<sup>85</sup>. For example, according to the *tahrîr* of Ferecik, in the fifties of the 15<sup>th</sup> century, we find 17 *hânes* who have 2265 sheep. In the register, it is told that they live in Ferecik in winter, and the male members of these *hânes* move up to the Rhodopes in summer together with their flock while the families stay in Ferecik. It is important that they are registered since it means that they have a particular settlement<sup>86</sup>. The same process can be observed in Gümülcine, Drama, Serez, and Selanik regions<sup>87</sup>. *Yörüks'* engagement with agriculture together with animal husbandry is a common process. That is why *Yörük kanunnameleri* came out in Mehmet II's time. This process can be traced within the codifications. What do we find in these codifications?

1. *Yörüks* can move between their *kışlaks* and *yaylaks*, they are not to be prevented.
2. Their movements should not give any harm to the cultivators and their farms. If there would be any harm done, *yörüks* have to pay for it.

---

<sup>83</sup> H. İnalçık, "The Yörüks: Their Origins, Expansion, and Economic Role" in *The Middle East and The Balkans under the Ottoman Rule*, p. 98.

<sup>84</sup> M. Tayyip Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler, Tatarlar ve Evlad-ı Fatihan*, İstanbul, 1957.

<sup>85</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, pp. 21-29.

<sup>86</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 25.

<sup>87</sup> BOA, TD 7. Compare E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, pp. 52-54.

3. If a *Yörük* settles and begins farming in a *tîmâr* of a *sipahi*, he does not pay tax of *kışlak*.
4. During their movements from *kışlak* to *yaylak*, *yörüks* can camp in a place not more than three days. During their stay, they should not give any harm to the farms<sup>88</sup>.

What comes out from this text of codification is the fact that this is a victory of transhumance type of living since this type of living gets codified<sup>89</sup>. According to K. Jireček, such a socio- economic reality- namely, transhumance- existed for a long time before the coming of the Ottomans. The states which dominated the region regulated the relationship between sedentary farmers and the nomadic and semi-nomadic groups by means of laws<sup>90</sup>. Towards the eighties of the 15<sup>th</sup> century, this interaction in the socio-economic life in the Balkans evolved and advanced more during the Ottoman rule. It resulted in the fact that some Turcoman groups began to spend much more of their time for agriculture. That is why there is such a passage in Mehmet II's *kanunname*: "Eğer Yörük taifesinden bir kimse timardan yer zira'at itse ve bağı ve bağçası olsa sahib-i timara resm-i otlak vire ama resm-i kışlak virmeye."<sup>91</sup> To give '*resm-i otlak*' means that the flock stays in the *tîmâr*. This shows that *yörüks* get closer to sedentary life. *Bağ* is an activity which requires agricultural technology and experience. The mentioning of existence of some *yörüks* dealing with *bağ* and *bağça* is significant in terms of revealing at which point the *yörüks* were in agricultural activities. It is quite clear that agricultural production areas are given more importance.

---

<sup>88</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 33.

<sup>89</sup> E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p. 52

<sup>90</sup> For K. Jireček, see E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p. 52.

<sup>91</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 35.

In the mountains, *yörüks* were living in accordance with their own rules. The rules such as where to pass during migration in the Rhodopes region were decided together with the settled people of the region. It means that the mountainous region was not a secondary unit but a normal one in equality with the plains. This custom was traditional. The locals and new-comers- *yörüks*- decided on the routes and regions together in these mountainous regions. Traditional local laws were settled down there together with *yörüks*. In that region, animal husbandry is shaped by *yörük* traditions. That is why all the terminology about husbandry belongs to *yörüks*. Also, almost all the place names in the higher sector of the mountains where *yörüks* lived bear Turkish names<sup>92</sup>.

---

<sup>92</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, pp. 38-39. See the literature mentioned there. Gökbilgin provides us with the accounts of the travellers who witnessed the situation.

## CHAPTER FOUR

### THE DEMOGRAPHIC SITUATION IN THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY

#### 4.1 The Coming of the *Yörüks* to the Sol-Kol Region

The passage of the *yörüks* to Rumelia for the first time in the Ottoman history is accepted to be in the time of Bayezid I by some European historians<sup>93</sup>. The generally accepted idea among these historians is that these *yörüks* were sent to Filibe and Serez regions. They refer to a register in the time of Bayezid I as the first instance of *yörüks*' coming to the region. It is a record in the chronicle of Âşıkpaşazâde:

“Ânı beyân ider kim Şaruḥân ilinin göçer ḥalkı vardı. Ve ol iḳlimde tuz yasağı vardı. Ânlar ol yasağı ḳabûl itmezdi.

---

<sup>93</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli' de Yürükler*, p. 13. Gökbilgin gives a summary of the ideas suggested by Leunclavius, Wilhelmy, Jirecek, and Oberhummer about the first instances of *yörüks*' coming to Rumelia. He refers to the following works: Leunclavius, *Musulmanischer Turkischer Histori*, Frankfurt, 1595, p. 145. Wilhelmy, *Hochbulgarien*, 1935, p. 278. Jirecek, *Das Fürstentum Bulgarien*, Leibzig, 1891, p. 140. Herbert Oberhummer, *Die Turken und Osmanische Reich*, Leibzig, 1917, p. 14

Bayezid hana bildirdiler, oğlu Ertuğrula haber gönderdi. O göçer evleri evgâd? [u] zabt ile yarar kullarına ısmarlayasın 'Filibe' yöresine gönderesin. Ertuğrul daği âtâsımın sözünü kabul itdi, ol göçer evleri Filibe yöresine gönderdi.”<sup>94</sup>

However, the first explicit entry about the immigration of some Muslim groups to Rumelia is in the time of Orhan Gazi. In this register, Süleyman Paşa informs his father that there is a need for Muslim settlers in the newly conquered regions in Gallipoli. This register is also in the chronicle of Âşıkpaşazâde, and it is dated *hicri* 758:

“Atası Orhan gâziye haber gönderdi kim devletlü himmetiñle Rum-ili feth olunmağa sebep olundu. Kâfirler gâyet zebûndur imdi şöyle ma'lum ola kim bu taraftan feth olan hisarlara vilâyetlere ehl-i islamdan çok âdem gerekdir bu feth olan hisarlar için içine komağa ve hem yarar gaziler gönderek. Orhân gazi daği kabul itdi vilâyetine göçer kara 'arab evleri gelmişdi ânları sürdi Rum-iline göçirdi. Bir nice zaman Gelibolı nevâhisinde sakin oldılar”<sup>95</sup>

Even though the group which is sent to the region is defined as “göçer kara 'arab evleri”, this entry reveals the fact that the movement of the Turkish and Muslim groups into the newly conquered areas in Rumelia began in the very early years of the Ottoman conquests.

In 1385 (787 *hicri*), Âşıkpaşazâde records: “Ol gönderdiler kim 'Şaruñân ili'nde göçer-ili vardı ânları sürdi Siroz vilâyetine göçirdi.”<sup>96</sup> This record is another explicit record of the nomadic groups. And it suggests an intentional movement of these groups by the state for some purposes. Gökbilgin states that there were two purposes. Firstly, these groups formed a point of base among the foreign elements in the newly

<sup>94</sup> Âşıkpaşazâde, *Tevârih-i Âl-i Osman* (ed. Ma'arif-i Umumiye Nezareti), İstanbul, 1332 *hicri*, p. 74.

<sup>95</sup> Âşıkpaşazâde, *Tevârih-i Âl-i Osman*, pp. 49-50. See also M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 14.

<sup>96</sup> Âşıkpaşazâde, *Tevârih-i Âl-i Osman*, p. 61



conquered lands. Secondly, these groups meant a force to be relied upon for future conquests or for administrative and economic reasons<sup>97</sup>.

Because the first registers of *yörüks* are seen towards the end of the 14<sup>th</sup> century in the regions where there is an intensity of *yörüks* in the regions as Serez, Filibe and Üsküb (Skopje), it is possible that *yörüks* might have come to the other regions where there is a considerable amount of *yörüük* population at about the same period<sup>98</sup>. Among these Turkish groups who came to Rumelia in the 14<sup>th</sup> century, there were also *tatars*. They are mentioned together with *yörüks* in Âşıkpaşazâde's chronicle and in the oldest *tahrîr* registers of the region<sup>99</sup>. The existence of these records shows that they were a part of this movement towards Rumelia. Yet, it should be noted that *tatars* are not mentioned in the registers in the following period. This leads us to think that they are assumed to be among *yörüks* later on because of their type of living which was not much different. Gökbilgin questions the usage of *tatars* together with *yörüks*. The state was struggling for the presence and increase of Muslim population among the new *re'aya* of the state and for the settlement of these groups in the region. From various parts of Anatolia, groups of *yörüks* were brought for these purposes<sup>100</sup>. Yet, it was not enough. For this reason, the state brought some *tatars* from the regions from which it was easier to move the groups towards Rumelia such as Kırım (Crimea)<sup>101</sup>.

About the military organization of *yörüük* groups, Truhelka gives the information that the first mention of *yörüks* was about some general outlining frames within the regulations about two military organizations- *sipahi* and *acemi oğlanı*- which were

---

<sup>97</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 14.

<sup>98</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, pp. 15-16.

<sup>99</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 17.

<sup>100</sup> Halil İnalçık agrees upon this issue stressing the "disorderly" feature of these groups. H. İnalçık, *An Economic and Social of the Ottoman Empire, 1300-1914*, vol. 1, Cambridge, 1994, p. 35.

<sup>101</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 17.

established by the suggestion of Timurtaş Paşa as *beylerbeyi* of Rumelia in Murad I's time<sup>102</sup>. The idea of military organization of these groups is in parallel with the mentality which requires the usage of the demographic element of the state in maximum efficiency. Just like *re'aya* which was regulated by some fiscal and military duties, *yörüks* were put in some similar kind of order in parallel with their peculiarities<sup>103</sup>. About the organization of *yörüks*, Gökbilgin states that *yaya-müsellem* organization was started before the *yörük* organization. Even though we find the traces of this organization in an early *tahrîr* register of Gelibolu dated 1474 (879), *yörüks* as a military organization comes out in Mehmet II's *kanunnames* for the first time. Since *yaya-müsellem* organization is designed earlier, he speculates that it was an example for the establishment of *yörük* organization<sup>104</sup>.

#### 4.2 The Turkish groups settled in the Sol-Kol region

Traditionally, *yörüks* and *dervişs* are accepted to be the most important element of the Ottoman-Turkish settlement in the Balkans. Here, we can name two classical research works of T. Gökbilgin and Ö.L. Barkan<sup>105</sup>. However large were the *yörük* settlements, such a question comes to our minds: Should we consider *yörüks* and *dervişs* as the only components while researching for the question of the Ottoman-Turkish settlements in the region? If we answer this question positively, it would mean that we

---

<sup>102</sup> Truhelka, *Über die 'Balkan Yürükten'*, Belgrad, 1934-1935. For Truhelka, see M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 19.

<sup>103</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, p. 17.

<sup>104</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*, pp. 20-21.

<sup>105</sup> M. T. Gökbilgin, *Rumeli'de Yürükler*; Ö.L. Barkan, "Bir Kolonizasyon Metodu Olarak Vakıflar ve Temlikler" in *Vakıflar Dergisi*

will fall into the fallacy of accepting the claims of the nationalist-Marksist historiography in the Balkans. As it is known, they claim that the Turkish settlement in the region had a completely nomadic and barbaric nature<sup>106</sup>. For this reason, we will try to determine the settlement situation of some of the important centers of Sol-Kol *kazâs* and to see what kind of groups came from Anatolia. There is a *mufassal tahrîr* register from Mehmet II's time dated 1464-65 which helps us about this matter<sup>107</sup>. This *defter* covers the plains on the skirts of Rhodopes. We can find the *tahrîrs* of the regions of Timurhisar, Nevrekop, Serez, Zihna, Drama, Ostrovo, and Keşişlik. By means of this register, we will pass through the direction of these regions, and try to see the actual situation of them.

The *defter* starts with the town of Timurhisar and its region. According to a piece of *tahrîr* register of Timurhisar from 1444-45, there are 25 Muslim *hânes* in *nefs-i* Timurhisar. In the *tahrîr* of 1464-65, the number of these *hânes* is 79. In twenty years, there is a three times increase. Such an increase in only 20 years suggests that it was as a result of new Turkish settlements. There could be few conversion (*ihtidâ*) cases as well within this increase. Since the *defter* is *icmal*, it cannot be stated certainly. Yet, such a ration of increase in a short period of 20 years seems to be possible only through new settlements. According to the *tahrîr* of 1464-65, the situation in the rural region of Timurhisar is this: There are 88 *karyes*, 33 of which are mixed (Muslim and non-Muslim together)<sup>108</sup>. Since it is a *mufassal* register, we can observe some cases of *ihtidâ*. Nonetheless, the existence of many names like *Hıdır veled-i Göçeri* and *Musa Anadolu*

---

<sup>106</sup> For an obvious example of this kind of literature in Bulgaria, see Hristo Gandev, *The Bulgarian People during the 15<sup>th</sup> century*, Sofia, 1987. For Greece, see B. G. Spiridonakis, *Essays on the Historical Geography of the Greek World in the Balkans during the Turkokratia*, Thessaloniki, 1977.

<sup>107</sup> BOA, TD. 3.

<sup>108</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 1-118.

suggests that they were new settlers in large part<sup>109</sup>. Also, we find a newly founded *karye* settlers of which are completely Muslim. It is *karye-i Baraklu*<sup>110</sup>. It is interesting to find out that this *karye* is one hundred percent Muslim even in the register dated 1530<sup>111</sup>. It is also noted that the Muslims in the villages of Timurhisar is two times more than the ones in the town.

In the east of Timurhisar, there is Serez and its region. The number of Muslim *hânes* in the region is 493, of *gebran* is 494. Since it is a *mufassal* register, few instances of *ihtidâ* can be observed<sup>112</sup>. A small number of *ahriyan*<sup>113</sup> and *veled-i Abdullah* is registered. Yet, most of the Muslims are as a result of the settlement process. This is the case after the conquest of the city. After a century, Serez comes out as a strong Islamic center. At that time, it has a good infra-structure of a Muslim city<sup>114</sup>. In the *defter* of 1464-65, a remarkable situation about Serez appears. In Serez, a person from each of the half of the muslim-Turkish population – of 251 *hânes*- is registered as artisans. This fact is in contrast with the claim of the nationalist-Markist historiography of the Balkans that the origins of the artisans in the Ottoman cities in the Balkans are converted Christians<sup>115</sup>. Also, the registers of the names of the arts in the *defter* are muslim-Turkish names such as *demirci*, *debbağ*, *nalçeci*, *pabuçcu*. It shows that most of the new comers from Anatolia were active in economic life and occupied with production, and

---

<sup>109</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 15.

<sup>110</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 14.

<sup>111</sup> BOA, TD. 167

<sup>112</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 156-162.

<sup>113</sup> H. İnalçık informed me in an interview that the origin of the word *Ahriyan* is *Agareyan* in Greek. It means sons of Hacer. They are the Christians who converted to Islam so as not to pay *cizye* tax. Since they converted to Islam not to give *cizye*, they were included among the *cizye* payers by the Ottomans, and registered seperately under the name of *ahriyan*.

<sup>114</sup> See, E. Balta, *Les Vakıfs de Serres et de sa region*, Athens, 1995.

<sup>115</sup> Str. Dimitrov, "The Genesis of the Muslim town population in Bulgaria and in the Balkans.", in *II. International Congress of Bulgarian Studies*, vol. 7, Sofia, 1989, pp. 29-30.

they were sedentary. In the rural regions of Serez, there is almost no Turkish settlement. At this time, it seems that nearly all the Turkish- Muslims settled in the town. Since it is a region of *vakf* (Evrenos Bey, Çandarlı Halil, Turhan Bey, Bahaeddin Paşa etc. *vakfs*)<sup>116</sup>, we can speculate that *vakf* owners were not allowing *yörüks* to inhabit in these *vakf* villages. That might be why there are *gebrans* in most of the *karyes* of Serez region. However, as it is stated above, Âşıkpaşazâde reports that a group of *yörüks* were sent to this region. Then, where are they? Can we find their traces? The answer of this important question can be found in the first *yörüük tahrîrs*. The density of the *yörüks* is in the regions of Yenice-Karasu and Drama, which are next to Serez. So, they are spread around Serez all in all. Their inhabitation is in the south of Serez at the point where Mesta-Karasu River joins to Aegean Sea. In the *defter* of 1464-65, there are 21 mixed villages. In these villages, we can find some settled Turkish Muslims and some *nev-muslims*. 65 villages were completely Christian. The intense Turkish settlement in the Serez region was in the town of Serez.

In the east of Serez, there is Zihne and its region. Within the region, there are one town and 39 *karyes*. The town has 32 Muslim *hânes*. As in Serez, some instances of *ihtidâ* can be observed, yet, most of these Muslim *hânes* are Turkish Muslim settlers. The situation in the rural area of Zihne is very similar to that of Timurhisar. There are 64 Muslim *hânes* in its 39 *karyes*. Most of them are Turkish Muslims while we can notice some cases of *ihtidâ*.

To go on with Drama, the number of Muslim *hânes* in the town of Drama is 54. As in Serez, most of these Muslims are artisans coming from Anatolia. The names of the arts here are of Turkish- Muslim names. It means that these arts do not originate from

---

<sup>116</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 236-241.

the locality, but are the ones which came together with Turkish settlers. We notice few *ihtidâ* cases<sup>117</sup>. The number of Christians in Drama is higher: 154 *hânes*, 24 *mücerreds*, and 92 *bives*.

We move to the region of Nevrekop going through the Rhodopes. The town of Nevrekop is the highest town settlement in the Balkans. In 1464-65, there are 12 Muslim *hânes* in the town of Nevrekop. Some of these are Turkish Muslim settlers, some are *muhtedis*. Nevrekop is the *Pomak* region of the Rhodope Mountains. For various reasons, the cases of *ihtidâ* begin the earliest in this region. Therefore, we find much more *nev-muslims* here<sup>118</sup>. The Muslims in the rural area of Nevrekop exist only in 4 *karyes*, and most of them are *veled-i Abdullah*. We can say that the mountainous region of Nevrekop is not an attractive region for Turkish settlers since they are present in the regions which have better climate and land conditions. These are sedentary farmers and artisans. Beside them, *yörüks* come to the mountains in the region in summer. *Yörüks* represent Islam in the mountains, while farmers and artisans do it in the plains. According to the defter, we cannot see Muslims in the mountains. However, because of the transhumance type of living, this mountainous area turns into a region with Muslim *yörüks* in summer.

TD. 3 gives the situation in these regions. We can find the information about a larger area in Sol-Kol region by means of another *tahrîr* register of *Paşa sancağı* dated 1478<sup>119</sup>. Also, it enables us to make a comparison.

At this time, we will follow a route from the east to the west starting from the point where Mesta River joins with Aegean Sea. Yenice-i Karasu is located there. There

---

<sup>117</sup> BOA, TD. 3, fol. 484-485.

<sup>118</sup> E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, pp. 319-356.

<sup>119</sup> BOA, TD. 7.

is an intense Turkish-muslim settlement in this region, and the nature of it needs to be explained. Since the beginning of the *defter* is missing, the part which contains the data about the town of Yenice-i Karasu is absent. Still, it gives considerable information about the rural area.

The initial part gives the data about *tuzcu cema'ati* in Yenice-i Karasu. This *cema'at* consists of Turkish Muslims wholly. As it is known, salt production has great importance in the pre-modern period. It is used not only for daily needs but also for many traditional economic branches such as animal husbandry, leather sector, painting, smithery, soap-making, and pottery. It requires production places peculiar to salt production beside specific technology and practice. For this reason, *tuzcus* are placed in an organization<sup>120</sup>. This organization is in the name of *cema'at* in the Ottomans. It is a professional organization. Each *cema'at* has a *re'is*, and the profession is hereditary<sup>121</sup>. Since salt was a very precious product at that time and was bought by the state, the production of it was under the control of the state. *Tuzcu cema'ati* of Yenice-i Karasu consists of 57 Turkish *hânes*. They represent economic producers of the Anatolian Turkish settlers in the region since we know that they came to the region as *tuzcus* because of the hereditary nature of the work. They are labor force of an industrial production process. In other words, they are industrial workers of that age. This is a remarkable aspect of the Ottoman settlement. They are exempt from taxation because of the significance of their production. Because they have a different social group and place, they give a very different dimension to the settlement process beside the nomadic and military aspects. Probably, these *hânes* were already in salt production, and they

---

<sup>120</sup> See L. Güçer, "15-17. asırlarda Osmanlı İmparatorluğu'nda Tuz İnhisarı ve Tuzlaları İşletme Nizamları", in *İstanbul Üniversitesi İktisat Fakültesi Mecmuası*, vol. 23 (1962-1963).

<sup>121</sup> H. İnalcık, *An Economic and Social History of the Ottoman Empire 1300-1600*, pp. 60-64.

moved to the Balkans after the conquests to find suitable places to continue their production. In the *tahrîr*, we learn that the name of the *re'is* of this *cema'at* is Durali. In a close look, we see that there are many pure Turkish names such as Durmuş, Yahşi, Sungur, Köpek, Deniz, Bazarlu, Turgut etc. It seems that this group of Turkish Muslims came to the region of Sol-Kol from Anatolia. They founded a village, and it is called “Tuzcular”<sup>122</sup>. What needs to be paid attention is the fact that they are not different from *yörüks* ethnically, but they are different in terms of their places in the socio-economic life. They are workers of a specific production unit. It is not quite clear when they came to the region. Yet, it is possible that they might have come in parallel with the Ottoman conquests in the first half of the 15<sup>th</sup> century.

The districts of salt production – *memlehas*- lie along the Aegean Sea coast from Gümülcine to Selanik throughout Sol-Kol<sup>123</sup>. In this wide region, there are some large and small sized *tuzcu cema'ats*<sup>124</sup>. The salt production was important for the state, and the state was giving these districts of salt production as *mukata'a*. In the early period, there are both Turkish and Byzantine nobles as *mültezims*. Duka, Comnenos, and Paleologos families were among these<sup>125</sup>.

When we go on analyzing the *defter* of 1478, we notice another *cema'at*. This widespread group is *çeltükçüs*. What is the nature of *çeltük*- rice- production, and how did it come to the Balkans? Rice was unknown to the Balkans until the Ottomans' time

---

<sup>122</sup> BOA, TD. 7, fol. 10.

<sup>123</sup> M. Tayyip Gökbilgin, *15-16. Asırlarda Edirne ve Paşa Livası: Vakıflar, Mükler, Mukataalar*, İstanbul, 1952.

<sup>124</sup> H. İnalçık, *An Economic and Social History of the Ottoman Empire 1300-1600*.

<sup>125</sup> H. İnalçık, *An Economic and Social History of the Ottoman Empire 1300-1600*. See also, M. Tayyip Gökbilgin, *Edirne ve Paşa Livası*



as it was the case in Hungary<sup>126</sup>. As a grain, rice was spread throughout the Balkans fast after the Ottoman conquests.

Similar to salt production, rice cultivation was an important sector, controlled by the state, and given as *mukata'a*<sup>127</sup>. Halil İnalçık's essay on rice cultivation<sup>128</sup> gives a very broad and detailed picture of this significant economic activity.

“The organization of a rice production unit actually presented quite a complex system with some regional variations. The basic unit was always a group of rice growers organized around a leader, *re'is*, who was entrusted with the maintenance of an irrigation canal, *nehir* or *hark* (*ark*). The water canal was the central element in the organization. The water canal, the land irrigated and the farmers working on it made up the production unit which often led to the formation of separate settlements or villages.”<sup>129</sup>

The organization was based upon the concern that a “steady production” should be maintained by taking some measures about the properness of the irrigation canals and labor, which means that there was a minute inspection of the state<sup>130</sup>. “The main capital investments in rice growing; namely land, irrigation, and seed were owned and supplied, as a rule, by members of the ruling class.”<sup>131</sup> The *çeltükci-re'aya* was among the tax-exempted groups, that is *mu'af ve müselleme re'aya*.<sup>132</sup> “Çeltükci status was inherited from father to son. If a *çeltükci* died without a son, his brother was assigned to his place.

---

<sup>126</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation and the Çeltükci-Re'aya System in the Ottoman Empire” in *Turcica*, vol. 14, 1982, p. 113 See also, L. Fekete and G. Kaldy-Nagy, *Rechnungsbücher Türkischer Finanzstellen in Buda (Ofen), 1550-1580*, I. Budapest, 1962, p. 717.

<sup>127</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. See also, H. J. Kissling, “Von Balkanreich der Osmanen verschlaht auf amselfeld” (1389) in *Süddost Europa unter des Halbmond*, München, 1975.

<sup>128</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. Here, we will only try to touch upon some basic points of rice cultivation in the Ottoman state, and stress on the examples about situation in the Balkans as explicitly drawn in this detailed essay. For the other aspects of the rice cultivation and the details of the *Çeltükci-Re'aya System*, see the whole of the essay.

<sup>129</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. pp. 107-108.

<sup>130</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 106.

<sup>131</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 107.

<sup>132</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”, p. 103.

If he had no brother, the son or brothers of the other *çeltükci*s were chosen.”<sup>133</sup> Such a hereditary status was needed for the continuation of the population who were in rice production for “guaranteeing rice cultivation”.<sup>134</sup> *Yörüks* played a noteworthy role in rice cultivation. As for many other purposes like *tuzculuk*, *yagcılık*, and *akıncılık*, they were also employed as *çeltükci* by the state. “*Yörüks* were no strangers to rice growing, which required experience and a certain expertise. They frequented coastal plains in Anatolia and Rumili as the winter quarters of their herds, following the course of river valleys which were the lands best suited for rice cultivation.”<sup>135</sup> These *yörüks* who were registered as *çeltükci*s were organized as one *re’is* (supervisor), several *sakkkâs* (irrigation workers), and the *rençbers* (common workers) all of whom were among the tax (of ‘*avâriḍ* and *re’aya*)- exempted group.<sup>136</sup>

*Çeltükci*s were present in the region of Yenice-i Karasu, too. The *cema’at* which came to the region founded a village called *Çeltükci*. It consists of 29 *hânes* and 2 *mücerreds*. The *re’ises* of them were two brothers who are called Halil and İbrahim. They had a *berat* which enable them to cultivate rice.<sup>137</sup> The similarity with *tuzcus* clearly appears here. The two groups - *tuzcus* and *çeltükci*s- are economic immigrants who are completely sedentary. They have a specific economic culture. Their social characteristics are very different from nomads. They are active in different economic activities which are dissimilar to agriculture and husbandry. These people are specialized particular groups. The villages they founded were pure Turkish- Muslim

---

<sup>133</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 103. See also Barkan, *Kanunlar*, p. 54.

<sup>134</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 103.

<sup>135</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 104.

<sup>136</sup> H. İnalçık, “Rice Cultivation”. p. 105.

<sup>137</sup> BOA, TD. 7, fol. 12.

villages unlike the situation in Serez, Drama, and Zihne. The mixed villages were of the farmers. The new comers of *tuzcus* and *çeltükçis* had their own villages. In the *tahrîr*, we can find the region of Yenice-i Karasu with 3 Christian and 10 Muslim villages.<sup>138</sup> Here is an active colonization process in a small region because of the fact that there are suitable geographic and climatic conditions for the specific economic activities of these people. That is why they formed the majority of the population in the area. We mentioned that the very significant part of the Turkish colonization was *yörüks*. They were spread in the Balkans from the region of Filibe and Tatar-Pazarçık through Rhodopes to Selânik in the shape of a rainbow. The same thing can be said about the spread of the *çeltükçis* in the Balkans. It is noticed that *çeltükçis* were spread from Filibe (Meriç River), Eski-Zağra (Tunca River) to the south Gümülcine region following Aegean Sea coast to Ferecik, Drama, Serez, Karaverye, Menlik and Demirhisar.<sup>139</sup> This rainbow-shaped region along the skirts of Rhodopes had significant numbers of sedentary Turkish settlers who were the labor force of industrial production in the region.

The picture of Yenice-i Karasu gives the picture of the whole Sol-Kol region: There are three components of the Ottoman Turkish settlement in this region. The first one is *yörüks*, the Turcoman nomads. They were following the transhumance type of living adapting themselves to the geographical conditions of the region. Since they were no longer nomad completely, we can describe them as semi-sedentary. The second component was the people dealing with agriculture, and the ones who were active in some branches of the pre-modern economy. Namely, they were farmers, and the groups

---

<sup>138</sup> BOA, TD. 7, fol. 10-15.

<sup>139</sup> H. İnalçık, "Rice Cultivation", p. 139.

of *tuzcus* and *çeltükcis*. The third element was the town dwellers- not just military class and *'ulema*, but also traders, artisans, producers etc. All these were related to Ottoman city life following a town type of living, which clearly differed from the others'. The number of the cities throughout the Sol-Kol region was considerable.

We will continue with the *defters* of 1464-65 and 1478 to see what kind of differences can be observed from Yenice-i Karasu to Drama. According to the *defter* of 1478, we find the situation as follows: In the city of Drama, Muslim *hânes* increased from 54 to 69. Judging from the names of Muslims, we can say that Muslims in Drama increased by means of new settlements, not as a result of *ihtidâs*.<sup>140</sup> In this *defter*, people are registered together with their arts they practiced. In the list of the register, one can find a number of Turks who were practicing as *pabuçcus*, *hıyâts*, *debbâğs*, *bakkâls*, *bozacıs*, *saraçs*, *boyacıs*, even as *eskicis*. Also, there are 5 Christian *mahalles*, and one priest in each of them. That is the situation for the city of Drama. In the rural region of Drama, there are 20 Christian, 3 Muslim, and 30 mixed villages.<sup>141</sup> In 26 mixed villages, the Christians are the majority. There, the rate of the Muslims is 40 percent at most. The Muslims are the majority in 4 villages where the numbers of the Christians are as low as 1 or 3 *hânes*.

During the thirteen years between these two *tahrîrs*, the situation in Zihne remains almost the same. The Muslim *hânes* are still 32 while the Christian *hânes* decreases 5 *hânes*, and becomes 390. In the rural area, there are 35 villages, 18 of which are Christian while the rest is mixed.

---

<sup>140</sup> BOA, TD. 7, fol. 24-25.

<sup>141</sup> BOA, TD. 7, fol. 24-81.

As for Serez, some remarkable changes occur in these thirteen years. In the city, there is an increase of Muslim *hânes* from 493 to 535. In the same period, the Christian *hânes* decreases from 494 to 282. Such an increase in the Muslim *hânes* cannot be explained only by *ihtidâ*. That is because there are only 26 *nev*-Muslims in 1478. Together with *ihtidâ*, natural increase and new settlement should be effective in this situation. There are 76 villages in the rural area. 26 of them are mixed, and the others are all Christian. According to some calculations, the rate of the population increase in the neighboring Nevrekop in the same period of time is 93%<sup>142</sup>. Probably, because of the increase of tax-burden in Serez region as a result of Mehmet II.'s intense conquest policy<sup>143</sup>, the population group which causes to the decrease in Serez might have gone to the mountainous Nevrekop region. The dramatic decrease and increase in these two regions lead us to such an idea.<sup>144</sup>

To come to the situation in Nevrekop region, there are 12 Muslim *hânes* in 1464 in the city of Nevrekop. And this number increases to 39 after 13 years. The number of the increase in the rural area for the Muslim *hânes* is 96. In the whole of the region the Muslim *hânes* increases from 36 to 135, which is clearly significant.<sup>145</sup> Since such an increase needs an explanation, we can speculate that from the plains of Serez not only Christians but also Muslims came to Nevrekop. Besides, natural increase, *ihtidâ*, and coming of new settlers must have shaped this situation.

During the period when the administrative structure of the Sol-Kol was formed and developed, some economic features of the region are revealed. The region is

---

<sup>142</sup> E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p. 93.

<sup>143</sup> H. W. Lowry, "Changes in the Fifteenth-century Ottoman Peasant Taxation: The Case Study of Radilofo" in *Continuity and Change in Late Byzantine and Early Ottoman Society*, Birmingham, 1986, p. 36.

<sup>144</sup> E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p. 93.

<sup>145</sup> E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p. 356.

mountainous in general, yet it has considerable plains. As we stated in the geography of the region, the conditions are suitable for transhumance type of living. However, such a geographical structure of the region causes to a noticeable difference in the incomes of the sedentary people. Without having a look at the sources, we can suppose that the taxes which the plain settlers will pay should be higher since their income should be high in connection with abundant plains. In parallel with this situation, the incomes of the dwellers in the highlands should be less because of the geographical conditions. What is the difference between the standards of living of these two regions? Is this difference between geographical and climatic difference observed in the taxation situation in *defters*? Were the Ottomans aware of such a difference? By using the Ottoman sources, can we find out the standard of living in these two different regions? The method we will use to see the answers of these questions will be to take a group of villages in the same number with approximate *hânes*. And we will see the taxation situation of these two different regions according to the *tahrîr* of 1464-65.

TABLE 1<sup>146</sup> The economic difference between the mountainous and plain regions:

The mountainous region of Nevrekop		The plain region of Serez and Zihne	
Village	Total tax income	Village	Total tax income
Brezniçe 78 hn. 8 mcr.	4843 akçe	Doksonbos 81 hn. 9 mcr.	13392 akçe
Dibniçe 33 hn. 6 mcr.	2731 akçe	Grizova 30 hn. 4 mcr.	4185 akçe
Satovça 42 hn. 8 mcr.	2941 akçe	Homondos 42 hn. 10 mcr.	6548 akçe
Petrelük 22 hn. 4 mcr.	2240 akçe	Çernoglav 22 hn. 4 mcr.	4585 akçe
Pletena 12 hn. 2 mcr.	953 akçe	Verjani 10 hn. 3 mcr.	2795 akçe
Ablaniçe 50 hn. 12 mcr.	4450 akçe	Apodiya 52 hn. 8 mcr.	7783 akçe

<sup>146</sup> See BOA, TD. 3, fol. 76-363. Compare E. Radushev, *The Pomaks*, p.76.

As seen in the table, the tax incomes and standard of living rationally is lower, which means that the Ottomans are aware of the different situation in two different regions. From the approximately same number of *re'aya*, less tax is taken in the region with less production. Since the production in the plains is more, the income of the state and *sipahi* is much more in these villages. This situation comes out as one of the most important economic features of the Sol-Kol region.

## CHAPTER FIVE

### THE SOL-KOL REGION IN 1530

#### 5.1 The Administrative Structure

The *tahrîr* of 1530 is the first defter which covers the whole region of Sol-Kol. Up to now, we have seen the situation of the region between Gümülcine and Selanik which is the main part of the Sol-Kol region. Now, by means of this defter, we will try to unveil the demographic and social circumstances in the classical age within the whole region of Sol-Kol *kazâs*.

To mention the administrative division of the region, the Sol-Kol is a part of Paşa Sancağı at this time. This region is stated as “cânib-i yesâr” in our *defter*, and it is described in this way: “El mecmû’ *każâ-yı* Gümülcine ve Yeñice-i Karaşu ve Drama ve Zihne ve Siroz ve Nevreķop ve Timur-ħışarı ve Selânik ve Sidre-ķapsi ve ‘Avret- ħışarı



ki on azılık yerdir.”<sup>147</sup> Beside these ten *kazâs*, we need to add seven *kazâs* more. That is because of the fact that it is stated that there are seven more *kazâs* in the *defter*: “Cem’an azâ-yı Yenice-i Vardar ve ara-Ferye ve Serfie ve Hurpite ve Kestorya ve Bihlite ve Grice ki yedi azılıdır.”<sup>148</sup> However, we need to mention that in the *fihrist* of the *defter*, it is stated that the *kazâs* of *Paa sancaı* covered by this *defter* is sixteen<sup>149</sup>. The situation leads us to assume that it is an instance of miscalculation. Also, Florina, which was a separate *livâ* beforehand, is noted to be added within *Paa sancaı*<sup>150</sup>. Together with these, the administrative division of the Sol-Kol comes out as eighteen *kazâs*.

Administratively, the Sol-Kol region begins with the *kazâ* of Gmlcine, and continues until Kestorya and Atin *kazâs* in the west following the Aegean Sea coast. Atin is a geographical region between the north of today’s Greece and the south of Albania. In our *defter*, the centre of this *kazâ* is shown as *nefs-i Hurpite*. Kestorya is the town of Kastoria in Greece, now. The Ottoman towns mentioned in our *defter* are as follows: Gmlcine, İnoz, Yenice-i Karasu, Drama, Kavala, Zihne, Nevrekop, Timurhisarı, Siroz, Selânik, Sidre-kapsi, ‘Avret- hisarı, Yenice-i Vardar, Vodene, Kara-Ferye, itroz, Serfie, Hurpite, Kestorya, Bihlite, Grice, and Florina<sup>151</sup>. Three of these towns are noted to be *kasaba*. These three small towns are Vodene, Serfie, and

---

<sup>147</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 124. Compare M. T. Gkbilgin, *Edirne ve Paa Livası*, p. 11.

<sup>148</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 179.

<sup>149</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 1.

<sup>150</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 1. “Sancaklıdan ref’ olunub Paa sancaına mlhâ olunmudur.”

<sup>151</sup> BOA, TD. 167.

Hurpişte. Among these small towns, Serfiçe and Hurpişte are *kazâ* centers at the same time.

## 5.2 The Demographic Situation in 1530

### 5.2.1 The Towns

To start with the general picture given by the *defter*, we need to mention the demographic situation in these towns, first of all. The towns have a significant number of settlers. The total number of Muslim *hânes* in towns is 4211, and of Muslim *mücerreds* is 880. As for the non-muslims, there are 8988 *hânes*, 1115 *mücerreds*, and 868 *bives*. Out of the non-muslim population, 2582 is the *hâne* number, and 14 is the *mücerred* number of the Jewishes<sup>152</sup>.

Having given the total number of the town dwellers, it would be beneficial to have a closer look at these numbers. For the Muslim population, 3481 *hânes* out of 4211 is the group who is registered without any qualifications<sup>153</sup>. In other words, they do not have any military or non-military duty and they are registered within *hâne* numbers in the towns. When we consider the number of Muslim *mücerreds* registered in the same category, they constitute a significant proportion of the whole population. That is because there are only 11 entries of Muslim *mücerreds* with some specific qualifications out of 880<sup>154</sup>. As for the non-Muslims, the number of the population registered with

---

<sup>152</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

<sup>153</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

<sup>154</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

some qualifications is not many. There are only 122 *hânes*, 163 *mücerreds*, and 10 *bives*<sup>155</sup>.

Out of the ones registered with some qualifications, the major group of people who occupy a significant place in the town centers are the ones with some kind of religious identity. Among these, we can name *imams*, *müezzins*, *hatibs*, *nayibs*, and *rahips*. They are 298 in total. *Rahips*, who reside in Selanik, are half of them. 138 *hânes* are occupied with economic agricultural activities such as *çeltükçis*, *tuzcus*, and *yağcıs*<sup>156</sup> both Muslim and non-Muslim. We also have *kiraciyan* who are 266 in total both Muslims and non-Muslims, and they are a part of the socio-economic life in the town centre. They reside in Siroz. There are 85 *hânes* who are a part of military structure in the towns.

Yenice-i Karasu is the only town which has Muslim settlers only<sup>157</sup>. We do not see any single non-Muslim resident in the register for this town. Gümülcine and Yenice-i Vardar are the towns in which the Muslim population is the majority. In Gümülcine, the Muslims constitute about 90 percent of the total population in the town centre. In Yenice-i Vardar, the number of the Muslims in ratio with of the non-Muslims is more apparent since there are only 24 *hânes* of non-Muslims while there are 450 Muslim *hânes* and 78 Muslim *mücerreds* in the town<sup>158</sup>. The ratio in these two towns becomes clearer when we add the *hânes* of the population who are registered with some specific qualification or duty. There are 91 more Muslim *hânes* of such kind in Gümülcine. This

---

<sup>155</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

<sup>156</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

<sup>157</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 20. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 69.

<sup>158</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 127. Compare APPENDIX D

number is about four times more than the number of non-Muslim *hânes* in the town. Similar is the case in Yenice-i Vardar. The *hânes* with specific qualifications are two times more than the total *hânes* of non-Muslims there.

Siroz is another town which draws our attention in terms of its demographic situation. To be able to explain the situation in this town, we need to give the total numbers of the demographic groups. Including the *hânes* and *mücerreds* of the ones with specific qualifications, the town has 648 Muslim *hânes*, 202 Muslim *mücerreds*, 391 Christian *hânes*, 38 Christian *mücerreds*, 72 Christian *bives*, 65 Jewish *hânes*, and 5 Jewish *mücerreds*<sup>159</sup>. An apparent majority of the Muslims can be noticed. To evaluate the numbers only for the *hâne* numbers, the difference between the Muslim and Christian *hânes* is 257. What makes the situation here peculiar is the fact that such a difference occurs by means of the huge number of the Muslim *hânes* with specific qualifications. In total, it is 261. Its significance in terms of demographic structure is underlined when it is compared with the Christian *hânes* with specific qualifications, which are 48. It should be noted that this number of Muslim *hânes* with specific qualifications is the highest one in the town centers of the whole Sol-Kol region. The *hânes* with specific qualifications turns the balance between the Muslim and Christian *hânes*, which would be evaluated as equal, into such a situation in which the Muslim *hânes* approaches to the double of the Christian *hânes*.

The most crowded town centre of the whole region is Selanik. It has 1237 Muslim, and 3353 non-Muslim *hânes*<sup>160</sup>. When we evaluate these numbers in terms of their place in the total number of *hânes*, the significance of them can clearly be seen.

---

<sup>159</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 64-65. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 84.

<sup>160</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 82-84. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 88.

1237 Muslim *hânes* of Selanik are a part of 4211 Muslim *hânes* in the whole Sol-Kol region. It means that it is more than one third. A similar situation is valid also for the non-Muslim *hânes*. The ratio of the non-Muslim *hânes* of Selanik to the total number of non-Muslims in the region is more than one third and less than a half. Ignoring the religious identity of these groups, the *hânes* of Selanik is roughly one third of the whole Sol-Kol region. It is a very huge number when we consider the fact that the other two thirds are of the remaining seventeen town centers. Another noteworthy detail about the demography of Selanik is the fact that the Jewish population constitute the majority in the town centre. They are 2509 *hânes*<sup>161</sup>. Even the total number of Muslim and Christian *hânes* is about 500 *hânes* less than this amount. What needs to be taken into consideration is that there are only 63 hanes and 14 mücerreds more of the Jewish in the rest of the Sol-Kol<sup>162</sup>.

Except two towns of Gümülcine and Yenice-i Vardar, as the total numbers of the Sol-Kol region demonstrate, it can be said that the non-Muslim population is the dominant component of the demographic situation in the Sol-Kol for the town centers. İnöz, Zihne, Sidre-kapsi, Vodena, Kara-Ferye, Serfiçe, Hurpişte, Kestorya, Bihlişte, and Görice<sup>163</sup> are the town centers in which this situation can be seen apparently. Among these, Sidre-kapsi, Kara-Ferye, Serfiçe, and Kestorya draws attention with Christian *hânes* more than 600. Çitroz is the only town center with no other town dwellers except Christians.

---

<sup>161</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 84. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 88.

<sup>162</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 65. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 84.

<sup>163</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol.16, 40, 108, 129, 135, 147, 160. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 68, 77, 95, 96, 102, 107, 109, 113, 115, 117.

### 5.2.2 The Countryside

So as to have a complete picture of the demographic situation in the Sol-Kol region, we need to consider the rural area as well. As it can be expected from the conditions of the 16<sup>th</sup> century when the agricultural production was some kind of backbone for the socio-economic life, the rural area in this region was much more crowded compared to the town centers. To give a clearer image, it is better to mention the total numbers of residents. Including all the *kazâs* of the Sol-Kol, we have 16429 Muslim *hânes*, 6241 Muslim *mücerreds*, 112317 non-Muslim *hânes*, 26379 non-Muslim *mücerreds*, and 7638 non-Muslim *bives*<sup>164</sup>. Bringing together these numbers with the numbers of the town centers would reveal the situation better:

TABLE 2. The total number of settlers in the Sol-Kol region.

	Muslim hane	Muslim mücerred	Non-Muslim hane	Non-Muslim mücerred	Non-Muslim bive
Urban Settlement	4211	880	8988	1115	868
Rural Settlement	16429	6241	112317	26379	7638

As it can be noticed, the huge difference is apparent. As it is stated above, under the conditions of an age when agriculture meant a lot in life, such a situation in which the rural population was barely much more than the urban population can be said to be inevitable.

<sup>164</sup> BOA, TD. 167. Compare APPENDIX D.

Leaving aside the difference between the urban and rural settlements, the demographic situation in the rural areas needs to be exposed with some remarkable points of it as it is done for the town centers above.

One of the initial details which draw our attention is the fact that the majority of the non-Muslim population over the Muslim population is valid for the rural area as it is in the urban settlements. Actually, the situation is more dramatic in this case of the countryside. That is because the Muslim *hânes* is almost one seventh of the non-Muslim *hânes* there. The *mücerreds* are about one fourth. When we take into consideration the fact that the non-Muslims have also *bive* population, the difference becomes sharper.

There are many variations between the *kazâs* of the Sol-Kol about the rate of the settlers registered with some qualifications to the settlers registered as *re'aya*. While they constitute a great number of the total rural settlers some *kazâs*, their number is too small to mention in some others. So as to exemplify this situation, we can name the *kazâs* of Gümülcine and 'Avret-hisarı. In Gümülcine, the Muslim *hânes* with qualifications are 1122 while the rest of the Muslim *hânes* are 1631<sup>165</sup>. They are so many for the Muslim *hânes* that their number gets -close the normal *re'aya*. However, the situation is reverse in 'Avret-hisarı<sup>166</sup>. There are only 35 Muslim *hânes* registered with some qualification. It is a small number when compared with 566, which is the number of settlers registered with no qualification. The same situation is observed for the non-Muslim *hânes* of the same *kazâs*. The ones registered with qualification are 38 *hânes*, while the ones registered as *re'aya* are 4537 *hânes*. These two *kazâs* are chosen to reveal the contradictory situation. We should state the fact that there are many *kazâs*

---

<sup>165</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 7-19. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 65-69.

<sup>166</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 115-122. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 96-97.

in which we see almost no entry of settlers with some qualification. Among these, Nevrekop has only 88 Muslim *hânes*<sup>167</sup>, and do not have any other kind of such settlers with specific qualifications. Aştin has 3 non-Muslim settlers with qualifications<sup>168</sup>. The most apparent of all of these is Bihlişte in which we cannot see any kind of such settlers<sup>169</sup>. Interestingly enough, we have some *kazâs* in which the settlers with qualifications are more than the normal *re'aya*. Sidre-kapsi is a very good example of this kind. In the *kazâ*, there are 60 Muslim *hânes* and 5 Muslim *mücerreds* who are registered with some qualification. As for the Muslim *re'aya* in the region, there are no entries except these. Also, the *kazâ* has 467 non-Muslim *hânes* and 1481 non-Muslim *mücerreds* with some qualification while it contains only *re'aya* of 238 non-Muslim *hânes* and 31 non-Muslim *mücerreds*<sup>170</sup>.

As for the *yörük* population in the Sol-Kol region, when we have a closer look at the entries with specific qualifications, we notice that *yörüks* have a significant place. There are 533 *yörük hânes* in Gümülcine where we have 1122 registrations with qualifications. It means that the demographic situation in this region is dominantly shaped by *yörük* settlements. When we consider the number of the *eşküncis* and *yamaks* who have the same ethnic origin with *yörüks*, their number within the region becomes more significant. Together with the *eşküncis* and *yamaks*, their number of *hânes* reaches to 764<sup>171</sup>. Yenice-i Karasu is another *kazâ* in which there is considerable number of *yörüks*. In the rural areas of both of these regions, we see a parallel with the urban

---

<sup>167</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 47-56. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 79-81.

<sup>168</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 152-158. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 109-112.

<sup>169</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 167-170. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 115-116.

<sup>170</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 108-114. Compare APPENDIX D, p. 95.

<sup>171</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 7-19. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 66-68.



demographic structure in terms of having a dominant Muslim population. Yenice-i Karasu has 660 *hânes* of *yörüks* including *eşküncis* and *yamaks*<sup>172</sup>. Serfiçe can be noticed as another *kazâ* in the villages of which *yörüks* have a considerable proportion among the entries with some qualifications. *Yörüks* in the rural of this region are 243 of 275 *hânes*. We can add Selanik region to these with many *yörüks*. Its rural area has 537 *hânes* 285 *mücerreds* of *yörüks*<sup>173</sup>. These numbers make more than ninety percent of the registeries with some qualifications in the rural of Selanik. Siroz with 55 *hânes* and 42 *mücerreds*<sup>174</sup>, ‘Avret- hisarı with 34 *hânes*<sup>175</sup>, and Drama with 66 *hânes*<sup>176</sup>, Timur-hisarı with 12 *hânes* and 18 *mücerreds*<sup>177</sup> are the other regions which have *yörüks* scattered around. Even though they do not have as much as the previously mentioned regions, it should be known that these regions, too, include some *yörüks*.

---

<sup>172</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 20-29. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 69-72.

<sup>173</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 82-107. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 88-94.

<sup>174</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 64-81. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 84-87.

<sup>175</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 115-122. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 96-97.

<sup>176</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 30-39. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 73-76.

<sup>177</sup> BOA, TD. 167, fol. 57-63. Compare APPENDIX D, pp. 82-83.

## CHAPTER VI

### CONCLUSION

The Ottoman expansion in the Balkans started in the very early times of the Ottoman state. The conquests, which were shaped in accordance with the relationship with the Byzantine dynasty at the beginning in Gallipoli region, advanced in a short period of time in the other parts of Thrace, and in the Balkans. In the Ottoman lands in the Balkans, the Sol-Kol region, the main part of which was an active route since the Roman times in the name of *Via Egnatia*, constitutes a significant place in terms of its route and for including some very old city centers such as Selanik and Nevrekop. Of course, the Ottoman expansion in the region was not limited to a military nature. There occurred a continuous process of settlement since the very early conquests in the region. That is why some new city centers came out along with the already existing cities such as Yenice-i Vardar. The settlement process also meant the revival of some city centers; Serez was a good example of this situation.

The settlement of the Ottomans in the region took place in various dimensions. *Yörüks* were the initial component of the settlement. Either by force or volunteered, large numbers of them moved into the Sol-Kol region. Of course, the geographical and climatic conditions of the region played a noteworthy role in the directions they followed. The availability of high pastures and lowlands on the seacoasts provided them with the proper space, and they could easily continue the transhumance type of living they were following beforehand. *Yörüks* played a significant role in the socio-economic life of the region leaving aside the animal husbandry with which they were mainly occupied. *Çeltük* and *tuz* activities were two basic economic contributions of them. Since these two pre-industrial economic activities required specialization and some kind of production technology, we can easily assume that the members of these groups came from Anatolia initially considering the fact that rice was unknown to the people of the Balkans before the Ottoman settlement. There were also Turkish artisans in the city centers, and they were a part of the process of settlement. Since the names of these arts are registered with their Turkish names, we can say that there were artisans among the groups who came from the other parts of the Ottoman state mainly from Anatolia. Of course, we should not ignore the settled farmers since they, too, were a part of this settlement process.

Naturally, the coming of the Ottomans into the region changed the socio-economic picture of the Balkans. Since the area covered in this study is the Sol-Kol region, it would be beneficial to draw a general outline of it so as to reveal the situation during the Ottoman presence. The demographic situation should be the basic title to be focused on. That is because the new comers and old settlers were the members of two different religions. Within this sphere, what we notice is the fact that the non-Muslim

population is barely the dominant group when we take the whole region into consideration. This is valid both for the towns and the countryside. Yet, when we evaluate the *kazâs* of the region one by one, some *kazâs* give us a different demographic structure. Gümülcine and Yenice-i Karasu are the *kazâs* which have huge number of Muslim settlers. It should be noted that the town center of Yenice-i Karasu is completely Muslim. As another noteworthy situation, the small town of Çitroz in the *kazâ* of Kara-Verde is the only town with non-Muslim population only. Selanik should be mentioned as a very significant center. Demographically, it has a peculiar picture. It is the largest *kaza* in the Sol-Kol region. Most of the population is non-Muslim, and the Jewish population constitutes a significant place among the non-Muslims.

What should be said about the demographic and settlement structure in the Sol-Kol region in general is that the region attracted many Turkish settlers since the conquests in that area. The Turkish elements whose coming to the region was initiated mainly by the nomadic groups, namely *Yörüks*, became not only a part of the socio-economic life in the region but also enriched it. Inevitably, the demographic situation was shaped in accordance with this state of affairs constructing a structure which was peculiar to itself.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

### Primary Sources:

Başbakanlık Osmanlı Arşivi, İstanbul, TD. 3.

Başbakanlık Osmanlı Arşivi, İstanbul, TD. 7.

*167 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili Defteri (937/1530)*, T.C. Başbakanlık Devlet Arşivleri Müdürlüğü Osmanlı Arşivi Daire Başkanlığı, Vol.1, Ankara, 2001.

Âşikpaşazâde, *Tevârih-i Âl-i Osman* (ed. Ma'arif-i Umumiye Nezareti), İstanbul, 1332 hicri.

### Secondary Sources:

Acun, Fatma. "Osmanlı Tarihi Araştırmalarının Genişleyen Sınırları: Defteroloji" *Türk Kültürü İncelemeleri Dergisi*, vol. 1, 2000.

Afyoncu, Erhan. "Türkiye'de Tahrir Defterlerine Dayalı Olarak Hazırlanmış Çalışmalar Hakkında Bazı Görüşler", *TALID* 1, 2003.

Balta, E., *Les Vakıfs de Serres et de sa region*, Centre de Recherches, Athens, 1995.

Barkan, Ömer Lütfi, "Bir Kolonizasyon Metodu Olarak Vakıflar ve Temlikler" in *Vakıflar Dergisi*, vol. 2, Ankara, 1942.

Barkan, Ömer Lütfi. "Research on the Ottoman Fiscal Surveys", *Studies in the Economic History of the Middle East*. ed. M.A.Cook. Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford, 1970.

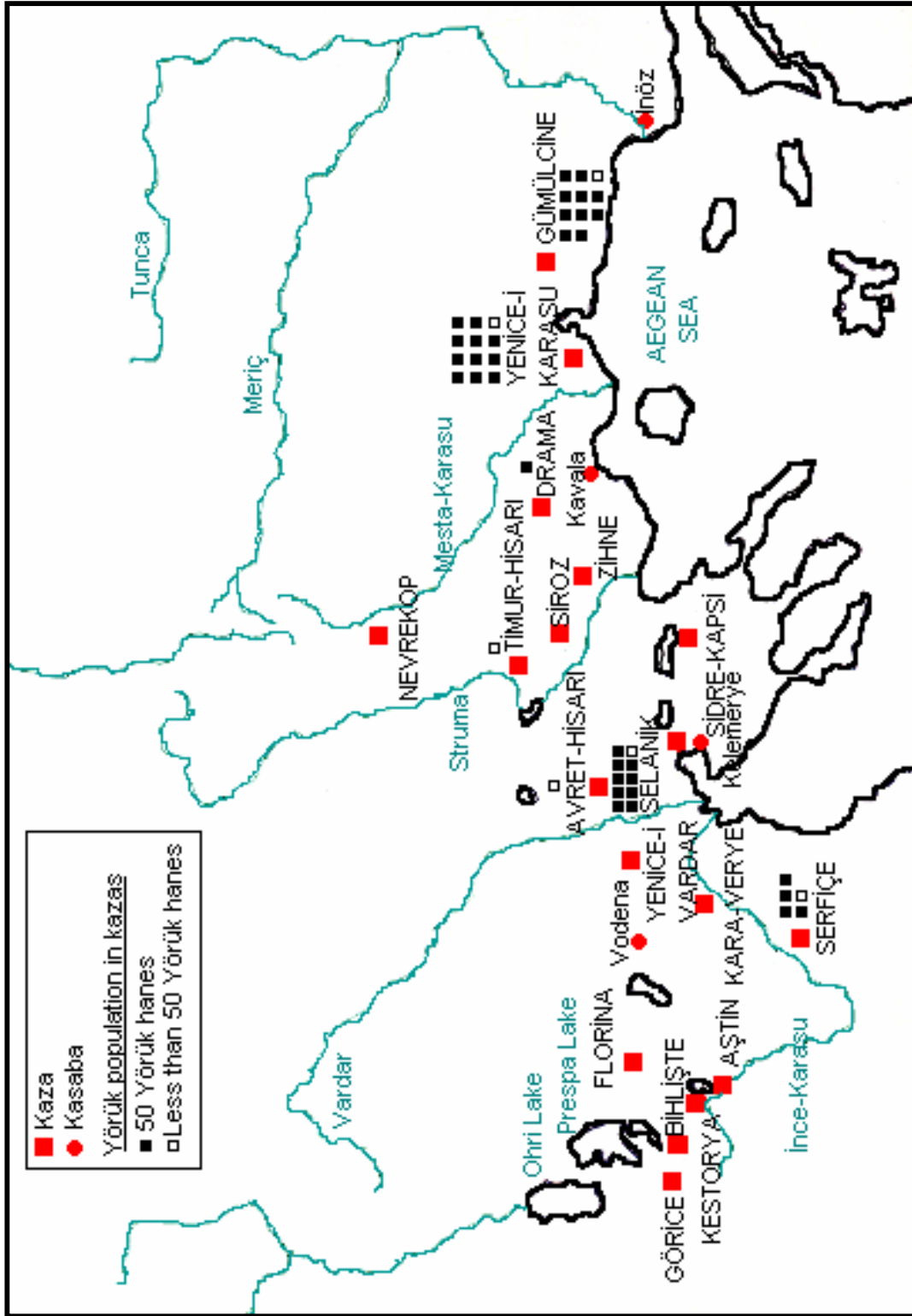
- Braudel, Fernand, *The Mediterranean and the Mediterranean World in the Age of Philip II*, trans. Sian Reynolds, Harper Collins Publishers, Great Britain, 1992.
- Çiçek, Kemal. “Osmanlı Tahrir Defterlerinin Kullanımında Görülen Bazı Problemler ve Metod Arayışları”, *Türk Dünyası Araştırmaları* vol. 97, 1995.
- Cook, M. A. *Population Pressure in Rural Anatolia 1450-1600*, Oxford University Press, London, 1972.
- Delilbaşı, Melek, “Selanik ve Yanya’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması” in *Belleten* vol. 51, 1987.
- Dimitrov, Str., “The Genesis of the Muslim town population in Bulgaria and in the Balkans.”, in *II. International Congress of Bulgarian Studies*, vol. 7, Sofia, 1989.
- Emecen, Feridun M. “Sosyal Tarih Kaynağı Olarak Osmanlı Tahrir Defterleri” *Tarih ve Sosyoloji Semîneri 28-29 Mayıs 1990, Bildiriler*, İstanbul, 1990.
- Emecen, Feridun, “Osmanlı Devleti’nin Kuruluşundan Fetret Dönemine” in *Osmanlı* vol. 1, Ankara, 1999.
- Fekete, L. and Kaldy-Nagy, G., *Rechnunsbücher Turkischer Finanzstellen in Buda (Ofen), 1550-1580*, I. Budapest, 1962.
- Fekete, L. “Türk Vergi Tahrirleri” Trans. Sadrettin Karatay. *Belleten* Vol. 11, 1947.
- Gandev, Hristo, *The Bulgarian People during the 15<sup>th</sup> century*, Sofia Press, Sofia, 1987.
- Gökbilgin, M. Tayyip, “Selanik”, *TDV. İslam Ansiklopedisi*
- Gökbilgin, M. Tayyip, *15-16. Asırlarda Edirne ve Paşa Livası: Vakıflar, Mükler, Mukataalar*, Uçler Basımevi, İstanbul, 1952.
- Gökbilgin, M. Tayyip, *Rumeli’de Yürükler, Tatarlar ve Evlad-ı Fatihan*, Osman Yalçın Matbaası, İstanbul, 1957.
- Güçer, L., “15-17. asırlarda Osmanlı İmparatorluğu’nda Tuz İnhisarı ve Tuzlaları İşletme Nizamları”, in *İstanbul Üniversitesi İktisat Fakültesi Mecmuası*, vol. 23, 1963.
- Hoffman, George W., *The Balkans in Transition*, Greenwood Press, New Jersey, 1983.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Edirne’nin Fethi (1361)” in *Edirne: Edirne’nin 600. Fetih Yıldönümü Armağan Kitabı*, Ankara, 1993.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Gelibolu” *EI*, Brill.

- İnalcık, Halil, “Murad I” *TDV. İslam Ansiklopedisi* .
- İnalcık, Halil, “Osmanlı Tarihine Toplu Bir Bakış” in *Osmanlı* vol.1, Ankara, 1999.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Ottoman Methods of Conquest”, *Studia Islamica*. Vol. II, 1954.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Rice Cultivation and the Çeltükci-Re’aya System in the Ottoman Empire” in *Turcica*, vol. 14, 1982.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Rumeli” *EI*, Brill.
- İnalcık, Halil, “The Yürüks: Their Origins, Expansion, and Economic Role” in *The Middle East and The Balkans under the Ottoman Rule*, Indiana University Turkish Studies, Bloomington, 1993.
- İnalcık, Halil, *An Economic and Social of the Ottoman Empire, 1300-1914*, vol. 1, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994.
- İnalcık, Halil, “Giriş” in *438 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Anadolu Defteri*, Başbakanlık Devlet Arşivleri Genel Müdürlüğü Osmanlı Arşivi Daire Başkanlığı, Ankara, 1993.
- İnalcık, Halil, *Ottoman Civilization*, Ministry of Culture, Ankara, 2003.
- İnalcık, Halil, *The Ottoman Empire, Classical Age 1300-1600*, Phoenix, London, 1994.
- İnbasi, Mehmet, “Balkanlarda Osmanlı Hakimiyeti ve İskan Siyaseti” in *Osmanlı* vol.1, Ankara, 1999
- Kaldy-Nagy, “The Administration of the Sanjaq Registration” in *Acta Orientalia*, vol. 21, 1968.
- Kayapınar, Levent, “Yunanistan’da Osmanlı Egemenliğinin Kurulması (1361-1461)” in *Türkler*, vol. 9, Ankara, 2002.
- Kiel, Michael, “Yenice Vardar (Vardar Yenicesi-Giannitsa): A forgotten Turkish cultural centre in Macedonia of the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> century” in *Studies on the Ottoman architecture of the Balkans*, Norfolk, 1990.
- Kissling, H. J., “Von Balkanreich der Osmanen verschlaht auf amselfeld (1389)” in *Suddost Europa unter des Halbmond*, München, 1975.
- Kramers, A. J. H., “Selanik” in *EI*, Brill.
- Kunt, Metin, *Türkiye Tarihi 2: Osmanlı Devleti 1300-1600*, Cem Yayınevi, İstanbul, 2002.

- Lowry, H. W., “Changes in the Fifteenth-century Ottoman Peasant Taxation: The Case Study of Radilofo” in *Continuity and Change in Late Byzantine and Early Ottoman Society*, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, 1986.
- Lowry, Heath. *Studies in Deftology: Ottoman Society in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Centuries*. The Isis Press, İstanbul, 1992.
- Ostrogorsky, Georg. *Bizans Devleti Tarihi*, trans. Fikret Işıltan, Türk Tarih Kurumu Basımevi, Ankara, 1981.
- Öz, Mehmet. “Tahrir Defterlerindeki Sayısal Veriler”, *Osmanlılarda Bilgi ve İstatistik*, ed. H. İnalçık, Ş. Pamuk, DİE Publication, Ankara, 2000.
- Özel, Oktay. “Population Changes in Ottoman Anatolia during the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> Centuries: The ‘Demographic Crisis’ Reconsidered” *IJMES* vol. 36, 2004.
- Radushev, Evgeni, *The Pomaks*, Sofia, 2005.
- Semple, Ellen Churchill, *Influences of Geographic Environment on the Basis of Ratzel’s System of Antropo-Geography*, London-New York, 1911.
- Shaw, Standford, *Osmanlı İmparatorluğu ve Modern Türkiye*, Eren Yayınları, İstanbul, 1982.
- Spiridonakis, B. G., *Essays on the Historical Geography of the Greek World in the Balkans during the Turkokratia*, Thessaloniki, 1977.
- Vakalopoulos, A. E., *A History of Thessaloniki*, Thessaloniki, 1963.

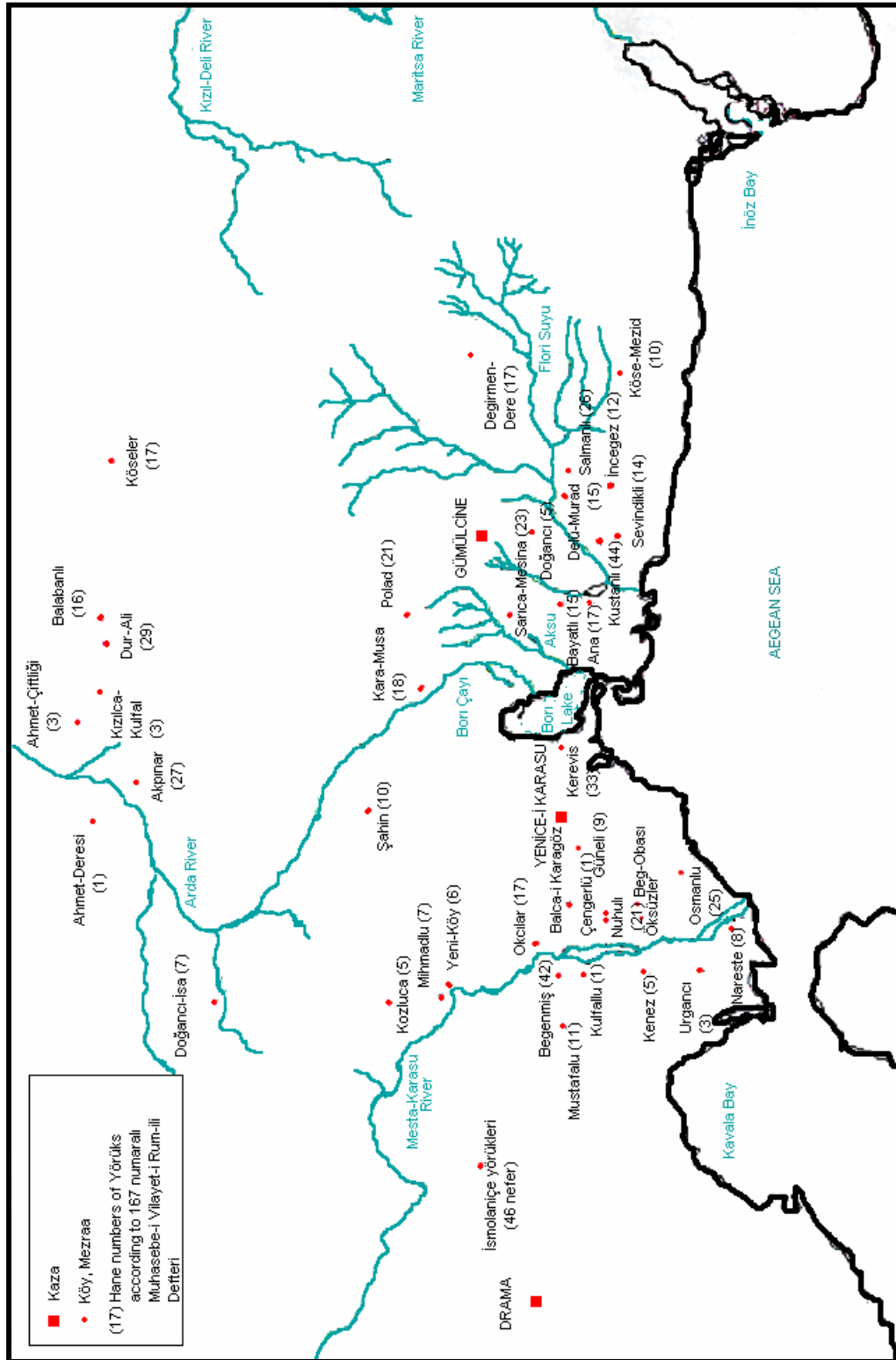


APPENDIX-A- MAP 1- THE YÖRÜK POPULATION IN THE SOL-KOL KAZAS<sup>1</sup>



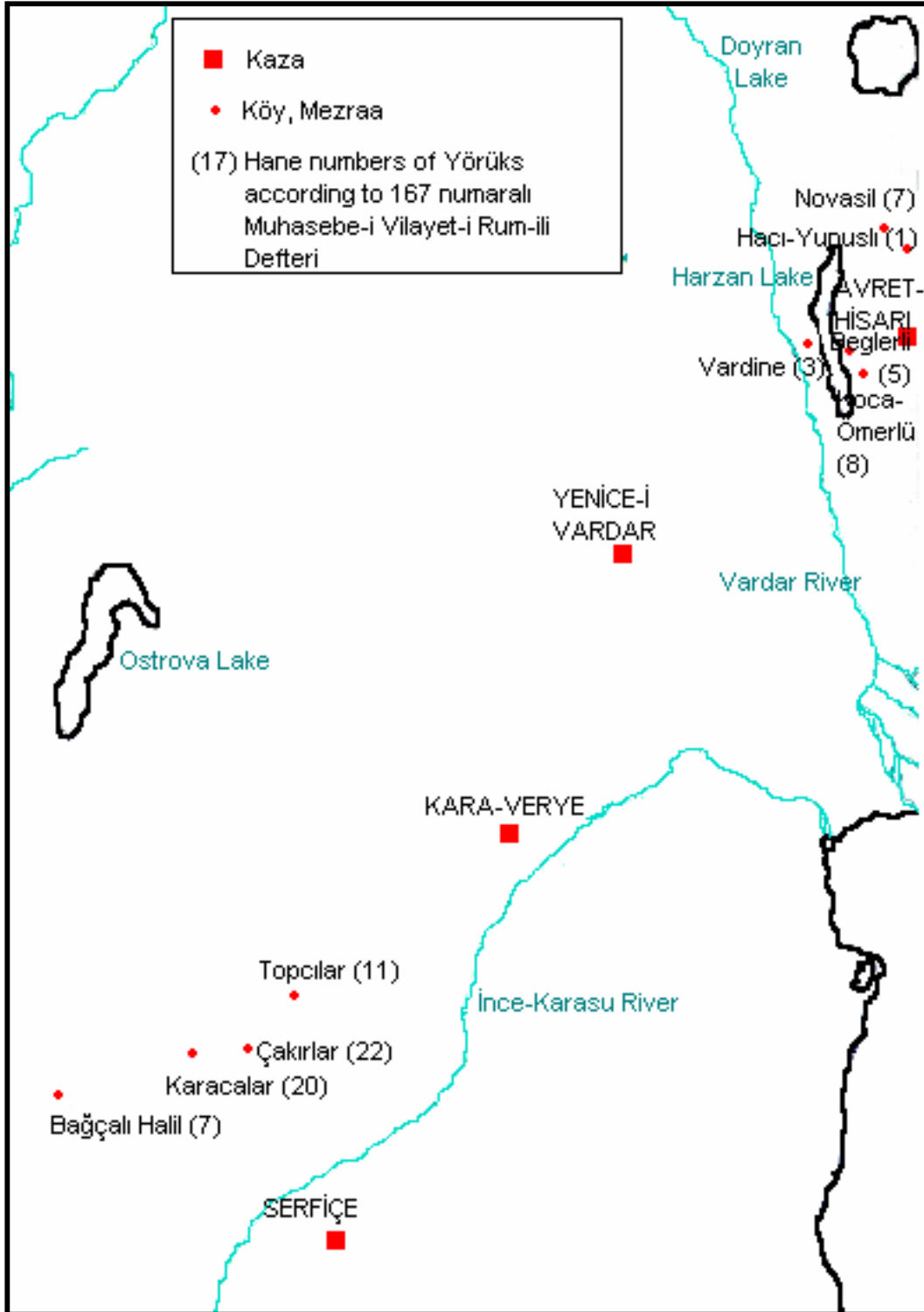
<sup>1</sup> The number of Yörük hanes are determined according to the numbers registered in BOA. TD. 167. The map is drawn in accordance with the map in *167 numaralı Muhasebe-i Vilayet-i Rum-ili Defteri (937/1530)*, p. 137.

APPENDIX B – MAP 2 - SOME OF THE VILLAGES IN WHICH YÖRÜKS RESIDE IN THE REGIONS OF GÜMÜLCİNE, YENİCE-İ KARASU AND DRAMA<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> The places of *karyes* and *mezra*'as are determined according to *Rum-ili-yi Şahâne Haritası* dated hicri 1317. I acquired *Rum-ili-yi Şahâne Haritası* from Prof. Evgeni Radushev on a CD-ROM which is compiled by Prof. Heath W. Lowry.

APPENDIX C – MAP 3- SOME OF THE VILLAGES IN WHICH YÖRÜKS RESIDE  
IN THE REGIONS OF SERFİÇE AND AVRET-HİSARİ<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> The places of *karyes* and *mezra'as* are determined according to *Rum-ili-yi Şahâne Haritası* dated *hicri* 1317. I acquired *Rum-ili-yi Şahâne Haritası* from Prof. Evgeni Radushev on a CD-ROM which is compiled by Prof. Heath W. Lowry.

## APPENDIX D- THE SETTLEMENT STRUCTURE IN TD. 167.

### Abbreviations and explanations in Appendix-D:

hn.	: hâne
mcr.	: mücerred
n.	: nefer
k.	: karye
n.d.	: nâm-ı diğ̃er
mz.	: mezra'a
merh.	: merhum
h. a.	: hı̃zâne-i âmire
nf.	: nef̃s
mh.	: mahalle
çf.	: çiftlik
zmt.	: ze'amet
tm.	: tîmâr(hâ)
cm.	: cema'at
zm.	: zu'amâ
sp.	: sipâhiyân

( ) : explanations in the text

[ ] : my own explanations

..... : unread

? : not for sure

## 1. Gümölcine

GÜMÖLCİNE	Müslim		Gebrân			Diğer	Hâsıl	
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive			
Nefs-i Gümölcine -der tasarruf-i Ali Beg	200	32	23	13		Yağcı	13	69365
						Küreci	7	
						Akıncı	1	
						Çeltükçi	6	
						Re'is	1	
						Kürekci	8	
						Fakir	4	
						Kethüda	1	
						Müteveli	1	
						Eşkünci ma'a Yamak	6	
						Tuzcu	2	
						Ma'zul-i merd-i hisar	1	
						Yamak	5	
						Sahib-i Bervat	1	
Yegan-Başı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	7	1	56	9	1			6456
İstoyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah	9	7	60	7				8994
Vabiryaka k. - hâss-i pâdişah	8	1	69	9	6			13279
Sasalı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	6	2	48	9	1			10196
Kanlıcalar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	9	1						1668
Otacılar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	25	14						3805
Çile-beleni k. - hâss-i pâdişah	9	10						1208
Çeltükciyan ve Nemekciyan - hâss-i pâdişah								45651
Nehr-i Yaycı						Çeltükçi müslim hn.	13	
						Çeltükçi müslim mcr.	8	
						Çeltükçi gebrân hn.	9	
						Re'is	2	
						Tohm	9	
Nehr-i Balabanlu						Re'is	2	
						Kürekci n.	17	
						Tohm	7,5	
Cema'at-i Nemekciyan						Nemekci müslim n.	20	
						Nemekci gebrân n.	5	
Bulğar-Sarucası k. - hâss-i kapudan	19	5				Eşkünci ma'a Yamak n.	20	5036
Çardaklı k. - hâss-i kapudan	48	11						1936
Balabanlu k. - hâss-i kapudan	17	10						4062
Denizlü k.n.d. Baba-Uruz -hâss-i kapudan	16	8				Yamak	7	3491
Geraş k.n.d. Timur-Begli - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15	10				Eşkünci ma'a Yamak	10	2369
Çobanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10					Eşkünci	2	1287
Öz-begli k.n.d. Balabanlu - tîmar-ı zm. ve sp.	19	2				Yörük	16	3099
Akçakızak k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5					Yörük	29	2468
Viran-i Büzürk mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4							408
Kisterice k.n.d. Tur-Ali ve n.d. Sir-Ali - tîmâr-ı zm.	29	2				Yörük	29	1333
Ostra mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								150
Viran-i Küçük mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								76
Salihlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	3				Eşkünci	1	968
Çakırlar k.(Yürükler mütemekkindir) - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yörük	25	2034
Ahmed-Deresi k. (Yürükler mütemekkindir) - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yörük	1	709
						Yamak	11	
Kızılcı-Ağaç k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	2				Yamak	16	1541
Koca-Ömerlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1					Yamak	12	995
İt-anası k. n.d. Çadırlu - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5	2				Yamak	1	605
Hallac-Deresi k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2				Yamak	1	535
Dokos mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yamak	5	310
Rum-Begi k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1				Yamak	14	870
Sögütlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	6				Yamak	11	1727
İt-deresi mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								234
Bulduklı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6					Yamak	9	1392
Halife-Virani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	3				Yamak	14	3264
Hass-Beg k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	1				Yamak	2	1679
Ak-Pınar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	14	37	15		Yörük	27	12940
						Gilmânân-ı mâdeyân hn.	14	
						Gilmânân-ı mâdeyân mcr.	5	
Kara-Musa k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	3				Yörük	18	6423

## 1. Gümölcine

Yalancılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5				Yamak	6	1186
Kadı-Köy k.n.d. Delü-Danişmend - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	25	4			Yamak	4	4712
Kırka k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	20	2					721
Yegrek -Danişmend k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15				Yörük	20	2797
Canbazlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2						2141
İbrahim mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1206
Hacılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15	2			Eşkünci	16	6958
					Yamak	32	
Kara-Gözlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	2			Yamak	5	2510
Kara-Mihal k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14				Çeltükçi	1	2153
					Küreci	2	
Kuşlu-Hanlu k. ma'a Sevindiklü - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5				Yörük	44	3077
Arcak-Şahin k. n.d. Esulli - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15	11			Yörük	33	7795
Yardıbal k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	4			Yörük	18	3588
Kozlu-Köy k.n.d. Modulyani - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	23		14				4471
Değirmen-Deresi k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	33	13			Yörük	17	3026
Demürce-Eberi k. n.d. Sungurlu - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14						3549
Delü-Murad k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	5			Yörük	15	2415
Kethüda mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							223
Baki k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14	5			Yamak	4	4495
Habil k.n.d. Ana - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	2			Yörük	17	2590
Mesini-Saruca k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15	3			Yörük	23	6304
Selmanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	2			Yörük	26	1136
Çufler k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	24	3					1772
Köse-Mezid k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	4			Yörük	10	1545
Kara-Kocalu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	26	11					2949
İvaz k. n.d. Ali - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5				Yörük	2	803
Tuzcular k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	20	6			Yamak	3	4918
Kadı-Çiftliği k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1			Yörük	5	1825
Tatar-Hisarı k.n.d. Kürecik - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	31	16			Yağcı	5	4325
Polad k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	22	7			Yörük	21	4733
İncügez k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	3	10	3	Yörük	12	4952
Bayatlar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1			Yörük	15	3941
Delüce-Balabanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3				Yamak	6	4989
Kızılca-Kulfal k.n.d. Sandalcı - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6				Yörük	3	1384
Sulu-Hacı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	3			Yörük	11	3200
Ufitlar? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					Yörük	19	1089
Sevindiklü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4				Yörük	14	973
Karaca-llyas - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							155
Çukur-Viran mevzi- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							100
Korucu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	2			Yamak	1	907
Kadı-Köy k. ma'a Karye-i Yeni-Köy - tîmâr-ı mirahor	7	3	106	9			6036
der- koru-yı madeyan mz. - tîmâr-ı mirahor							197
Doğancı-İbrahim k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	5						791
Kadı-Çiftliği k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	8						1014
Ahmed-Çiftliği k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	1				Yörük	3	811
Ereselli k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	2				Eşkünci	14	1099
Ayucalar k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	4				Yörük	7	1865
Doğancılar k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	15	5			Yörük	5	1659
Kerceddin k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	7	3			Yörük	7	1750
Yuvacıyan-ı şahin - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân					Yuvacı n.	7	
					Yuvacı mcr.	3	
Borı k. - vakıf			54	8	ma'a mukataa		115906
					Korucu müslim hn.	1	
					Korucu müslim mcr.	1	
Cema'at-i Nemeckiyan					Nemecki gebrân hn.	48	
					Nemecki gebrân mcr.	3	
Cema'at-i Dalyancıyan					Dalyancı gebrân hn.	42	
					Dalyancı gebrân mcr.	4	
Dursun k. - vakıf	44	12					2502
Çaltular k. - vakıf	47	31					2345
Kızılcalar k.- vakıf	53	19					3884
Büngöldeyik k. - vakıf	102	37			Yörük	6	4987
Darı-Obası k. n.d. Sadık Deresi - vakıf	15	3	39				6264
Kilise Deresi mz.- vakıf	4				Yamak	4	580

## 1. Gümölcine

Kilise mz.- vakıf								100
Elmalu k. - vakıf	49	19	4					4969
Akpınar k.- vakıf	4	1	39	5				3377
uzun-Deresi k.- vakıf	9	2	22	3				2381
Köseler k. - vakıf	6					Yörük		17 1318
Yörükân cm. - vakıf						Yörük n.	18	398
Göl-Viran mz.- vakıf								465
Cema'at-i Yağcıyan								
Çatak der-sınur-ı Borı cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	22	391
						Yağcı mcr.	20	
						Ruğan ünge	91	
Mehmed bin Hızır cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	16	265
						Yağcı mcr.	11	
Yağcıyan-i Küçük Elmalu cm. - vakıf						Yağcı n.	5	
Çakırlu cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	13	
						Yağcı mcr.	9	
Hasan Divane cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	20	299
						Yağcı mcr.	7	
						Ruğan ünge	70,5	
Kılıççılar ve Sinekçiler cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	42	
						Yağcı mcr.	17	
Ahmed Ni'al cm. - vakıf						Yağcı hn.	14	
						Yağcı mcr.	8	
Demürçi Murad cm.- vakıf						Yağcı hn.	28	
						Ruğan ünge	45	
Halil cm. - vakıf						Yağcı hn.	32	
						Yağcı mcr.	13	
						Ruğan ünge	91	
Mekri k. - vakıf	57	16	141	6	20			53478
Hasanlar k. tabi-i Mekri - vakıf								
Çipil Hasanlar cm. Y	86	81						12939
Çıkrıcık k. tabi-i Mekri - vakıf								
Zahidlü k. - vakıf	41	28				ma'a Cema'at-i HızırLuca		6343
Sarular k.- vakıf	42	26						3622
Kara İbrahim k. - vakıf	16	11						1260
Delü-İlyas k.- vakıf	15	7						1486
Halil-oğlu k. - vakıf	28	19						5503
Bodaca k. - vakıf	9	4						1007
Marunya k.- vakıf	3		272	16	14			53488
Helvacı k.	62	9	15					9785
Merhum Evrenos Begin azatsuz kulları[aynı karye	9	2						1550
Ahmed Ni'al çf. n.d. Küçük -Köy - vakıf	9	2						1550
Nefs-i İnöz nf. - vakıf	36	25	494	57	4	ma'a mukataa		90667
Tuzcıyan cm.- vakıf						Tuzcı n.	82	
Yenice k. - vakıf	96	2						11865

TOTAL 1867 632 1503 169 46 754372

2. Yenice-i Karasu

YENİCE-İ KARASU	Müslim		Gebrân		Bive	Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.			
Nefs-i Yenice-i Karasu - der tasarruf-i	190	86				Tuzcu ve Yağcı	6 15000
Kasım Paşa						Kayyum	1
Darı-Obası k. n.d. Eratniç - hass	34	14	154	13	5		9114
Urğancı k. - hass	71	35				Yörük	3 3636
Armudlu k. - hass	21	13				Yörük	4 3797
Çınarlu-Dire k. - hass	71	20					1525
İncügez k.n.d. Veli Beg? - hass	3	1	20	7	4		2281
Yeni-Köy k. - hass	4	6	140	15	4	Yörük	6 4396
Bahşi-Beglü k. - hass	26	11	4			Yörük	4 1128
Hasan-Obası k. - hass	22	21	4				3073
Kenez k. ma'a Balca-i Karagöz - hass	47	19	4			Yörük	5 4436
						Mellâhin n.	8
Çağlayık k. (Ma'dencilerdir) - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci müslim hn.	14 12890
						Ma'denci müslim mcr.	3
						Ma'denci gebrân hn.	127
						Ma'denci gebrân mcr.	41
Danişmend Obası k. - hâss-i pâdişah	34	11				Yörük	6 4296
Yarayan? k. - hâss-i pâdişah	4	2	76	7	4		13095
Sakar-Kaya k. - hâss-i pâdişah	19	10	52	10			6702
Bulustra k. - hâss-i pâdişah	10	1	101	7			14775
Emir-Hanlu mz. - hâss-i pâdişah						ma'a ez-haric	3185
Göynüklü k. - hâss-i pâdişah	11	3					2432
Kayacık- Pınarı k. - hâss-i pâdişah							5073
Eymir-Bayırı k.n.d. Mirozlu - tîmâr-ı zm. ve s	11	4				Yağcı	3 1897
Takyalulu mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yörük	31 2012
						Yörük mcr.	23
Ulucak k. n.d. Kara-Hamza - tîmâr-ı zm. ve s	2	1					516
Mihmadlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	8				Yörük	7 1710
Döğancı İsa k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	3				Yörük	7 2434
Sunkurlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	1					1127
Mz. -Davudlu ve Saru.....k.ler ziraat iderler - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							473
Güneli k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	5				Yörük	9 626
Re'is Obası k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	8				Yörük	3 575
Kabasakal k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3					Yörük ma'a Yağcı	4 918
Aksak Musa k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	10				Yörük	11 1099
Çeltükçi k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	13				Çeltükçi	22 2255
Hamzacılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1				Çeltükçi	13 2147
						Yamak	4
Şahin k. n.d. Bıyıklu - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	33	16				Yörük	10 3867
Hamzalu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	4				Yörük	2 532
Yund k. der-zemin-i Ada - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8		9			-Nemekciyan-ı Karapınar n.	3 2928
						Yağcı	2
						Akıncı	1
						Gemici gebrân n.	19
						Gilmanan-ı madeyan n.	7
						Gilmanan-ı madeyan mcr.	3
Osmanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	3				Yörük	25 3441
Beg-Obası k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	90	19				Yörük	21 10000
Doğancı Kara-Ya'kub mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							700
Naraste k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	24	6				Yörük	8 4102
Avşar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	18	3				Yörük	22 2542
						Gemici n.	23
Hızır-Balı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4						359
Yamakan cm. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yamak hn.	43 2525
						Yamak mcr.	15
Öksüzler k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	3				Yörük	21 1317



2. Yenice-i Karasu

Yelkenci k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	96	56			Yörük	21	6137
Kadı-Obası k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	48	23					4860
Kadı-Çiftliği mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							133
Be-nam-ı Kara Ahmed bin Pir'i çf. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1809
Toksad mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1243
Todorîç mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							400
Uzunca-Halil k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	36	10			Yörük	6	5924
Çakırlar n.d. Yörükler mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							343
Kablucalu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	56	18			Yamak	2	5134
Delü-Oğlu mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					Çeltükçi	8	766
Mukbil k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	35	19			Yörük	34	6300
					Çiftlik	3	
Kassab-Mustafa mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	4					2603
Havuciler mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							200
Mustafalu k.n.d. Kuruşbalı - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	11			Yörük ma'a Yağcı	11	2299
Çengerlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	4			Yörük	1	1659
Davudlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	3					1269
Kulfallu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	2			Yörük	1	716
Tanrıvirmiş k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	18	9			Yamak	4	2747
Lotovişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4						239
Kopuzcu Turud k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	15	13			Yörük	9	2105
Şahin Obası k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	4			Yörük	7	2171
Yuvacılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3				Yamak	14	2875
					Yağcı	8	
Saru- Balabanlu k. ma'a karye-i Irlağanlu - tî	9	3			Yörük	22	3709
					Gemiciyân-ı Karasu	3	
Kara Nayıblü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	40	22					3277
Amladlı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6				Yörük	10	1244
Firuzlı mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					ez-haric		1526
Sarı 'Ali k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	65	28					6993
Başincıklu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4				Yörük	3	553
Ahadlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	1			Yörük	13	636
Kurı-Dere k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13						893
Okcılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	24				Yörük	17	3331
Küblü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14	4					1271
Nuhulı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3				Yörük	21	1337
Tuzcu k. ma'a mezraa-i Zemin-i Gözciğez - tîr	14	1			Akıncı	2	4155
Polad k. N.d. Beg-Obası - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	20	9			Yörük	20	4944
Balabanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8				Eşküncü	4	1043
Kozlı-Köy k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8		11				2044
Has-Polad k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	24	4			Yörük	8	1703
Mezidlü mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							244
Gölciler mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							234
Yanık-ada [Balık-Ada] mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							513
Polad mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							51
Saram Köyü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	4	7		4199
Osman-Evren k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	1	1				1451
Hızır Piri ve İne Beg Piri ve Halil Piri n.d. Yay	2	1			Yörük	10	1719
Hoca-Ömer n.d. Akıncılar k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve	1				Yamak	3	1335
					Çiftlik	3	
Müşellem İskender mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							361
Yenicelü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	7			Yörük	12	1516
Baki-Obası k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	4			Yörük	18	2514
Beğenmiş k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	10			Yörük	42	4965
Yusuf-Hanlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1				Yağcı	6	847
Bayram-Adası mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					ez-haric		542
Kalova mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					ez-haric		443
Karaca-Koyunlu k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	25	11			Yamak	7	3400

2. Yenice-i Karasu

Kara-Ya'kub k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	27	15			Yörükânki Sultan Bayazid vakfı	27	2967
Çamurlu k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	14	2			Yörük	9	2172
Koçi k.- tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	33	12			Yamak	12	3836
					Çeltükçi	21	
Ömer k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	10	8					1949
Turfallu k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân					Yörük	5	405
Orfana k. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân	5				Yörük	3	1369
Hacılı mz. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân							1074
Polad mz. - tîmâr-ı bâzdarân							1405
Cema'at-i Nemekciyan-ı Kara Pınar ve Kiremuti ve Kızıl Ağaç							
der Tuzcı-i Memleha-i Kayacık Pınarı k.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	7	
					Tuzcı müslim mcr.	3	
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	109	
					Tuzcı gebrân mcr.	14	
der Yund-i Nemekciyan-i Memleha-i mezbur k.							
der Kenez k.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	4	
					Tuzcı müslim mcr.	1	
der Hriste tabi-i Drama k.							
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	4	
an Memleha-i Kiremuti							
der Bahşi Beglü k.							
					Reis	1	
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	17	
					Tuzcı müslim mcr.	2	
der Polad k.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	2	
an Memleha-i Bulustra							
der Bulustra k.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	3	
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	23	
					Tuzcı gebrân mcr.	7	
der Ahadlu n.d. Karaman k.							
der Yenice-i Karasu nf.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	11	
der Yusuf-Hanlu k.							
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	8	
					Tuzcı müslim hn.	2	
					Tuzcı müslim mcr.	1	
der İksante k.							
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	17	
der Bori nf.							
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	9	
an Memleha-i Kerevis							
der Kerevis k.							
					Reis	1	
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	22	
der İksante k.							
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	19	
der Bori k.							
					Tuzcı gebrân hn.	19	
					Tuzcı gebrân mcr.	2	
Tuzciyan-ı müteferrika							
					Tuzcı gebrân müteferrika hn.	5	
					Tuzcı gebrân müteferrika mcr.	1	
der Avşarlar k. - tîmâr-ı re'is-i keştiban							
	23						
der Tuzcılar k. - tîmâr-ı re'is-i keştiban							
	21						
der Kenez k. - tîmâr-ı re'is-i keştiban							
	18	1					
der Yund k. - tîmâr-ı re'is-i keştiban							
			19				
der Kaya-Pınarı k. - tîmâr-ı re'is-i keştiban							
			21				
İksante k. - vakıf	19	13	596	69			48937
Kiçi İlyas k. - vakıf	13	11					1436
Yorğan k. - vakıf	6	1	16				1089
Çakırlar k. - vakıf	22	17					1523
Musa- Fakiler k. - vakıf	28	10					1391
Uruzlu k. - vakıf	17	13					1794
Şerefü'd-din k. - vakıf	18	14					1034
Hamidlü k. - vakıf	29	20					2372
Çomaklı k. - vakıf	26	18			Dervişân n.	7	
Altıcılar k. - vakıf	31	20					3139
Koyun-Ya'kublî k. - vakıf	16	19			Yamak	7	3293
					Yağcı	4	
Poladlı k. - vakıf	26	25					3969

2. Yenice-i Karasu

Biren k. - vakif	21	7						1300
Bayramlu k. - vakif	28	19						1000
Koca-Mahmudlu k. - vakif	16	18						557
Koyun Köyi k. - vakif	8		117	13				6272
Muncunos k. - vakif	53	16	300	30	11			37922
Yass-ı Ören n.d. Prisbal? k. - vakif	12		127	17				33147
Takyalular cm. - vakif	27	22						5240
Mürseller cm. - vakif	6	5						2547
Korucu k. - vakif	13	4				Yamak	2	2135
KızılcaKöy k. - vakif	42	32						3838
Delü-Bedirlü k. - vakif	16	23						1576
Kerevis k. - vakif	37	27				Yörük	33	7684
						Nemekci	32	
Yass-ı Ören k. - emlak	2	3	12	7				2406
Ramazan-Begi k. - emlak	2	3	1					503
Saru Kaya k. - emlak	6	1						656
Topuklu Bükü k. - emlak	2	4						967
Kafir Deresi k. - emlak	5		6	1				1379
Valkan k. - emlak			7					175
Fındıklı k. - emlak	4							312
Tırnava k. - emlak			14					544
Gölce mz. - emlak						an öşr-i kovan		25
Pınar-Yassı mz.- emlak								291
Kozluca k.- emlak	18	8				Peykanegan	16	2038
						Yörük	5	
Kettanlık k. - emlak	28		2					1297
TOTAL	2299	1054	1837	200	35			459826

3. Drama

DRAMA	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer			Hasıl	
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive					
Nefs-i Drama - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	96	56	143	8	9	Yağcı			3	51374
						Çeltükçi müslim			21	
						Çeltükçi gebrân			7	
						Şahinci			6	
						Çingâneyân hn.			20	
						Çingâneyân mcr.			4	
Bük mz. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										199
Fındıklı mz. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										50
Visoçani k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	9	3	445	95						21525
İsmirdeş k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	7		27	7						931
Kara-Pınar mz. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										20
İspeniç? Mz. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										70
Prosaçani k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	84	69	295	100	24					20237
Oraşa mz. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										2034
Kato-Arnayud k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			11	2	1					543
Podogoryani k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	32	2	167	21	1					11108
Nihor k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	5	2	166	37	4					10588
Adyolison manastırı - hâss-i Ayas Paşa										865
İslaşte k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			33	25						1182
Vinarya ma'a Küçük Vinarya k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	6	6	82	5	3					17649
Krağoyar k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			31	5	3					2906
Doknad k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	15	13	249	34	1	Çakırcı gebrân hn.			7	14298
						Çakırcı gebrân mcr.			6	
an nehr-i Re'is Halil						Çeltükçi n.			6	
						Çeltükçi mcr.			5	
Görencilik hizmeti [ederler]						Şahinci n.			9	
						Şahinci mcr.			1	
Edirnecek k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	53	17	45	2	2	Şahinci n.			6	8331
Çatalca k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	31	14	180	44	11	Çeltükçi n.			13	13024
						Çeltükçi mcr.			1	
Mihota k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	15		3							935
Bediğöştâ k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	1		37	3						5148
Turhancı k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	24	4								563
Kladıç k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	2		40	25	7					5784
Viçova k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			3							121
Üsküpçi k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	3									155
Ralıçe k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			14	9						1577
Pastorova k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa			21							1031
Rahoviçe k. - hâss-i Ayas Paşa	41	34	28	3						9799
Nefs-i Kavala - hâss-i pâdişah	16		31	6						2007
Bravişte ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci müslim hn.			35	6660
						Ma'denci gebrân hn.			57	
						Ma'denci gebrân mcr.			17	
						Ma'denci gebrân bive			3	
Koruci an ma'den-i Bravişte k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci müslim hn.			2	3000
						Ma'denci gebrân hn.			81	
						Ma'denci gebrân mcr.			14	
						Ma'denci gebrân bive			3	
Bergoz an ma'den-i m. k - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci gebrân hn.			5	290
						Ma'denci gebrân mcr.			2	
Balihor an ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci gebrân hn.			20	881
						Ma'denci gebrân mcr.			1	
Köse İlyas kömürçiyân-i ma'den-i m. K. - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.			62	2158
						Kömürçi gebrân mcr.			15	
Oraşa ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci gebrân hn.			26	751
Radomirine kömürçiyân k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.			45	1546

### 3. Drama

						Kömürçi	gebrân	mcr.	9	
						Kömürçi	gebrân	bive	1	
Korite kömürçiyân k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi	müslim	hn.	4	914
						Kömürçi	gebrân	hn.	15	
						Kömürçi	gebrân	mcr.	15	
Posta-sil an ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim	hn.	8	1007
						Ma'denci	gebrân	hn.	19	
						Ma'denci	gebrân	mcr.	10	
Kokula kömürçiyân-i ma'den-i Korı k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi	müslim	hn.	4	701
						Kömürçi	gebrân	hn.	15	
						Kömürçi	gebrân	mcr.	9	
Nikişani an ma'denciyan-i Bravişte k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim	hn.	9	16952
						Ma'denci	gebrân	hn.	155	
						Ma'denci	gebrân	mcr.	20	
Kürecik ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim	hn.	18	3140
						Ma'denci	müslim	mcr.	22	
Volava an ma'denciyan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	gebrân	hn.	212	22455
						Ma'denci	gebrân	mcr.	59	
						Ma'denci	gebrân	bive	4	
Koru-yı Madeyanan k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim	hn.	8	5824
						Ma'denci	gebrân	hn.	12	
Cema'at-i Yağcı ve Küreci - hâss-i pâdişah						Yağcı ve Küreci		n.	22	880
Arablar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	31	23								
Cema'at-i Arablar - hâss-i pâdişah								n.	16	
								mcr.	14	
Çeltükçiyân-ı Enhar-ı Drama - hâss-i pâdişah						mahsul-ı Enhar-ı Drama ma'a				220000
						öşr-i Çeltük ber-muceb-i defter-i mukataa				
Nehr-i Kara Hızır						Reis			1	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	n.	30	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	42	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	mcr.	7
Nehr-i Pınar-Başı						Reis			3	
						Çeltükçi	müslim		18	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	33	
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	n.	31	
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	zevaid	n.	29
Nehr-i Reis İshak						Reis			1	
						Çeltükçi	müslim		15	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	14	
Nehr-i Olahitişte						Çeltükçi	müslim	n.	11	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	n.	19
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	n.	58	
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	zevaid	n.	17
Nehr-i Gölcük??						Reis			2	
						Kürekci	müslim	n.	21	
Nehr-i Reis Hasan						Reis			3	
						Çeltükçi	müslim		16	
						Çeltükçi	müslim	zevaid	12	
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	n.	58	
Nehr-i İbrahim Fakih						Reis			3	
						Kürekci	müslim	n.	2	
						Kürekci	müslim	zevaid	n.	11
						Kürekci	gebrân	n.	51	
						Kürekci	gebrân	zevaid	n.	20
Nehr-i İsmolaniçe						Reis			3	
						Kürekci	müslim	n.	8	
						Kürekci	gebrân	n.	23	

### 3. Drama

						Kürekci	gebrân	zevaid	n.	20	
Yörükân						Cema'at			[adet]	4	
						Yörük			n.	46	
Leftere k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	5	6	174	69	7						11212
Buryani k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	15	6	84	29	10						8391
Bukova k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			110	56							4166
Brodilova k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			172	123							11093
Kriñçani k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			40	31							1515
Zublani k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			91	32		Yamak				1	3550
						Bâzdar				6	
Belani k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			24	25							1350
Konuştani tabi-i Çeç k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			124	121							5347
Momcil tabi-i Çeç - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			72	48							2778
Kobalişte k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg	13	5	94	8	5	Çeltükçi	müslim			21	8108
Gornova k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg	66	59									2252
Kalova k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg	25	28	3	2	1						1719
Yaver k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg			21	8							656
Orta-Bereketlü - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	78	48				Yamak				9	6574
Baş-Bereketlü k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	52	28									8524
Radiviş tabi-i Çeç. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			34	24							4268
Hrişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	5	117	22	8						16124
Filibecik k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			34	17							8700
Efelye k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	10	43	6	4						18415
Breştani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14	5							1077
Breştani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			19	10							3950
Lipotin k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	34	25	9	8	4						4519
Zagoriçe k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	15							2592
Vola k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	2	7	1							1109
Kırlı mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2										4999
Boyalık mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	2									2024
Mokolişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	12	41	11	1						4710
Poroz k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		12	8							3475
Moştinyani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		114	20	2						13399
Ayo-Yani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	100	38	6						15564
Hraştani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	40	8	2						7169
İsrati mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ez-haric					150
Radomirine mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.											1228
Yassı-Ören mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.											134
Vubliç k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			128	29	13						8280
Çereşova? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	58	31	3	1							5991
Birismoras mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ez-haric					282
Kürecik k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14	2	1						995
Rişova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			13	7							669
Ivrano kasrı? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		86	10	5						10499
Bercişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	7	41	27	7						4809
Sovuk Pınar mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.											100
İsmolaniçe k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2	14	10							3003
Avlı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			53	14	3						9966
Kalabak k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	3	41	7	6						5656
Mezraa-i der-uhde-i Koyun Köprüsü mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.											170
Draçişte k. ma'a mahalle-i İskoroş - t	79	48	3	2	1						7527
Boblani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14	7	67	20	3						5392
Olahitişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	4	10	4		Yağcı				1	5279
						Çeltükçi					3
Silyani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			40	45		Akıncı				4	5965
						Yörük			hn.		7
						Yörük			mcr.		4
Dranova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	58	11							2975

### 3. Drama

Kirklova mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								312
Kamara mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ez-haric		301
Ravni k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5	5	33	1				3612
Kobaşıte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			37	5	1			2543
Prosaçani ? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			37	16				3390
Kozniçe k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	2	25	6				2106
Tuhal k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14	14	1					1127
Bük mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								202
Hiliçka mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								147
İstaycil k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			44	9				4058
Koniçani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		28	15	6			2362
Evrenos mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								100
Mezraa-i der-uhde-i Kavala mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								2120
İgraçani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	4	25	14	4			1838
Piçova? K. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6	5				1511
Rudekin k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			18	8		ma'a aşar-ı haric		3626
Pravişte-i Köhne - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			4			Çiftlik	4	1365
Koruci k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	3				ma'a ez-haric		3556
Kranya k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			7					4564
Pandalimon k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5	1	8			ma'a ez-haric		5785
İğrız k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	38	28	3					3950
Tıkilova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	16				917
Timurcı-Ören mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								638
Boştanos k. - tîmâr-ı ser-şahinciyan			73	11	3			9893
Reis İsa k.- tîmâr-ı ser-şahinciyan	6	1	5	2				1025
Razpin mz.- tîmâr-ı ser-şahinciyan						an resm-i kışlak-ı Yörükân		400
Vidogolişte k. - vakıf	8		129					22600
Kalbrohor k. - vakıf	6	2	56	7	3			8375
Kodunyani k. - vakıf	33	14	26	7	1			22327
Londo k. - vakıf	5		15	7	3			9234
Monodendire k. - vakıf			10	2				4941
Kronit k. - vakıf	2		13					2130
Bereketlü k. - vakıf	36	35						3777
Zigoş k. - vakıf			22					2458
Şıbka k. - vakıf	10	6	7	2				842
Kayacıyan						Kayacı gebrân hn.	9	
						Kayacı gebrân mcr.	9	
						Tuzakçı gebrân n.	2	
Şahinciyan - der karye-i Lipotin						Şahinci gebrân hn.	8	
						Şahinci gebrân mcr.	8	

TOTAL	1183	699	4866	1498	176			897744
-------	------	-----	------	------	-----	--	--	--------

## 4. Zihne

ZIHNE	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Nefs-i Zihne - ze'amettir	35	16	394	45	95	Uteka müslim	6 49950
Doksombo k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		183	35	22		34979
Hrişa k. - hâss-i pâdişah			38	3	4		2826
Madmada k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		33	2	7	ma'a mukataa-i dalyanha	56969
Orfana k. - hâss-i pâdişah	5		23				17061
Radolikos k. - hâss-i pâdişah	17	5	294	52	14		29044
İglovişte k. - hâss-i pâdişah			118	18	5		5865
İgraçani k. - hâss-i pâdişah	4	1	84	15	6		7487
Ağrıd k. - hâss-i pâdişah	9	3	160	27	7	Çeltükçi	24 12214
						Çeltükçi mcr.	4
Zilyahova k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	31	12	161	32	24		15512
İspança k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	7	3	60	5	5		4512
Çereplani tabi-i Keşişlik k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	13	11	283	53	55		18000
Hotofilokos k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa			23	4	4		2000
Boblani k. - hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmir	34	28	140	31	20		22915
Karyani k. - hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmir	44	10	61	15			23883
Aşağa-Nuska k. - hâss-i Bayram Paşa n	6		174	17	37		20170
Tuzcıyan- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran						Tuzcı n.	47
Kırlıkova k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg	26	10	522	86	51		35976
Direçak k. - hâss-i Nişancı Beg	1		63	4	4		14213
İrhi-İstiratik k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	17	15	403	92	52		36756
Dukalişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		76	5	6		10895
Kalapot k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	7	125	16	8		9618
Sazdene k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		12	4			1960
Rahova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	5	178	11	21		18779
İskrijova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			118	15	5		16585
Canos k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			92	7	22		24245
Vulçişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		118	30	27		19855
Pirivişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	17	8	215	52	29		20885
Samaltoz k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	3	142	12	22		12799
Ramenci k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	5	24	12	4		7731
Küçük İzdıravik k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			34	15			4247
Şeşteva mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1466
İglinyani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		33	5	6		7731
Tristenice k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			40	6	6		12245
Labatika mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1538
İsilinos k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			70	17	5		13397
Kılçeç?? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	8	71	19	5		16001
Tolos-ı Küçük k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	4	32	12	3		8254
Ayo-Nikola k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	16	28					1060
Mezraa-i der-kurb-i karye-i Gostomno- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ez-haric	898
Zvarnik k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	39	4	4		8841
Vurovišta k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	3	60	11	5		11611
İsfameno k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			16	2	1		6030
Monolišto k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	2	82	15	7		10926
Libahova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	106	7	17		8567
Goryani k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		87	18	2		11930
Potelinos k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	4	58	7	7		13933
Pidomişte k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	4	193	17	16		17376
İsomant k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	2	89	5	15		15007
Gostomno k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	16	2	77	11	14		14390
Mokri k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			12	4			710
Breštenı k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	5	57	4	5		8266
Diragošta k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			19	1	3		5544
Sotoruh k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5	1			7187
Bandil k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			78	13	3		6524



## 4. Zihne

Berişova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			15		1			1050
Radomişle k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		23	1	1			4076
Lukovik k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	5	79	7	9			14955
Lokovica k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			47	19	4			6505
Anastasya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			43	2	6			4412
İzdravik k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	6	207	43	34			26000
Luhtişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			55	11	1			5491
Rusulova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	3	79	18	4			6312
Porna k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	22	3				2739
Gorsiçova mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								2141
Kesarapolu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1281
Çengeryani mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								300
Nihor tabi-i Keşişlik mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						bedel-i öşr ve hububat		1535
İgligora mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						bedel-i öşr an mescid-i vakf-ı Selçuk sultan-		1000
Mavropotan mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								50
Çiftlik-i Manastır-ı Rus çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1500
Mevz'i be-nam-ı k.-i Kostanova- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						an resm-i yaylak ve Yörükân		500
Anciste k. - vakıf	7		406	44	46			69944
Koçak k.- vakıf			51	10	4			8564
Çiftlik-i Manastır-ı Aynaroz çf.- vakıf						bedel-i öşr fi sene		1699
Kromişta k.- vakıf	21	13	207	35	19			25486
Çiftlik-i Manastır-ı Kuşnica çf.- vakıf						bedel-i öşr ber-vech-i mukataa fi sene		818
Nisi k.- vakıf			23	6	3			5105
Vitaçişta k.- vakıf	15	8	62	18	14			11303
Kosromboz k.- vakıf	5	3	114	13	1			10256
Manastır-ı Duşniçe						n.	32	
Manastır-ı Taksiyarhı						n.	3	
Tuzcıyan-ı Memleha-i Hrişani								
Orhan k. Tabi-i Zihne an Cm.-i Nemekciyan						Tuzcı müslim	hn.	117
						Tuzcı müslim	mcr.	32
der Maryani k.						Tuzcı gebrân	hn.	32
						Tuzcı gebrân	mcr.	15
						Tuzcı gebrân	bive	3
Cema'at-i Nemekciyan-ı müteferrika						Nemekci müteferrika	n.	60
Cema'at-i diğér						Tuzcı	n.	12
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>510 245 7008 1124 827</b>					<b>980385</b>

5. Nevrekop

NEVREKOP	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl	
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive			
Nefs-i Nevrekop - ze'amettir	219	57	385	44	71	sipâhî-zade müslim	12	54708
						Sahib-i berevat müslim	13	
						Uteka-i merh.Mehmed Beg müslim n.	19	
						Uteka-i merh.Karaca Paşa müslim n.	6	
						Uteka-i Ali Voyvoda müslim n.	4	
						Uteka-i merh. Zağarcı Yakup Bey müslim	9	
Aşağı-İvrondi k. - hâss-i pâdişah	15	4	392	48	62			37397
Gadımlani k.- hâss-i pâdişah	26	19	246	45	10			30293
Petralit k.- hâss-i pâdişah	9	4	59	9	7			4765
Heşova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			17		1			1892
Leşnica k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		131	3	4			10310
Lekova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			246	36	8			32693
Kuruşova k.- hâss-i pâdişah	11	2	81	12	3			13548
Nesova k.- hâss-i pâdişah	15	8	265	19	18			30772
Guleşova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			107	15	5			8723
Opeştiçe k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2	2	69	11	3			8150
Debraje k.- hâss-i pâdişah	3	2	18	4				1868
Lika k.- hâss-i pâdişah	3	1	136	15	13			12612
Manastır k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa	1		187	27	20			
Lofça k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa	4	1	224	50	11			13259
Rernova k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa	6	1	285	69	24			15096
Petrova k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa	7	4	201	66	9			18884
Vizeci k. - hâss-i Mevlana-yı Hoca-yı	3	1	205	37	19			13191
Leştani k. - hâss-i Mevlana-yı Hoca-yı	1		36	5				1500
Barotin k. - hâss-i Mevlana-yı Hoca-yı pâdişah	5		83	14	4			3616
Baniçe k. - hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterdar	1	2	84	10	8			9500
Jijova k. - hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterdar			77	3	4			2332
Ablaniçe k. - hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterdar	22	25	57	11	17			2392
Dolani k.- hâss-i Nişancı Beg	5	5	53	8	13			4887
İstarçişte k.- hâss-i Nişancı Beg	5	2	173	19	14			16766
Reçani k.- hâss-i Nişancı Beg	8	6	2	1				1796
Yanova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			152	13	18			20766
Belotince k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	3	184	18	9			19934
Voloca k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6	6				692
Çirova?? mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								3212
Koprilyani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	42	14	218	21	17			35351
Musomişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	46	52	135	12	45			33024
Manastircık k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			39	5	4			3610
Koçani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			29	5	2			2208
Luhtişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	12	30	1	6			6451
Ustana k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	3	9		2			7118
Bogolin k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		21	5	1			4144
İskrepatna-i Büzürk k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	133	13	8			18505
Maluşişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			55	7	9			5471
Drenova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	3	5	1				753
Firgova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	19	53	7	6			4938
Brezniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9		241	24	30			19569
Aşağı- Pepelova k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	7	1				1000
Biteşova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	37	6	4			2753
Gudeşovo k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	5	98	16	9			10532
Porova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	8	98	14	15			11625
Sadova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	28	9	112	10	17			10803
Sadoviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	6	110	13	9			12359
İzgorinçi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5	1	6	2	1			2093
Kumanıçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4		103	20	22			11625
Rakiştani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	23	15	208	25	10			23922

5. Nevrekep

Aşağı- Sengirti k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	68	52	66	18	8			18829
Kornışçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	20	11	166	28	15			10799
.....k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	6	39	5	5	ma'a çiftlik		7339
Vistova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	3	60	6	3			4871
Lozno k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	26	3			1			2463
Libahova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	1	207	27	14			14112
Kremen k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		47	4	3			3124
Yukaru-Sengirti k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	16	6	86	13	12			10523
Bunim k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	55	5	4			5300
Maruleva k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			47	6	7			2752
Koçan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	7	150	22	9			16209
Blaçko k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	1	42	8	9			5587
İgrajdelani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	34	21	8		1			4945
İstarani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14					1950
Blaçani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	7	58	14	5			8715
Vilkosel k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	16	9	159	37	13			17404
İslaştani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	35	25	70	6	26			11079
Büyük k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	5	50	8	6			3147
Aşağı-Filib k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			30	4	1			2401
Kovaçeviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			18	3				1556
Oseniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	51	63	24		1			9347
Kaşıçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		31	1	3			2521
İvladikos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	18	13	3	9			6683
Osimine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	3	56	5				10049
Lukaviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	3	67	9	13			7977
İlise k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	210	122	1	1				9697
Baldova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	1	27		6			4584
Bokurova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	8	1			3013
Gaytanine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	108	10	9			10887
Dubniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	21	12	60	6	6			10099
İzbişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5		67	12	4			9089
Lozniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	70	4	6			5979
Mirovle k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								412
Oreş k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	5	36	5	4			2970
Bukova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	13	2	1			1056
Osikova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	48	3	5			3538
Obidim k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			78	19	1			4930
Sirapol k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	2	13	1				1819
Loban k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	27	19		4			3709
Sirovte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			8	2				1018
Priboyna k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	25	35	6		2			3256
Virşan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		9	3	1			753
Lilova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	16	15	20	6	2			4822
Gostun k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		53	12	1			4029
Rine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	2	91	15	8			7422
Burhova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	5	16					2688
İletene k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	5	39	6	3			3247
Debreni-i Küçük k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		21	2	1			2157
Osikova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	14	4	3	1			2125
Gorna-Filib k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			20	3	1			1369
Bokrupelova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			15	2	1			1477
Çerņiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		18	2	1			1175
Buran k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5		22	2	1			2512
Kıgaviçe-i Küçük k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5	8	15	3	5			2799
Gularba k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	27	6	1			2349
Koloş k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	12	8			Akıncı	1	3721
İşlarak k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	1	30	3				2738
Dobronište k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	2	138	28	6			6732

5. Nevrekop

Drazište k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	3	3						1325
Majdel k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	18	17	35	6	6				4973
Küçük İskrepatna k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve	2	1	26		4				2449
İştiyani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5						1080
Usina k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		10						720
İslavimir k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	4		1				822
Tirliç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			16	1					1013
Kusten k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		11	1	2				1575
Dimilani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	17	29	37	2	12				6551
Deyrani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	1	80	6	4				6418
İstaraniyan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	19	2	4				2928
.....k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	4	1				1378
Leska k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		16	3	1				621
Raşova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	30	21	10	1	1	Yamak		1	4506
Kırçova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			160	14					12082
Tuhovište k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	13	9	61	9	6				10692
Dondolište k. - vakıf	8	2	88	11	9				14085
Papus çf. - vakıf									523
Kutluca mz. - vakıf									1901
Tirliç k. - vakıf	7	3	467	94	49				92881
Vilkova k. - vakıf	15	2	92	8	7				13397
Uteka-i merh. Zağarcı Yakup Bey									
der-Aşağı Sengirti k.						Uteka	müslim	n.	13
der-Nefs-i Nevrekob nf.						Uteka	müslim	n.	10

TOTAL 1420 912 9743 1389 949 1123181

6. Timur-hisarı

TİMUR-HİSARI	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer			Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive				
						Çeltükçi	müslim		4
an Nefs-i Timur-Hisarı - hâss-i pâdişah	75	43	257	37	23	Akıncı	müslim		1 40360
						Sahib-i berevat	müslim		1
Sengel k. ma'denciyan- hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim hn.		24
						Ma'denci	müslim mcr.		8
						Ma'denci	gebrân hn.		218 30716
						Ma'denci	gebrân mcr.		22
						Ma'denci	gebran bive		26
Şugova k.an ma'denciyan- hâss-i pâdişah						Ma'denci	müslim hn.		11
						Ma'denci	müslim mcr.		9
						Ma'denci	gebrân hn.		360 30058
						Ma'denci	gebrân mcr.		55
						Ma'denci	gebrân bive		46
Novadrak k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		55	23	3				12155
Rayanova k. - hâss-i pâdişah	6	5	57	26	5				13780
Mutulova k. - hâss-i pâdişah	4		42	19	5				7987
Zagoriniç k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3		6						10561
Baraklı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	53	31							4179
Moksine mz. - hâss-i pâdişah									1336
Lagator k. - hâss-i pâdişah	8	2	42	5					5002
Çingâneyan-ı Timur hisarı- hâss-i pâdişah									
Dadko cm. - hâss-i pâdişah						Çingâneyan	müslim mcr.		7 4514
						Çingâneyan	gebrân hn.		159
						Çingâneyan	gebrân bive		5
Dimitri-duka cm. - hâss-i pâdişah						Çingâneyan	müslim hn.		13 2797
						Çingâneyan	müslim mcr.		3
						Çingâneyan	gebrân hn.		97
						Çingâneyan	gebrân bive		4
Yovan veled-i Kigo cm. - hâss-i pâdişah						Çingâneyan	gebrân hn.		33 500
						Çingâneyan	gebrân bive		1
Martin veled-i Bosilikov? Cm. - hâss-i pâdişah						Çingâneyan	gebrân hn.		35 930
						Çingâneyan	gebrân mcr.		5
Doran veled-i Keykov? Cm. - hâss-i pâdişah									300
Çeltüköyan-ı Kaza-yı mezbur									220510
Nehr-i Lagator - hâss-i pâdişah						Reis			2
						Çeltükçi	müslim hn.		14
						Çeltükçi	müslim mcr.		10
						Çeltükçi	gebrân hn.		32
						Çeltükçi	gebrân mcr.		8
						Çeltükçi	gebrân zevaid hn.		7
Nehr-i Rankofça- hâss-i pâdişah						Reis			1
						Çeltükçi	müslim hn.		17
						Çeltükçi	gebrân hn.		14
						Çeltükçi	gebrân mcr.		7
Çerşişte k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa	6	3	241	24	10				13995
Ruşulova k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa			63	31	8	Bâzdar	n.		2 3199
Dragotin k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa	1		12	3					2070
Radova k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa			47	7	2				3705
Raykofça k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa			5	1		ma'a mahsul-i çeltükçıyan			3356
Çereşniçe k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim Paşa			289	25	29				17320
Draganiçe k. - hâss-i hazret-i İbrahim P	3		119	5	1				5315
Küçük Poroy k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	2		85	16	6				5320
Dobropoli k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa			8	1					523
İskandal k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	12	3	30	4	1				3388
İspatova k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	10	3	59	4	2				4213
Kovaçova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			133	18	11				9698
İstreziçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	94	14	4				7462

6. Timur-hisarı

Savmak k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			158	33	11		5700
Mutniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	3	132	18	6		20478
Kuşova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	8	300	39	7		27366
Lipoşniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	5	46	12	2		7055
German k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			114	36	3		13871
Morokoştana k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		118	15	4		13652
Yörükân cm. ki karye-i Mutulova'da sakinlerdir - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Yörük hn.	10 580
						Yörük mcr.	18
İspança k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		84	12	6		15029
İştovniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	8	96	10	17	Eşkünci	2 15527
Breştîçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6				1115
Kamaryot k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		105	15	13		13058
Ablanîniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	3	85	24	6		9574
Kuruşeva k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	21	8	2		4032
Aşağı- Poroy- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	3	183	19	20		24597
Aleksova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	2	32	9	1		6067
Kalboçiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	56	11	2		6562
Lilova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	36	19	82	23	3		15094
İpekova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	3	41	12	2		7513
İvranya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			45	3	1		5672
Dobaya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			26	2			3556
Bilova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	8	29	4	1		5862
Radilova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		18	3	2		3532
Vılço-brod k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			46	7	3		3069
Gramadine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			62	11	3		5312
Todoraşniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			51	6	6		8274
Katunçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	5	7		8985
Hrasno k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			54	8	2		4000
Pulova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		88	15	8		13500
Kumarine k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			21	1	3		1955
İsveti-Petesne k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	5	42	19	4		6917
Suşîçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			51	12	3		10230
Müjdorak k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	14	4	93	20	4		12706
Kaşîne k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	4	2		2550
Küçük- İspançoava k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			17	3			2271
Küçük- İspançoava k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	1	1		1325
Todorokova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		70	14	6		9215
Palmişîçi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	7	77	10	8		10097
Küçük- Rupel- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	6			1072
Seleşne? mz. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						Hasıl an ôşr-i galat	1000
Rupel-i Büzürk k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			52	19	3		2490
Çokalova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		43	10	4		7000
Kîrya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	3	94	9	10		8325
Çapilova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	18	9	6		1		1562
Vişoslav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			40	21			2381
Siçova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		26	6	3		3860
Borova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	3			1518
Leşnica k.- vakîf			108	12	3		8284
Leskoviçe k. - emlâk	1	19	7	10			1788
TOTAL	367	202	4573	803	303		830427

## 7. Siroz

SİROZ	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl	
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive			
Nefs-i Siroz - hâss-i pâdişah	387	191	343	29	62	Hademe-i darbhane müslim n.	15	188301
						Hademe-i imaret-i Evrenos Beg müslimn.	22	
						Sahib-i Berevat müslim	9	
						Akıncı müslim	1	
						Çeltükçi müslim	11	
						Kiracıyan müslim n.	159	
						Kiracıyan müslim hn.	29	
						Kiracıyan müslim mcr.	11	
						Kiracıyan gebrân [müslim mh.içinde] hn.	48	
						Kiracıyan gebrân [müslim mh.içinde] mcr.	9	
						Kiracıyan gebrân [müslim mh.içinde] bive	10	
						Cema'at-i Yahuda hn.	65	
						Cema'at-i Yahuda mcr.	5	
Vasiliko k.- hâss-i pâdişah			31	2	2			4311
Vişani k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1	1	61	44	5			3941
Huminkos k.- hâss-i pâdişah			81	8	7			9476
Tahyanos k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2	1	89	27	11			19313
Aya Kirkyani mahallesi tabi-i Siroz- hâss-i pâdişah			14			ma'a mahsul-i mezra'a		5202
Aya Kirkyani mz. - hâss-i pâdişah								
Patrik k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		11	3	1			1683
Vernar? k.- hâss-i pâdişah			78	22	9			9725
İlişani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			38			Çeltükçi müslim	14	8558
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid hn.	19	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid mcr.	7	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid bive	4	
Çeltükçıyan-ı Enhar-ı Siroz- hâss-i pâdişah								
Nihor nehri- hâss-i pâdişah						Reis	1	
						Çeltükçi müslim n.	8	
						Çeltükçi gebrân n.	16	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid n.	8	
Durmuş nehri- hâss-i pâdişah						Reis	2	
						Çeltükçi müslim n.	5	
						Çeltükçi gebrân n.	14	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid n.	4	
Ali Paşa nehri- hâss-i pâdişah						Çeltükçi müslim n.	19	
						Çeltükçi gebrân n.	25	
						Çeltükçi gebrân mcr.	3	
İlişan nehri- hâss-i pâdişah						Çeltükçi müslim n.	14	
						Çeltükçi gebrân n.	38	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid n.	14	
						Çeltükçi gebrân zevaid mcr.	7	
Vanik k. - çiftlik-i Hüsrev Beg mir-liva-i Bosna			35	7	1			2598
Tunba-i Küçük k.- çiftlik-i Hüsrev Beg mir-liv			4	1	1			6182
Eksiro-Bigad mz.- çiftlik-i Hüsrev Beg mir-liva-i Bosna								535
Nihor k.- çiftlik-i Hüsrev Beg mir-	1		5	1	1			1653
Berziçko k.- çiftlik-i Hüsrev Beg mir-liva-i Bo			4	1				3970
Homondos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			50	6	5	Yörük	7	12577
Kasri k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		99	19	5			10374
Koçak k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			68	15	7			13491
Dragobad k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		53	8	4			13185
Kirtado k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			12	2	1			1218
Çüçülük k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		20	3	3			3245
Marthoz? K.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								453
Manastır-i Hilindar çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						bedel-i öşr ber vech-i maktu' fi sene		500
Sekrina? K.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		82	11	8			13160
Orlador k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		85	12	8			14864

## 7. Siroz

Nutiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			67	11	2			9382	
Göranıçı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			33	5				1445	
Ribal k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		65	11	8			9713	
Topolyani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5		73	9	6			11412	
Nikoslav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	1	68	11	4	Bâzdar	n.	4	11340
Sirohor k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			18	3	3	Bâzdar	n.	3	1524
Dervişani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			29	5	2				4549
Topolca k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	92	16	12				11359
Yedi-Değirmen k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	1	1						2575
Ustoyo k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			8	2					2283
Perlini k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			16	4	3				2353
Odobal k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		46	21	2				7185
Abidye k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	103	13	10				12624
Çerno-Gla k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			1						1000
Muklani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			25	5	4				2368
Banica k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	47	10	1				5006
Motuh k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		45	5	3				3500
Hristos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	1	69	12	2				7012
Menlikiç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			102	19	4				9581
Topolca k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			70	6	2				4103
Gaydorohor k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		75	9	4				12300
Yukaru-Nuska k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		98	22	10				12278
Laskari mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.									350
Petre mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						an oşr-i galat ve hububat			1226
Kopaç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11	1	84	15	8				15468
İfıraştani-Meloho k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			73	9	1				10457
Sokol k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			49	5	6				7260
Aşağı-Harziçko k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6	1	1				1008
Dimitriç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	9	3	48	11	5				7186
Likyen k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			25	3					1998
İskodos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			12	3					1487
Makri-Lakos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			20	2					685
Borlike k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14	7					4928
Megalo-Lakos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	4	4				2524
Çinços k. ma'a mezraa-i Saram - tîmâr-ı zm.			66	19	1				15049
Ayo-Yorgi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2	61	70	3				12259
Bulgareç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	1	2				3282
Sakaviç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			21	6	2				3039
Aya-Nargir k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			36	8	1				2902
Zuhkiye k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			4	1	1				1496
Munçani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			3						1975
Gudelin k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2	26	5	1				4783
Dimitri-Polid k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		10	1					3653
Karakala mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.									2006
Kalotin mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.									297
Yukaru-Kamenik k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5	1					1510
Groyan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			44	8					6120
Lako-Sofu-Doğan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	2	1				1746
Podim k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5	1					4834
Kavaklı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6		18	1	3				5455
Supa k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		59	12	4				6079
Kuruşova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			37	6	1				7446
Okso-Merto-Klav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			27	4	1	Bâzdar	n.	5	3582
						Bâzdar	mcr.	4	
Şuk-Cerno-Glav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			21	6	2				4143
Prusiniç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	3					669
Manastır-ı Pargarit çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ber vech-i maktu'			747
Lazar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	2	46	9	5				13677



## 7. Siroz

Suha-Bana k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		26	5	1	Bâzdar	n.	12	4013
Saruca-Başta k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		6	4					1397
Komaryani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		3	2					2445
Petriç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		14	3	1				1696
Orta-Köy k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		14	3					783
Apano-Ralkoviç k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		22	3					1578
Kara-Oğut k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.		72	6	6				7370
Eftelye k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								5220
Parandol mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								2513
Çengeryani mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1580
Nihor mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1525
Likora mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.					ber vech-i maktu'			1000
Manastır-ı Rus çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1500
Mevzi' be-nam-ı Kostanova - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								500
Keserapono k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1281
Mavropotan mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								50
Kato-Rahova k. - tîmâr-ı sarban		18	4		ma'a İvraştâ mz.			4188
Dovişte k. - tîmâr-ı bazdar		35	7					4820
Ejova k. - vakıf		280	83	18	fi sene			31887
Yanoş k. - vakıf		28	10	2	ma'a aşar-ı ahali-i karye-i .....			3299
Yenice-Bato k. - vakıf		30	15	2				3998
Mavaviniç k. - vakıf	1	47	6	1	ma'a mezraa-i Kodine benar-ı hor ve çiftlik-i manastır-ı Ayo Pavlo			4833
Manohos k. - vakıf	4	83	33	7				11765
Sarımsaklı k. - vakıf	1	274	32	20				34006
İblaka k. - vakıf		118	6	3				1201
Pınar-ı Umur Beg k. - vakıf		11	31	1				2159
Todo-Kosta k. - vakıf		56	17	1				6995
Tur Bali bin Kızıl İlyas cm. - vakıf	18	13						253
Timurtaş cm. - vakıf	15	9						189
Tobrukcu Ali cm. - vakıf	21	14						312
Mıkırı Çinços k. - vakıf		16	4	1				3047
Manastır-i Hilandar çf. - vakıf					ber vech-i maktu'			750
Ostrova k. - vakıf		86	17	7				4132
Uzun Ali k. - vakıf	28	12						7235
Çerne Reka k. - vakıf	2	15	3	3				3679
Koşo Glava k. - vakıf		42	6	2				9457
Kradelne k. - vakıf	1	54	9	7				7967
Budkova k. - vakıf	9	2	30	5	4			4635
Lozişte k. - vakıf		31	8	5				7456
İskavroş k. - vakıf	2	1	30	5	4			4160
Draganiçe k. - vakıf		41	7	4				6503
Todor k. - vakıf		34	4	1				5841
Karabrivye k. - vakıf		19	5	4				4618
İdnekok k. - vakıf		36	4	4				7076
Kladendra k. - vakıf		341	77					43789
Gorna Nevolyani k. - vakıf	5	91	11	9				16695
İyanikos k. - vakıf		28	4	3				3572
Aşağı Nevolyani k. - vakıf	2	39	4					4378
Kustro Liyanos k. - vakıf		34	6	3				5385
Kayakonos k. ma'a k.-i Visivri ve İspilto - vakıf		42	7	6				9337
Petric k. - vakıf		10	1					1941
Tumba k. - vakıf	3	1	81	14	5	ma'a mahsul-i dekakin ve gavmişan ve madeyan		36180
Kalu Hayrale k. - vakıf		38	2	3				3970
Kamaniç k. - vakıf	3	5	1					2080
Yörükân cm. - vakıf					Yörük	hn.	48	1556
					Yörük	mcr.	42	
Gilmanan-ı Koca Evrenos Beg - vakıf					Gilmanan	n.	12	

## 7. Siroz

Miryani k. - vakıf	3		146	19	5		16988
Borvine k. - vakıf	1		11	2			2591
Dragoş k. - vakıf	22	31	42	5	1		8371
Turiş k. - vakıf			13	1	1		3022
Abanay k. - vakıf			11	12	2		2377
Aya Triyande k. - vakıf			5	5	2		709
Ravna k. - vakıf			11				1464
Dobra k. - vakıf			32				3630
Koçan k. - vakıf	2		23	5	2		3391
İvrondi-yi Bala - emlak	1		261	52	12		13345
Apano Gradişte k. - emlak			64	40	4		9581
Kato Çerişte ? K. - emlak			19	1			5532
Drenova k.- emlak			26	6	5		2988
Proşenik k. - vakıf	1		45	8	6		7622
Büke mz. - vakıf			8				620
İsterne mz. - vakıf							337
Sanduk k. - vakıf		1	86	6	15		29489
İveroz k. - emlak	3		19	7	1		4827
Manastır-i İveroz çf. - emlak							750
Virzani k. - vakıf			35	9	3		4061
Panikoş k. - vakıf			78	18	10		15943
Kidalan mz. - vakıf							140

TOTAL

638 293 6519 1314 483

1142306

## 8. Selanik

SELANİK	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer		Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive			
Nefs-i Selanik - hâss-i pâdişah	1117	186	777	115	117	A'ma müslim	2	3149659
						Fertut müslim	3	
						Sahib-i Berevat müslim	39	
						Reis müslim	1	
						Ma'lul müslim	1	
						Akıncı müslim	1	
						Kayyum müslim	1	
						Bâzdar müslim	1	
						Cm-i Keşişan Rahiban n.	4	
						Cm-i Keşişan Rahiban maktu'	145	
						Zenbürekci gebrân n.	24	
						Tuzcıyan-ı İstanos gebrân n.	43	
						Tuzcıyan-ı İstanos gebrân mcr.	5	
						Yahudiyân-ı Nefs-i Selanik hn.	2509	
der Vromo Sirti k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh hn.	43	1243
						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh mcr.	6	
						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh bive	3	
der Portarya k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh hn.	106	3310
						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh mcr.	16	
						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh bive	4	
Dobromir k. - hâss-i pâdişah			25	15	1			2972
İzvor k. - hâss-i pâdişah			65	34	3			8983
Süleymanlu k. - hâss-i pâdişah	18	4						2993
Kapuçılar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	19	2						3362
Yil Değirmeni mz. - hâss-i pâdişah								1778
Kargara k. - hâss-i pâdişah	44	36						3986
Turhanlu k. - hâss-i pâdişah	41	25				Yamak	18	4481
Karpine k. - hâss-i pâdişah			16					606
Pişona k. - hâss-i pâdişah	9		18	4	1			4846
Ayo Mama k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1	1	74	17	27	Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh hn.	172	23391
						Tuzcıyan-ı mensuh mcr.	13	
Boyemiçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		18	4	1			15963
Çerne Reka k. - hâss-i pâdişah			44	4	8			4699
Vrov k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		11	2	2			1614
Manastır-ı Tu Mistiko çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						bedel-i öşr-i hububat ve bağat fi sene		400
Novasil k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1	1	94	8	9			4656
Konos k. - hâss-i pâdişah	6	3	290	40	62			29590
Nihor k. - hâss-i pâdişah			115	35	14			14438
Beşik k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2	1	354	41	56			137101
Ormiliya k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		73	9	8			12645
Eğri Bucak k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Yörük hn.	90	4069
						Yörük mcr.	27	
Dağ Göl k. - hâss-i pâdişah	68	22						3177
Lankaviçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		59	7	6			4966
Sikiz k. - hâss-i pâdişah			26	3	2			3293
Vatopezi k. - hâss-i pâdişah			28	4	5			4011
Karı Göl k. - hâss-i pâdişah	113	50						4344
Ayo Nata k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2	4	46	3	4			4018
İstefanya k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3		195	33	28			23617
Ayvadlar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3		82	7	4			10491
Kule çf. - hâss-i pâdişah								569
Topcı mz. - hâss-i pâdişah								2220
Serçi ve Nasuh Fakih cm. - hâss-i pâdişah								5037
						Yörük hn.	375	
						Yörük mcr.	258	
Kalaritoma k. - hâss-i pâdişah			12					4048

## 8. Selanik

Vasiliko k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		29	10	4			7681	
Aya Praskevi k. - hâss-i pâdişah			11	8	1			2825	
Paliroz k. - hâss-i pâdişah			33	8	3			12235	
Manastır-ı İsveti Vel çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						bedel-i öşr fi sene		1165	
Zumbad k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1	1	2	2				4713	
Mesimir k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2	1	13	6		ma'a mezraa-i Paliroz		10524	
Sedes k. - hâss-i pâdişah	7	1	13					1559	
Kıranlı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	14					ma'a resm-i otlak-ı Yörükân		8263	
Lanca k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1	2	165	33	25			16575	
Grajdanik k. - hâss-i pâdişah	5	5	58	7	3			4627	
Harapina k. - hâss-i pâdişah			30	7	1			3307	
Orizar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		17	9	4			4260	
Poliroz k. - hâss-i pâdişah			105	25	7			9496	
Supitnik k. - hâss-i pâdişah	2		117	27	11			10750	
Toplik k. - hâss-i pâdişah			94	12	5			7593	
Aya Paraskevi k. - hâss-i pâdişah			84	7				3425	
Senil k. - hâss-i pâdişah			115	21	19			5740	
Tuzcılar k. - hâss-i pâdişah	72	71	6			Müslim	bive	3	
Zvarnik k. - hâss-i pâdişah			29	3	4			2545	
Kalkova k. - hâss-i pâdişah			16	2				863	
Adem k. Tabi-i Sidrekapısı- hâss-i pâdişah			74	17	15			7748	
Ilica mz.- hâss-i pâdişah								1248	
Beşik Ilicası k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		11					1500	
der Yund Oğlanı k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Reaya-yı zevaid	hn.	84	
Köprüciler zevayidindendir						Reaya-yı zevaid	mcr.	9	
						Reaya-yı zevaid	bive	5	
Varnoz mz.- hâss-i pâdişah						an bağat-i Selanik		5000	
Manastır-ı Iksiro Potam çf.- hâss-i pâdişah								800	
Manastır-ı İdyodari çf.- hâss-i pâdişah								450	
Manastır-ı Vatopezi çf.- hâss-i pâdişah						ber vech-i maktu		673	
Manastır-ı Ayo Triyade çf.- hâss-i pâdişah								417	
Tuzcıyan-ı Kaza-i Selanik - hâss-i pâdişah						hâss-i pâdişah ma'a kapudani		3968067	
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Kılarino						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	125
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	32
						Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	6
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Kelemerye						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	321
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	71
						Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	27
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Presto						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	234
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	12
						Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	51
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Kara						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	268
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	42
						Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	27
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Küçük Kranlı						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	36
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	12
						Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	5
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i Cedid						Tuzcı	müslim	hn.	39
						Tuzcı	müslim	mcr.	10
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı memleha-i İstilos						Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	25
						Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	5
Çeltükçıyan-ı Nehr-i Orizar- hâss-i pâdişah						Çeltükçi	gebrân	n.	24
[Madeyan-ı Vardar] der karye-i Yund Köy k. - hâss-i pâdişah						Hidmetkaran-ı madeyan	gebr	hn.	13
						Hidmetkaran-ı madeyan	gebr	mcr.	17
Mustahfızan-ı Cisir-i Berat-ı Vardar- hâss-i pâdişah						Mustahfızan-ı cisir	gebr	hn.	37
						Mustahfızan-ı cisir	gebr	mcr.	24
Kriçana ve Ravsab? Mz.- hâss-i pâdişah									8509
Nihor k. Tabi-i Sidrekapısı- hâ	1		49	12	4			2031	

## 8. Selanik

Nikit k. tabi-i Sidrekapısı - hâss-i Hazret-i İ	94	23	16				6189
Sironiçe k.- hâss-i Hazret-i İbrahim Paşa	45	20					3078
Ayo Dimitri k.- hâss-i Hazret-i İbrahim Paşa	70	14	9				3048
Kaliviye k.- hâss-i Hazret-i İbrahim Paşa	80	13					2196
Bankara k.- hâss-i Ahmed Çe	37	14	243	23	23		31641
Korto Kolye k.- hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterd	69	16	5	Şahinci	n.	3	7895
Adramir k.- hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterdar-	122	14	17				14328
Govendar k.- hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi defterda	34	3	4				2545
Palo Kuruşeva k.- hâss-i Nişancı Beg	44	8	3				3044
Gomato k. -an ze'amet-i Rüstem Çelebi def	111	22	14				7520
Zuca k. -an ze'amet-i Rüstem	4	1	25	2	3		2932
Mavrova k. -an ze'amet-i Rüs	27	6	64	19	12		6315
Lahana k. -an ze'amet-i Rüste	11		70				2576
Nigovanci k. -an ze'amet-i Rüs	5		42				1592
Pogorodiçe k. -an ze'amet-i Rüstem Çelebi	53						1796
Lanco k. -an ze'amet-i Rüstem Çelebi	10	2	2				1533
Kapıştıçe k. -an ze'amet-i Rüstem Çelebi	59						2497
Durmuşlı k. -hâss-i Ahmed Be	34	10					4256
Vasilak k. -hâss-i Ahmed Beg bin Sinan Pa	177	26	20				15679
Lutava k. -hâss-i Ahmed Beg bin Sinan Paş	127	11	10				8515
İvramid mz. -hâss-i Ahmed Beg bin Sinan Paşa						Çiftlik-i Manastr-i İksenof	1165
						Çiftlik-i Manastr-i Ayo Pavlo	
Kulfalı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	59	36					3999
Armutlu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	33	20					2691
Miryofti k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			36	5	4		15893
Panaya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			15	10			2349
Gavrani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			47	23			6103
Selce k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	5			2226
Sarı Yar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	21	11					1996
Suha k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5		239	44	22		22112
İstefanilyot k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve s	34	15	63	8			8255
Girimice k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	49	9	300	28	28		34588
Çerno Glav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve	1	1	45	10	6		5343
Baslar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	8	1	41	17	5		9130
Tunba k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	1	8	1	1	ma'a aşar ki ez-haric ziraat .....	2725
İşıklar Obası k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve	11	3					3348
Rendina k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			116	14	32		12194
Bamika? K.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			62	23	6		10045
Dunaviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5				500
Balofoça k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	2	181	48	22		20561
Kanica k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	2	106	30	10		12232
Girimyani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			67	26	4		9447
İkizceler k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2	4	6			1332
Sislav k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	2	91	21	6		11296
Bolonkos k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	4	4		4407
Rahova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			16	5	1		1554
Ayvasil k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	97	12	14		7192
Petkır k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			57	9	9		4361
Da'ire-i Göl-i Ayvasil mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1018
Sezaclu? K.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	43	5					5571
Arıklı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	47	13	1				4498
Vromi Sırni k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			35	8	5	ma'a mahsul-i tuzciyan-ı mensuh	4912
Komanıçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			111	30	14		10477
Korona Kargılık mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							918
İzbor k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			118	16	18		10412
Tunya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			31	14	4		3249
Peştera k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			46	10	6		4865
Pınarıçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	10			2735

## 8. Selanik

Beravova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			118	15	21			6912
Golaço k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			189	22	13			8114
İzvor k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12		26					1239
Tumbiya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			134	42	13			20020
Mir Ali k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	37	40						1196
Sulova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			8	10				2542
Soroviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			21	3	2			3586
Kokniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	17	20	56	17	5			6463
Ruhat k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	2				914
Buday k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6			Bâzdar	gebrân	3 4084
Uzguraf k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14	3	1			1852
Varvaro mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1500
Yerakar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	4	79	25	11			6998
Metangiç k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			24	3				4084
Handaka k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			20	1	3			2797
Peçoman k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3		42	9	3			4511
Kokolova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			22	5	4			3194
Gradine mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						an öşr-i galat ve hububat		100
Zarova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		75	10	14			5028
Ayo Nikola k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			20	5	2			2495
Bargardik k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			11	2	1			1620
Leskoviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			27	7	1			3771
Libadova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			52	10	3			7309
Manastır-ı İksene Fonto çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						bedel-i öşr ber vech-i maktu		700
Yedi Gönve ? Mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								100
Üç Gazilü k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	35	35						1618
Klayapa k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	31	8	148	31	26			18696
Ayo Yorgi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			22	4				2384
Golopina k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			4	7	1			997
Güvelice k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			36	25	6			7186
Modi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			52	6	5			3660
Gazi Çiftliği mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								192
Mirova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	6	37	9	5			4895
Komenit mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								198
Ağnados k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			21		1			2360
Mihova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						hasil-ı penbe		900
der karye-i Beravova- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			18	1	2			
der karye-i Horgo Polo- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			3	1	1			
der karye-i İgrajdenik- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5					
Yanikova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			14	6	2			1856
Krotolye k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	5		37	12	2			5092
Nuda k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			20	5	4			3541
Koçkar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	17		51	6	7			4522
Kalkova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			64	62				3463
Sahalu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	32							5590
Krasaçani k. ve Ayo Nana k. v	1	1	23	4	4			3340
Kiliselü-Köy k. ve Sedlar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								
Harakine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			30	7	2			3552
Valma k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			38	6	5			3094
İslatina k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	3	28	5	7			8930
İstan k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			7	4				455
Çernilove mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								130
Kavaklu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	19	2						2984
İvladodor k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9					252
Gabrova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			24	4	1			4212
Tirtirova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			52	14	8			7830
Konikova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		45	7	2			4169
Ayo Nikola mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								150

## 8. Selanik

Layna k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	1	70	10	6			9568
Proto Kavalar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			11	3	1			1591
İlica k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6	6				1855
Portarya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			109	14	11			7300
Şamlu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	11							920
Kara Cüllahlâr k.- tîmâr-ı zm.	21	20						1076
Yabulka k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			26	7	2			1368
Valgad k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			10	8	1	Gemici	Reis	1481
						Gemici	Gemici	12
						Gemici	mcr.	4
Dudula k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			15					3322
İstamatova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			38	43	5			3798
Zagliver k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6		116	31	14			11158
Lanco Zuglanya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	8	3			3512
İkrotir k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1	53	3	7				5330
Gorgopik k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			16		2			1422
Riçne k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			15					1397
Gülecüklü? k. - tîmâr-ı zm. ve	38	8						2582
Sargaçlu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp	46	22						1541
Mokotor k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			6		1			300
Leskova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5					712
Nareş k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			3	1				175
Dubniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	3	6	33	7	4			4400
Vilerat mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								1500
İpekli k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	1				Yamak		1491
Karıcalar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp	49	14						6019
Hrandarye k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			34	13				4068
Sana k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			86	14	14			15000
Yund Oğlanı Karyesi mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								5186
Leveni k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	7	2	79	3	7			4207
Brasko k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			33	7	5			2204
Topçılar k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	62	10				ma'a mezraa-i Gradijde		3536
Güvezde k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp	30	15	214	38	17			25408
Yadanişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			13					1863
İspiro Kilise? k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve	2		7	2				1772
Baroviçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			22	8				1087
Kiremid k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			28	48	8			3085
Aya Konide k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			11		2			736
Rus k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			7					614
Ayo Yorgi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								702
İklamurlu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp	18	11	7					1748
Pravite k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			5	1				709
Lukova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	11	1			2740
Saruca Umur k. - tîmâr-ı must	18	2						2274
Saru Keşiş mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								1022
Konaka k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			17	4				1840
İstanova k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfiz	1		60	11	4			5869
Gumeniç k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			52	44	8			11745
Toşilova k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			67	69	16			13855
Reştenik k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfiz	1		23	10	4			5800
Aya Pereskeva k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			15	2	1			1012
Vişani k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			40	5	4			5400
Rafti n.d Kırklar k. - tîmâr-ı mu	7	1				Yamak		2800
Miravite k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfiz	2	3	166	30	24			11300
İvrasta k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			143	28	24	ma'a çiftlik-i manastır-ı Uzguraf		14025
İskamana k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfiz	44	15	1			Yamak		4200
İvrolance k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			42	15		Yamak		7000
Suda k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			56	10	10			12100

## 8. Selanik

Sedlar k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			17	3	3			2100
Çernikova k. - tîmâr-ı mustahf	18	12	99	7	12			12283
Likodor k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			47	7	5			5600
Lemin k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan	5	2	3					2600
Loroto mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								7091
Agasya k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfiza	21	4				Yamak	5	5300
İşova mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								500
İksenor mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								2000
Vatonye mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								1500
Küçük İvrasta k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			16	7	2			3100
Varvar mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								4200
Petre mz. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan								2800
Goredna k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan			83	22	12			10198
Çikandil k. - tîmâr-ı mustahfizan	1	16	1	3				1400
Rab k.-tîmâr-ı mirahor-i şütürbayan ve meremmetçiyan			43	7	2			4557
Kırklı k.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan	6	1				Yamak	12	1006
						Eşkünci	3	
Koru-yı Hassa mz.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan	38	14						3829
Saruban çf.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan	23							2464
İskamano mz.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan						Ortakçıyan-ı Deveciyan	n.	20
						Ortakçıyan-ı Deveciyan	mcr.	9
Efelye mz.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan								1500
Kondara mz.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan								978
Marko Yani mz.-tîmâr-ı mirahor ve meremmetçiyan								884
Klidi k. - vakıf			64	4		ma'a dalyanha		21099
Korfu k. - vakıf			38	3		ma'a dalyanha		12051
İnehoz k. - vakıf			42	24				7536
Plani k. - vakıf			45			ma'a dalyanha		10210
Grobeştiçe k. - vakıf			16	17	5	cizyesi miriye için zabt olunur		3989
Livadica k. - vakıf			21	3		cizyesi miriye için zabt olunur		2196
Kuraştani k.- vakıf	33	9				Yörük	4	3023
Hızır Bali k.- vakıf	40	4						3052
Remil k.- vakıf			89	14	4	cizyesi miriye için zabt olunur		6258
Maliç k.- vakıf			106	4		ma'a cizye		11135
Kulfallu k.- vakıf	61	12						5890
Kılıç Eri k.- vakıf	10	3						1581
Bahşi Bali k.- vakıf	22	2				Yamak	1	2057
Davudçi k.- vakıf	33	4				Yamak	7	2843
Menteşelü k.- vakıf	29	4						1887
Yaylacı k.- vakıf	12							1898
Çirikci k.- vakıf						Çiftlik	4	463
Kayağlı k.- vakıf	35	13				Sahib-i Berevat müslim	1	3398
Mustafaca k.- vakıf	34	24				Sahib-i Berevat müslim	3	3838
Cüllahlar k.- vakıf	26	20						3328
Kırcalar k.- vakıf	30	12						2506
İlhanlı k.- vakıf	12							1042
Sunkurlu k.- vakıf	31	21						3045
Sarıca k.- vakıf	26	14						1455
Kargalı Öyük k.- vakıf	22	10						1754
Sasalu k.- vakıf	36	8						2304
Küleki k.- vakıf			180		1	ma'a cizye		25623
Canbazlar k.- vakıf	17	11						1388
İdrislü k.- vakıf	8							1196
Kapuçılar k.- vakıf	31	5						2957
Bağluca k.- vakıf			169	10	2	ma'a cizye		23730
Gonoyna k.- vakıf			213	12		ma'a cizye		27116
Nareş k. - vakıf			65	14	2	ma'a cizye		9633
Dirmi Glava k.- vakıf			53	5		ma'a cizye		8445



## 8. Selanik

Lologut k.- vakıf			102	15	1	ma'a cizye		13101
Gradeyoz k.- vakıf			58	12		ma'a cizye		10231
Memre k.- vakıf			40	5	1	ma'a cizye		5472
Göçeri k.- vakıf		1				Çiftlik	12	3093
						Yörük	5	
Kademçi k.- vakıf	8							2087
Turhanlu k.- vakıf	2					Çiftlik	10	3674
Ala Kilise k.- vakıf			157	7		ma'a cizye		16387
Çıkarova k.- vakıf			65	9	4	ma'a cizye		8743
Romanova k.- vakıf			50	14		ma'a cizye		4889
Andares mz.- vakıf								6585
Mavri İskele mz.- vakıf						der- tasarruf-ı imam-ı cami		1268
Halife Viranı mz.- vakıf						der- tasarruf-ı du'ayi		797
Ayo Leksandra mz.- vakıf						ber vech-i maktu		1300
Maruda k.- vakıf	5	6	136	17	4			19550
Hortaç k.- vakıf	18	23	110	18	4	ma'a cizye ve adet-i ağnam		24630
Diragna k.- vakıf			70	30	1	ma'a cizye		9328
Petri Pikad k.- vakıf			59	34	6	ma'a cizye		10198
Daziko k.- vakıf			59	58		ma'a cizye		15989
Livadica k. - vakıf			65	32		ma'a cizye		7686
Ravna k.- vakıf			71	4		ma'a cizye		8844
Davdos k.- vakıf			143	72		ma'a cizye		21115
Galatiç k.- vakıf			618	39	12	ma'a cizye ve asiyabha		109228
Bojik k.- vakıf	3		167	32	28			22417
Kara oğlu k.- vakıf	29	8				Yamak	3	2963
Ağca Ayaklu k.- vakıf	24	4				Yamak	2	2705
Bozaç k.- vakıf			41	8	5			5209
Bozaç k.- vakıf			19	4	1			1473
Milvan k.- vakıf	5	3	14	12	6			3320
Doğancı k.- vakıf	23	3						2664
Yahyalu k. - emlâk	27	8						2583
Vardaryot k.- emlâk	2		48	13		ma'a cizye		8872
Virlanova k.- emlâk			23	4		mezraa-i Yanık Söğüt		3367
Baba Köy k.- vakıf	22	2	27	3				5012
Hidmetkaran-ı Asitane-i merhum Bayezid Baba						Hidmetkaran-ı asitane	n.	21
Karye [eksik] - vakıf	12	1	1					1267

TOTAL 3477 1143 14083 2795 1336

9144045

## 9. Sidre-kapsi

SİDRE-KAPSI	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr	Hn.	Mcr	Bive		
Nefs-i Sidre-Kapsi - hâss-i pâdişah	47	22	609	120	46	Katiban-ı ma'den	4 155717
						Muhassıl	2
İzvor k. - ma'denciyan - hâss-i pâdişah							
Piyavice k. - ma'denciyan - hâss-i pâdişah							
Erisos k. - hâss-i pâdişah			72	11	10	ma'a çiftlik-i Manastır-i İksiro Potam	11926
İveroz k. - hâss-i pâdişah			34	9	8		4851
Alob k. - hâss-i pâdişah			18	2	3		1499
İladiyak k. - hâss-i pâdişah			29	2	3		2311
Komanıçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah			20	6	4		1509
İkseno k. - hâss-i pâdişah			1	1	1		99
Burgoz-i Uzguraf k - hâss-i pâdişah			3				110
Prisko k. - hâss-i pâdişah			1				25
Smir? k. Derbend muhafazasının iderler - hâss-i pâdişah						Derbendci gebrân hn.	29 2219
						Derbendci gebrân mcr.	4
Ravenik k. an kömürçiyân - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.	177 20187
						Kömürçi gebrân mcr.	18
						Kömürçi gebrân bive	21
Palyohor k. an kömürçiyân - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.	106 9905
						Kömürçi gebrân mcr.	17
						Kömürçi gebrân bive	12
						Şahinci hn.	7
						Şahinci mcr.	4
Sulova k. Derbend-i mezburı hıfz itdükleri...- hâss-i pâdişah						Derbendci gebrân hn.	57 4508
						Derbendci gebrân mcr.	10
						Derbendci gebrân bive	2
Yeni- Köy k. an kömürçiyân - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi müslim hn.	60 2145
						Kömürçi müslim mcr.	5
Ralikova k. an kömürçiyân - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.	17 1846
						Kömürçi gebrân mcr.	4
						Kömürçi gebrân bive	1
Varvara k. an kömürçiyân - hâss-i pâdişah						Kömürçi gebrân hn.	14 760
Buyharda k. - hâss-i pâdişah			26				744
Manastır-ı Lavra çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							700
Arispeniç? k. - hâss-i pâdişah			14				755
Monomah k. - hâss-i pâdişah			20		3		1316
Manastır-ı Ayo Pavlo çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							841
Manastır-ı Vatope çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							1030
Manastır-ı İksenof çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							529
Manastır-ı Ruso çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							505
Manastır-ı Linkos çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						ber vech-i maktu	1203
Manastır-ı Kutlumos çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						bedel-i öşr ber vech-i maktu fi sene	1000
Manastır-ı Uzguraf çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						bedel-i öşr ber vech-i maktu fi sene	594
Manastır-ı Lavra çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							1216
Manastır-ı İdyo Milisto? çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							938
Manastır-ı Derebalı çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							217
Manastır-ı Vatope çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						ber vech-i maktu	1094
Manastır-ı Hilandar çf. - hâss-i pâdişah						bedel-i öşr fi sene	300
Leskovine kilisesi - hâss-i pâdişah							100
Manastır-ı Hilandar çf. - hâss-i pâdişah							200
Keşişan-ı Aynaroz						Manastır bab	200
						Keşişan n.	1424

TOTAL

47 22 847 151 78

232899

## 10. Avrat-hisarı

AVRAT-HİSARI	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Nefs-i Avrat Hisarı - hâss-i pâdişah	18	2	33	5	2		12297
İvlanik k. - hâss-i pâdişah			62	10	2		8669
Kireçova k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3		37	25	8		6420
Koca Ömerlü k. - hâss-i pâdişah	15	5				Yamak ma'a Yörük	8 2454
Beglerli k. - hâss-i pâdişah	18	9				Yörük	5 2232
Marsilova mz. - hâss-i pâdişah							280
Mihali k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		50	4	3		8778
Postolar k. - hâss-i pâdişah			42	4			5876
Eyyub mz. - hâss-i pâdişah						an ez-haric	610
Biredomirci k. - hâss-i pâdişah	4		113	25	2		18572
İmalofça k. - hâss-i pâdişah			39	8	2		5908
İstremikova k. - hâss-i pâdişah			20	8	4		1852
Davudlı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	19	1					2240
Malorci k. - hâss-i pâdişah			46	21	11		6077
Babratina k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3		257	65	21		25833
Bogdanıçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah	5		195	50	10		15165
Menemancı k. - hâss-i pâdişah	4		115	27	5		22842
İgradine k. - hâss-i pâdişah	3	1	194	69	13		20170
Kırca Halil mz. - hâss-i pâdişah							280
Arablar mz. - hâss-i pâdişah							106
Kovalınçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah			44	17	2		8620
Drevene k. - hâss-i pâdişah			41	28		an reaya-yı karye	6808
						Derbendci hn.	21
						Derbendci mcr.	12
Lubniçe k. - hâss-i pâdişah	1		87	35	7		14372
Petraliç mz. - hâss-i pâdişah							3664
Ayo Dimitri k. - an hâss-i İbrahim Paşa			6	2			1464
İslovinçe k.- an hâss-i İbrahim Paşa			54	15	3	Bâzdar n.	17 4825
Nigrovici k. - an hâss-i Ayas Paşa			80	21	2		9573
Muyin k. - an hâss-i Ayas Paşa			16	27			1379
Kilindir k. - an hâss-i Ayas Paşa	7		88	17	7		5362
Dobrofoça k. - an hâss-i Kasım Paşa			24	6			1435
Daynova k. - an hâss-i Kasım Paşa	8	3	207	32	18		16506
Çugunci k. - an hâss-i Kasım Paşa	2		83	12			5122
Yanleşova k. -an hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi	11	7	196	67	6		13665
Kilkis k.-an hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi	1		195	93	7		8735
İspança k.-an hâss-i Ahmed Çelebi			88	33	3		8833
Bogorodiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	151	27	17			15478
Doğancı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	6	1					1438
Kalinova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	109	48	7		12889
Manastır-ı Rus çf.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.							1000
İstoyakova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	109	39	7		17996
Gavalarya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		73	34	10		12465
Girbaşil k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	72	18	6		6823
Boyorgere k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		81	16	7		9269
Sekova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		57	12	12		8324
İsmol k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			29	5	2		3111
Dipavat?? k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			66	14			7693
Kıparis k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			44	14	6		5805
Kazanova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	7	6		2268
Runci k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp..			43	6	2	Yörük	6 4613
Maçukova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			44	9	5	ma'a ez-haric	5822
Belo Çernova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	5	16	6	2		5180
Gırçıšte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			30	9	4		2835
Sermin k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	6			527
Korpeştiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			17	4	1		4235

## 10. Avrat-hisarı

Frankova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			32	7	1			3743
Dragomirci k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2		33	11	2			3414
Zihnova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			45	8	4			6254
Novolyani k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	2	1	29	10	3			5027
Brest k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			41					3095
Dobroşova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			23	5	2			2577
Haydarlu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	20	5				Sahib-i Berevat	1	4346
Kovaniçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			36	6				2715
Vladaya k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			19	25	1			3161
Magnedliva?? mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.								420
Çerņiçe k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			19	5	3			1248
Vardine k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	1		29	4	3	Yörük	3	3421
Hacı Yunuslu k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	12	3				Yörük	1	1596
Palmış k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			50	8	4			4450
Korkuta k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	4	1	87	22	4			7249
Kabakalı mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						bedel-i öşr ber vech-i maktu		1100
Prdeyci k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			83	12	7			7437
Raleşiçi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			42	18	1			7662
Igrita k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			8	5				1077
Pasariçi k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			72	11	9			10000
Çerkovişte k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			9	3				431
Dündarlı k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.	10	6						1512
Ostrezova k.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.			17	7	2			2812
Gorniler?? mz.- tîmâr-ı zm. ve sp.						ez-haric		500
Harzan Gölü k. - hâss-i mir-liva-i Selanik	2	1	78	10	7			7979
Kireç k. - hass-i mir-liva-i Selanik			72	20	4			4717
Bayofça k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			51	19	6			7646
İspança k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			21	5	4			3554
Hırsova k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			60	31	7			12700
Novasil k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			31	5	3	ma'a yörükân		8402
						Yörük	7	
Gevgel k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			24	13	5			4688
İsmokoviçe k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			29	32	1			4300
Broslavci k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			72	22	4			8500
Pogana k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı kala-i Selanik			59	7	7			5317
Ali Hocalar k. -an tîmâr-ı mustahfizan-ı k	54	12						7402
Rogonofça k. - vakıf	22		80	9	7	ma'a cizye		8751
Rahoviçe k. - vakıf	1		58	21	2	gayri ez-cizye		9636
Selmancık k. - vakıf	44	22						3738
Göl Obası k. - vakıf	30	20						3117
Yaycılar k. - vakıf	29	4						3069
Salci k. - vakıf	66	24						6227
Kara Pınarlı k. - vakıf	62	30						6703
Koca Hızırlı k. - vakıf	42	21						3706
Kavaklı k. - vakıf	21	6						1965
Selmanlı k. - vakıf	7	1				Yamak	4	1394

TOTAL

584 345 4570 1351 318

613553

## 11. Yenice-i Vardar

YENİCE-İ VARDAR	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl		
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive				
Nefs-i Yenice-i Vardar	450	78	24			Akıncı	12	20000	
-ze'amettir						Pir-i fani	2		
						Pir-i müflis	1		
						sipâhî-zade müslim	1		
						Uteka	13		
						Ehl-i berat müslim	15		
						Ehl-i berat ve hatib	2		
						Ehl-i berat ve müezzin	2		
Lipara k. - hâss-i pâdişah	10	2	310	38	15			15631	
Ahiler k.- hâss-i pâdişah	36	12						1520	
Nezirici k.- hâss-i pâdişah	28	8						1520	
Prod k.- hâss-i pâdişah			228	56	3			21582	
Gornişor k.- hâss-i pâdişah			43	7	4			2359	
Kapina k.- hâss-i pâdişah			75	21	5			14330	
Rijde k.- hâss-i pâdişah			63	22	5			10511	
Kosturyani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			68	6	1			6030	
Kasiniçe k.- hâss-i pâdişah			36	6				4978	
Golema Reka k.- hâss-i pâdişah			16	14	2			1695	
Sirmorin k.- hâss-i pâdişah	8		69	11	5			7677	
Çakuni k.- hâss-i pâdişah			28	4	1			3027	
Ayo İlya k.- hâss-i pâdişah	13	3	281	63	5			29986	
Torova k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		30	9	1			9568	
Leskovine k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		40	25	6	sipâhî-zade müslim	1	14805	
Nefs-i Vodena kasaba- hâss-i K	48		132	14	30	Hidmetkaran-ı imaret müslim	7	15213	
						Ehl-i berat müslim	2		
						Pir-i nâ-tüvan müslim	3		
Gorşiçi k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			79	16	4			4174	
Kaşıkcılar k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	11		14	4	1			895	
Eski Köy k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	14							790	
Huma k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			25	7	3			2310	
Niyakova k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			81	14	1			3098	
Morkop k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			45	14	1			3894	
Sögütlü k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	31		67	7	1			4672	
Hacı İshak k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	25	4						1461	
Nutya k. -der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	6	224	84	23				29954	
Veştica k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			89	15	12			12205	
Sülüklü k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	11	2						2933	
Fuşani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			112	16	6	Bâzdar	n.	4	8436
Vinilişte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	3	1	57	10	9			4094	
Dilgo Prod k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	3	1			891	
Bizova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			47	12	1			6163	
Koloday k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			153	19	14			15894	
Poçeb k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			61	19	2			6986	
Mavrani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			14	5				2096	
Vudrişte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr	5	1	135	20	7			24666	
İstefanya k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			105	11	11			15385	
Baba k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı s	63	11	93	12	9			16514	
Podos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	2	1	47	6	4			6594	
Todorica k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			102	21	1			2666	
Alomat k. -der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	1		37	9				3308	
Vilçište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20	4				1558	
Çanga k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			19	8	1			1392	
Armudcılar k.-der ze'amet ve tîm	25	4						2103	
Çarko Yani mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								150	
İslatina k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			148	10	16			8864	
Gostolob k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâ	1		76	9				5240	

11. Yenice-i Vardar

Ribanıçe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		1					68
Pilorik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		109	9	5			13894
Kuroşin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		32					1625
Bahova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		28	6				3226
İsperlik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	36						2930
Gropa k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	3	99	13	9			7030
Kamenik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		38	5	6			3784
Oşani-i Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	38	6			Voynuğan-ı mensuh	hn.	3 2111
Berislafça k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	64	12	5				7133
Lugunci k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		133	29	2			12585
Dragoman k.-der ze'amet ve tîm	5	185	34	14			18355
Tristenik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr	2	95	14				8559
Palyohor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		40	4	4			4181
Mesimer k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		81	30	8			7734
Çoko Yani k.-der ze'amet ve tîm	1	49	9	7			5857
İlpohor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	3	91	12	16			12442
Mandal k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		129	17	4			12313
Kara Hamza k.-der ze'amet ve tî	24	3			Akıncı		1 2140
Kozka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	1	33	9				3462
Dedova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		36	28	5			5707
Drenova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		117	15	5			9796
Siboçka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr	1	89	16	3			10138
Ayo Yorgi k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		39	28				3358
Bele Vode k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	12				2276
İstari k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		36	12				3006
Vingani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		16	3				2343
Alagöz k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	1	30	5				1643
Kaluşan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	7				2575
Sermetica k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		118	25	8			16321
Babyanı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr	1	105	13	9			11772
Serakin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	5	109	27	1			9785
Koçuklani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		33	5	2			1641
Oşani-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	66	14	4				5446
Palyo Kasrı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		12	2	2			3996
Severin-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	81	16					7565
Kupa k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		9	7				515
Sendel k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı	19	4					2692
Ozan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı s	5	36	17	1			4356
Manastır-ı Küçük k.-der ze'amet	9	1	5				977
Arisi k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp	1	71	15	4			12594
Ayo Nikola k.-der ze'amet ve tîm	1	35	3	2			3465
Mahalle-i Lazar k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	30	10	3				2683
Livadica k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		33	32	2			4878
Korindo k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		36	4				2957
İsperlik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	6				1471
Prişor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		68	14	1			4237
İzvor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp	1	21	3	3			2003
İgramos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		9	5	3			1069
Lipara mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							8999
Prebodişte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	46	8	2				7054
Opimova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		30					1330
Eflah k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı s	1	118	4	7			9079
Çerņișova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	53	8	2				5090
Hranislav k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		45	4	3			4709
Kozişani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr	3	129	14	7			11695
Çavuşlı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	32	3					5086
Kalurad k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		44	6	4			4410
Ahıryasnu k.-der ze'amet ve tîm	6	3					642

11. Yenice-i Vardar

Trebolıçe k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		34	4	4			5940	
Bulani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		61	10	2			10000	
Boşan k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		32	90	4			5044	
Severin-i Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		57	8	3			5996	
İstropine k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	1	129	48	5			14821	
Koncisko k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		56	9				3274	
Polani mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							896	
Tuşlim k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		69	13	5			5293	
Mavriyani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		58	12	5			6149	
Kissalar k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	11	8					964	
Koyun Halil k.-der ze'amet ve tır	9	5					1958	
Kenimova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		26	5				3097	
Leskova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		50	15	1			3055	
Jivanište k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		32	4	1			2680	
Bele Çerkova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							323	
Vulkoviyani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		39	10	3			3081	
Kaşıkcılar k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	29	16					1565	
Oşlani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		53	10	4			4168	
Ya'kubcı k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	27	3					3530	
Keremü'd-din k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	23	3					2731	
İvladan k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	1	48	9	2			4604	
Yerakar k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		24	2				2301	
Yerakarcı mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							200	
Deliklü Kaya k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	9	6					1393	
Hacı Köy k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	33	4	7				3000	
Rotiva k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		10	6				2193	
İrborçor k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		36	6	1			2916	
Drajilova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		68	30	7			5027	
Dobro k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		16	8				1889	
Bede k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	13	4					2581	
Virbyani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		23	6	1			1983	
İne beyi k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	13	1					2580	
Tumba k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	2	25	9	2			2234	
Amedci k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	7	2					1211	
Aşağı Rodulova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	20	3	1				2500	
Kıvırcuk k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr	7	1					945	
Lofova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		22	3	4			1313	
Yahşi k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		23	7	1			1769	
Radomir k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		64	4	5			5192	
Rajova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		2	2				432	
Kalabak Kaya mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							500	
İştoryani mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							212	
Poroz mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.							135	
Cema'at-i Çeltükçıyan-ı Enhar-ı Kaza-yi Yenice-i Vardar								
an Nehr-i Pınarbaşı					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	30
					Çeltükçi	müslim	bive	4
an Nehr-i Sarı Kadı					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	23
an Nehr-i Kapiyani					ma'a mücerred			
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	39
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	mcr.	7
an Nehr-i Karye-i Korova					ma'a zevayid ve mücerred			
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	69
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	bive	3
an Nehr-i Belo-Çerkovo					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	37
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	bive	1
an Nehr-i Piskopiya		109		12	ma'a mücerred ve zevayid			
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	109
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	bive	12

11. Yenice-i Vardar

Nefs-i Vodena nf.	1		4				
Eflah k.- vakıf			137		2		19004
Bulgar k.- vakıf			55		2		7756
Hisar Begi k.- vakıf	59	3					7947
Obrıçe k.- vakıf			12	2	2		1896
Karyotine k.- vakıf			111	13			25828
Burgaz k.- vakıf			62	15			9680
Çekre k.- vakıf			21	7			3609
Eftelye k.- vakıf			44	6			14401
<b>TOTAL</b>		1200 453	7798	1559	430		930402



## 12. Kara-verye

KARA-VERYE	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Nefs-i Çitroz nf. - hâss-i pâdişah			47	6	7		79078
Kolindir k.- hâss-i pâdişah			17	3	3		40062
Kazniç k.- hâss-i pâdişah			44	17	3		12369
Kato Gode k.- hâss-i pâdişah			22	4	4		4369
Turya k.- hâss-i pâdişah			100	24	10		22238
Libanova k.- hâss-i pâdişah	3		31	13	2		38287
Loncistos k.- hâss-i pâdişah			30	2			25200
Apanoyomode k.- hâss-i pâdişah			18	3	1		3093
Padi k.- hâss-i pâdişah			16	4	2		3351
Kumara k.- hâss-i pâdişah			17	4	3		2929
Tohova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			55	4	1		9946
Koronos k.- hâss-i pâdişah			119	26	9		25630
Makidonos k.- hâss-i pâdişah			163	12	9		26106
Kataha k.- hâss-i pâdişah			156	10	1		29290
Votani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			21	12	1		5657
Yirakar k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		55	10	4		11489
Kato Palyani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			59	10	1		10285
Ayo Yani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			171	10			24713
Kato Neştani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			29	4			5633
Apano palgani k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		93	12	1		15831
Apano Neştani k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		75	12			10068
Kurmara k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		36	8	2		6628
Mirçan k.- hâss-i pâdişah			24	2	2		3974
Kastanya k.- hâss-i pâdişah			75	21	2		15954
Radani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			52	14	2		8747
Baniçe k.- hâss-i pâdişah			57	12	3		10126
Ayo Kiryaki k.- hâss-i pâdişah			12	7			2669
Grajani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			35	3	1		7994
Polo benasi k.- hâss-i pâdişah			14	6			3013
Kaltana k.- hâss-i pâdişah			6				326
Vetizmate k.- hâss-i pâdişah			16	4	1		4002
Çukanide k.- hâss-i pâdişah			3				151
Veştica k.- hâss-i pâdişah			156	17	14		22511
Branyat k.- hâss-i pâdişah			57	7	8		7942
Çukurleva k.- hâss-i hümâyun			20	4	1		1116
Kato Nişte k.- hâss-i hümâyun			11	2			727
Vulçişte k.- hâss-i hümâyun			70	35	4		9815
İvromeri k.- hâss-i hümâyun			89	10	9		4060
Kumruho k.- hâss-i hümâyun			78	30	4		4925
Ayo Kiryaki k.- hâss-i pâdişah			6				1390
Kokno k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			28	2	1		2231
Tripotamo k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			13	6			1201
Koçişisika k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			9	3	1		732
Çerko Yani k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			39	10	2		3879
Graboşa k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			28	7	6		1559
Katranıçe k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			9	3	2		401
Dirman k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			37	8	2		2790
Toplani k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			45	12	2		3878
Balatica k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			109	21	8		13754
Lonkoz k.- hâss-i Ayas Paşa			85	11	1		9730
Nefs-i Kara-verye nf. - hâss-i K	234		657	74	142	[müslim hanesi] ma'a ehl-i berat	55219
Cema'at-i Müselleman-ı Gebran-ı der-nefs-i Kara-verye						el-maktu	104
						Müselleman gebrân	12
Servohor k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	2		133	9	29		6355
Mesoven k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			29	5	1		1000
Sika k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			35	11	3		3500

## 12. Kara-verye

Lopatar k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			23	11					1003
İstavros k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			55	4	4				2331
Provatar k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			20	1	1				1003
Furka k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			2						175
Lutros k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			25	3	3				2354
Mavragel k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			34	11	5				3668
Bodromo k.- hâss-i Mehmed Ağa ser-çakı			133	24	5				8090
Kopano k.-hâss-i Mehmed Ağa	1		48	7	11				6214
Nov kasrı k.-hâss-i Mehmed Ağa			48	8	5				3437
Menlik k.-hâss-i Mehmed Ağa			76	10	2				4096
İsfince k.-hâss-i Mehmed Ağa			63	16	4				3500
Kadı Çayırı k.-hâss-i Mehmed	21	5							3118
Kiremid k.-hâss-i Mehmed Ağa									3085
Dobra k. - ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			121	3	5				9220
Ayo Yani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			48	32	3				5012
Kostohor k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		27	14	3				3007
Bratinışte k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			23	5	4				1462
Hropan k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			17	3					1955
Boştani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	11	4				1569
Kilisura k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			27	2	1				4623
Tagaramun k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		11		1				3160
Pile k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			27	5	1				1554
Holova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		33	3	4				3414
Polit k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			31	3	2				3781
Vovalar k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			54	3	7				4944
Kolura k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			51	4	4				4708
Kokova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	2	3				3079
Doksan k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			25	3	7				1950
Dolyani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			35	12	5				2960
Vromo Pigad k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			19		1				955
Mavroyani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			7					ma'a çiftlik-i Mahmud Çelebi	422
Miryane k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			17	4	1				4100
Bikova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			17	6	1				2729
İskoterine k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			15	10					1849
Draçkova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			4	1					1286
Mavdiriç? k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			44	12	7	Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	27
						Çeltükçi	gebrân	mcr.	9
Triyande k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			60	9	2				8701
Bogat k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			19	6	3				3556
Duglat k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			11	1	1				1523
Mıgılova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			56	8	5				7451
Kraymir mz.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.									512
İskilic k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	5	7				6074
Serakine k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			25	10	2				2927
Yeraki k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12		1				1178
Loziçe k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			39	5	3				3140
Budaniye k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			14	11	2				2145
Tirkoki k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			11	3	1				1050
Mirinliyo k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3	1	41	7	1				4290
Sadine k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			30	3					5620
Misihova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.									315
Alağı Novay k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	10	3	2						2522
Vosova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			161	14	6				9956
Mavrolako k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			13						414
Kilise-i Manastır-ı İskiliti- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								Keşişan	6
Zuçani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		41	5	2				2582
Mirşoş k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	4		15	2	1				3801
Arnişani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			58	7	3				6751

## 12. Kara-verye

Kirpotrisi k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		4	1	1		920
.....k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	6	11	3			3559
Protya k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		39	1	1		4356
Portis k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		5	6			1079
Yançışte k. ma'a Palamudcu k.	3	42	6	7		8998
Trihovişte k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		36	10	5		8467
Boraril k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2	27	3	2		4316
Osman mz.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						910
Rahova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		79	5	3		6183
Kırivtero k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		22	6			1393
Likoçışte k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2	51	6	3		6848
Dodunyani k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		44	3	5		5767
Piskobi k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		53	6	5		7139
Pipan k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		28	3	6		5226
Barış k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	7	1		2749
Altunlar k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3	11	1			1777
Dragışte k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	1	1		4618
Vara k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		33	3	2		4118
Süleyman Obası k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.					Çiftlik kıta	2 315
Rapsomanik k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		19	4	2		4037
Kaliviro Pigad k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		12	1	1	Çiftlik-i müsliman	3 3035
İksiro Livad k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		52	14	5		3100
Vasilako k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		4				500
Vikovec k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		34	16	2		3815
Megariçova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		33	3	2		2350
Armağni? k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		5				317
Eflahlar k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	7	21	3	2		3612
Kuruşova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1	17	2	1		2275
Galivişa k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		25	9	8		6362
Nihor k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		17		2		2532
Arkodomor k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		38	14			2968
Kumanıçe k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		28	10	2		1989
Kastanya k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		15	1	1		1238
Kotra k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		22	4	2		2545
Hacı Timur mz.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						3030
Leftokra k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		29	5			1761
Tirpigad k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		5	3	1		525
Kutiş k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		21	3	1		1546
Glamno k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		15	6			1961
Praptak?? k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		7				512
Piryet?? k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		4	1	1		1252
Gon? k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		7		1		985
İsperlit k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		17	8	[eksik]		1691
Hrisovergi k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		22	1	3		3614
Habziyo k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1	15		2		2885
Divola k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		21	7	6		1745
İkseray k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		19	4	2		2754
Maruşa k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		16	1	1		1054
Trazo k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		9	1			991
Kıfalisora k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1	2	2		[mücerred ve bive beraber]	1484
Kara Murad mz.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						630
Adyavano k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		19		1		2531
Blayet k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		6	1			907
Kladaki k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		26	8	5		1013
Amos k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		35	11	4		4595
Kalurita k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		10	3	[eksik]		1469
Kadı Çayırı k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	21	5				3118
Nisi k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		66	4	11		9878

## 12. Kara-verye

Anavatarna k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	14							512
Tirkorkova k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	26	9	1					4659
Tikini k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	12	7						2528
Ayo Yorgi k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	14							512
Kalu Misito k.- ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								200
Cema'at-i Tuzcıyan-ı Mukataa-i Memleha-i Çitroz -hâss-i Mehmed Ağa								
Tuzcıyan-ı Kara-verye					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	442
					Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	39
Zevayid-i Tuzcıyan-ı Karye-i Çitroz					Tuzcı	gebrân	zevaïd hn.	100
					Tuzcı	gebrân	zevaïd bive	11
Cema'at-i müteferrika-i Tuzcıyan-ı Kara-verye					Tuzcı	gebrân	müteferrika hn.	23
					Tuzcı	gebrân	müteferrika mcr.	41
an Mahalle-i Mavra					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	112
					Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	12
					Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	12
Tuzcıyan-ı Karye-i Külündür					Pir-i na-tüvan			21
					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	266
					Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	47
					Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	24
Zevayid-i der-karye-i Külündür					Tuzcı	gebrân	zevaïd hn.	79
Tuzcıyan-ı karye-i Kidanova					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	283
					Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	15
					Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	30
Zevayid-i karye-i mezbure					Tuzcı	gebrân	zevaïd hn.	94
Müteferrika-i Tuzcıyan-ı karye-i Libanova					Tuzcı	gebrân	müteferrika hn.	19
Tuzcıyan-ı karye-i Loncinos					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	142
					Tuzcı	gebrân	mcr.	14
					Tuzcı	gebrân	bive	21
Zevayid-i karye-i mezbure					Tuzcı	gebrân	zevaïd hn.	29
Müteferrika-i der-karye-i mezbure					Tuzcı	gebrân	müteferrika hn.	12
Tuzcıyan-ı karye-i Grajdani					Tuzcı	gebrân	hn.	18
Çeltükçıyan-ı Enhar-ı Kara-verye								
Nehr-i Aya Marin					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	3
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	9
Nehr-i Uzun-arg					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	10
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	10
Nehr-i Yançışte					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	3
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	19
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	mcr.	6
Nehr-i Nefs-i Kara-verye					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	4
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	4
Nehr-i Ağustos					Reis			2
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	31
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	mcr.	29
Nehr-i Asıboğa					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	3
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	19
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	mcr.	6
Nehr-i Serrac					Çeltükçi	müslim	hn.	3
					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	12
Nehr-i Mavrice					Çeltükçi	gebrân	hn.	36
Korni k. - vakıf	63	6	3					15850
Aderi k. - vakıf	78	8						19163
Ayane k. - vakıf	28	4						8506
Liziko k. - vakıf	22	2						13414
Ploki k. - vakıf		3						708
Ağustos k. - vakıf	8	1	276	173	42			69764
Asbomat k. - vakıf		124	44	14				7891

12. Kara-verye

Aya Marine k. - vakıf			38	5	2		8248
Kirevata k. - vakıf	2		10	1			1586
Asiboğa k. - vakıf			63	5	2		15698
Çernova k. - vakıf		2	81	5	2		5095
Reşane k. - vakıf			36	8	2		5098
Kavasla k. - vakıf			29	25	7		4721
<b>TOTAL</b>		345	28	7442	1415	645	1173557

## 13. Serfiçe

SERFİÇE	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mc	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Velvendos k. - hâss-i pâdişah			551	71	29		56404
Rağnos k. - hâss-i pâdişah			24	34	4		3169
Kirturki k. - hâss-i pâdişah	28					Yörük n.	82 6169
Cema'at-i Saltuklu							
Cema'at-i Menteşelü							
Cema'at-i Kırçalar							
Cema'at-i Paşahanlar							
Cema'at-i Keçilü							
Cema'at-i Yosunu							
Cema'at-i Hacılar							
Cema'at-i Aksaklu							
Cema'at-i Meliklü							
Nefs-i Serfiçe kasaba - hâss-i Kasım	64	6	720	122	135	Ehl-i berat ve hatib ve müezzin	21 52351
						Akıncı	4
						Muaf	2
Lutros k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			200	5	2		9123
Kaludan k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			35	3	2		2212
İsperlit k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			17	2	1		800
Kranik k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa			192	34	7		10000
Kozani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			91	23	15		11321
Yörükân-ı Topçılar cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	11 771
Yörükân-ı Çakırlar cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	22 1214
Emirhanlı cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	14 629
Yörükân-ı Tur Bali cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	9 648
Lojani-yi Büyük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			92	18	19		10490
Lazan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			29	7	5		2982
Yenice mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							1938
Loncu mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							1159
İgraçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			191	20	11		25606
Varvari k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			78	27	6		7068
Orahova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			265	31	8		17418
Kalyani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3	1	457	125	33		65000
Velijde k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		67	36	5		8340
Kastanya k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	13	[eksik]		2500
Kesariye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20	6	3		2752
Gulaz k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		166	34	22		25441
Milotin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			84	11	2		7091
Paraskeva k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			26	8			2886
Kerasiye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	21			1748
Sarma k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			13	1	1		445
Eftelye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			4				1120
Metaka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			73	34	12		4149
Lavanıçe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			49	18	12		4586
İzisko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			60	26	14		5376
Emin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			55	13	2		4013
Kutluca k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		59	15	3		6997
Koziçe? k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			15		1		995
Tohal k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			35				2000
Karamanlı yörük cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	7 405
Hacı Fakılar cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	7						396
Köseler cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	7					ma'a çiftlikha	792
Hacı Reyhan cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	16 761
Bağçalı Halil yörük cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						Yörük	7 616
İzvor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		45	13			5410
Holyalar k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.						sipâhî-zade n.	12 3119
						Reaya-yı müslim hn.	20

## 13. Serfiçe

					Çiftlik	kıta	19	
Protozar k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		175	43	11				18936
Alato k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		3	3	1				1092
Lojani-yi Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		10	15	1				2271
Vaniçe-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		65	16					6512
Gülciler? k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		11	4	2				2624
Katafi k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		33	17	7				4859
Bahşi k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		21	2	3				3016
Barbeş mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								477
Kisor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		7	5	1				492
Vitivyani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		5	9	1				585
Piri mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								615
Mokri k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		18	14	5				2346
Maçkhor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		44	20	6				2342
Nihor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		36	23					3608
Pilolaka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		9	7	3				494
Pıçal k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		10	5	2				610
Kojani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		22	3					1281
Hacı Aliler cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.					haric ez-defter			1212
					Yörük		19	
İzdin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		32	6	3				2019
İskulati k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		5						221
Kidonıye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		17						775
İksiro Valtos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		35	14	3				4015
Çernişte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		39	4	2				3707
Radovine k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1	37	9	3				2247
Kradohor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		77	9	6				7974
Komos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		24	7	2				1986
Vaniçe-i Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		27	1	1				1084
Valtos-ı Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		15	8	2				2500
Çobanlar cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	8							921
Karacalar cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-	14				Yörük		20	3175
Deliler cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.					Yörük		7	2200
Leşni ve Yoncalar ve Sarı Halil cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.					Yörük		17	
Evrenoslı ve Kara Fihad cm.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.					Yörük		12	
Delvine k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		59	14	9				7786
Kerasıye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		16	12	1				1500
Palo İgraçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.		49	24	4	der-tasarruf-ı mustahfızan-ı kala-i Serfiçe			5200

TOTAL

138 7 4664 1065 433

479092

## 14. Aştin

AŞTİN	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Bagçıšte k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı F	1		64	19	3		7111
Panarit k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa			17	5	2		1775
Klepiş k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa			24	40			2015
Visiničko k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa			52	27			3105
Vidolište k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa	1		135	50	1		8572
Kırçıšte k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa			87	32	2		7477
Nefs-i Hurpešte kasabadır -der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	17	2	57	10	2	hâss-i şahi	18569
Točil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	7	1	hâss-i şahi	20179
Çetrekos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			95	30	3	hâss-i hümâyun	7440
Virtičko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			4	2		hâss-i hümâyun	556
Orahova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			5	4		hâss-i hümâyun	567
İzlatorište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	31	5	hâss-i hümâyun	5486
Volos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			4			hâss-i hümâyun	419
Trisitka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5		36	11	4	hâss-i hümâyun	3164
Zagradič k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		19	8	6		1835
Gosna k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			29	7	3		3392
Kinoş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			10	1			1261
Pavlikan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5		25	7			2505
İslimko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20	24	1		9367
Novasil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			36	17			3921
Osovište-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		32	15	5		5158
Babračko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			29	10	2		1042
Babračko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			169	45	4		16514
Zukovište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			101	37			6401
Vaypes k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			85	26	2		4080
Tucul k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20				1062
Rusiçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		219	62	9		7829
Jupan ma'a mahalle-i Kul k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			67	89	17		12554
Lorat k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			39	11	3		4798
Kinam k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			42	12	1		4840
Tirvenište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			8	12			1013
Çirenin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			10	3			608
Viseko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			8	8	3		1214
Gramus k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			87	21	7		10202
Lubet k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			38	11	1		5414
Kakos k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			14	2			1685
Dotur k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			23	21	[eksik]		4040
Drenova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			19	19	6		2085
Revani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5		46	32	1		4945
Çukurova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		30	16	1		2710
Korile k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			56	16	3		6314
Çereşniçe mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							371
Bubiline?? k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		31	10	[eksik]		3080
Goleşova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			23	3	5		3131
Govniçe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2	1	14	18	2		2515
Omahik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			5	2			937
Jujelci k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			25	15			2644
Libovište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			32	19	1		4519
Viçište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		59	29	3		9416
Şiryad k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		65	16	2		8500
Borčko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	8	2		1559
Zaberdani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		63	33			5918
İspilye k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			46	24	[eksik]		6152
Nivolani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			10	9	[eksik]		1026
Futin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			15	12			1466
İkrimin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			22	12	7		1595



## 14. Aştin

Jujeli k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			80	52	16			9000
Grancı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	7	2	94	27	3			7542
İsteniçko ma'a mezraa-i Lazarinek.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		62	25	4			6259
Mirolaviç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			56	44	10			5576
Küçük Mirolaviç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5	1	15	10	1			2434
Bele Çerkova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		23	10	[eksik]			3278
Provetrenik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			16	1				933
Oşani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			105	40	4			11330
İslatina k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			55	40	3			3721
Virbiçko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			94	38				8403
Dilab k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	4		69	30	3			7403
Siroçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			37	11	1			4512
Dolani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			36	16	[eksik]			2398
Kaluvışte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			16	17				1144
Çaknohor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			57	14	3			4634
Gırlani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		15	28	3			4185
İsloliska k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			29	19	2			4050
Korite mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								525
Ero Kasrı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			35	18	2			3825
Mil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			28	12	1			2000
Vıcani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			18	9	1			2027
Vodorina k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20	8	1			2184
Çerçište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			19	13				1963
Ayo Paraskeva k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	6	2			2026
Zelenovad k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		23	9				1566
İstariçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			5	2				680
an İstariçani k. Mahalle-i AyoNikola-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			7	7				720
Gidrahor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			42	15	1			2500
Çarçište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			21	10	4			2303
Petriç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			11	8	2			1036
Baço k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			8	8	1			916
Manastır k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			24	5				1266
Balvani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			6					1425
Labanova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			31	19	2			2827
Bogroziçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		5	5	[eksik]			825
Leskovnik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			3	1				394
Ayo Yorgi mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								1299
İslaliska k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		18	7	1			2536
Vobra k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	9	2	16	9	1			3092
Slogişin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5		74	27	1			8010
Simas k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			23	3	2			2914
İzgibli k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		16	9				2949
Jalçı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			7	5	4			871
Drenova mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								366
Brejani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			40	23	4			2753
Melidoniçe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			28	9				1329
Pogancı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	6		14	7				1739
Kravire k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			13	5	1			969
Vinani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		27	14				3681
Gramaçko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			34	15	2			3409
Morkopolo Pirgoz mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.								2029
Pesyak k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			24	9		Çiftlik	adet	5
Mağalı Bedriş(te)k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		34	22	1			3953
Çuka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			14	8	1			1916
Nestime k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		69	24	1			4500
Voşen k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			18	12				2089
Trebuş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		18	7	1			2695
Yukaru Selanik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			17	5				1134

## 14. Aştin

Melidonıçe k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			23	4	1			1192
Piloş k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	3		18	8	2			2512
Çer k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			6		1			613
Trapkošta k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			18	7	2			1936
Menište k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			8	5	1			1784
Ayo Yorgi mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.								933
Holyomod k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			16	14	1			1521
Plazom Megali k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	3		56	34	2			7899
Çuvalar k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			16	6	2			1833
Okorine k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			13	14	[eksik]			3061
İçovlani k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			7	3	2			867
İvılaşıçe mz.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.								100
Bohorina k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			14	11	4			1969
Poçernova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			3	2				309
Çernelişte k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			31	17	4			2049
Topolova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			11	5	1			1199
Selce k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			10	4	3			1274
Kalestratin k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			10	6	1			1987
Jujulište k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	1		23	8	1			2995
Kotelci k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			41	25	5			4353
Viçešte-i Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			23	13	1			3000
Bolište k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.		1	78	27	2			9456
Pradomir k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	2		36	16	2			5200
Lisniska k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			34	11				3500
Mahalle-i Nenade k. der k.-i Jujelci-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı			5	3		ma'a karye-i Çervene-Reka		200
Çervene-Resa k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.						ber öşr		491
Ramkiçko k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			28	26	1			3048
Ayo Yorgi k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			17	11	4			2676
Ayo Paraskeva k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			22	46	2			3327
Bilovice k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	2		36	7				2421
Trepotoş k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	3		46	14	1			2876
Radovijde k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			51	19				2016
Markovan k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			25	16	1			2520
Kabaş k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			27	10	2			2826
Burşa k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			39	21	1			2935
Rusola k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	1		19	11	2			2998
Varpojde k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			29	10		Çiftlik	2	2506
						sipâhî-zade	3	
Küçük Hukur k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			18	12				1695
Mayer-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			24	11	1			1177
Brezvan k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	1		19	7	2			764
Zehiz k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			22	15	1			2103
Çagoşit k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			10	5	1			1585
Libohova k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			8	10				1945
Subura k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			7	1				982
Nikola Vasil k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			5					554
İzdiniçko k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	2		33	10	4			2686
Lana k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			26	12	3			4604
Dumiçko k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			5	15	2			1440
Miho Çukala k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			18	5				1253
Lisiçar k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			2	3				373
Kosulat k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			24	12				2204
Mirisan k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			26	9	1			1990
Damaskite k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			4	5	1			630
Kalu-viriç k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			6	10	3			1733
Küçük Plazotište k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.	4		35	16	2			7592
Labanica k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			35	20	1			7200
Labanica-i diger k.-der ze'amet ve tımâr-ı sp.			31	17		ma'a voynuğan		4032

## 14. Aştin

Megali-Rezni k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			22	12	3		3774
Labanova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	9	4	29	20	2		5818
Ayo Nikola k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			2				414
Pilori k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			9	7	1		1052
Mahalle an k.-i Mikrı-Osovişte mh.-der ze'am	1		13	3	1		1095
Selanik-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			39	8	1		3000
Rende k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5	2	6	3	1		1020
Lokom k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			46	15	8		6981
Kostaničko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			42	45			5995
Kafe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			3	5			428
Homočko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			44	16			2317
Sirdan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			14	8			2258
Koşize k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			11	6	1		3845
Mıkırı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	5			2312
Çerniş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			12	4	1		824
Vitanci k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		8				737
Hogac k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			24	8	2		2407
Manokovac k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	1		37	16	1		3364
Volte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			22	11	2		1637
Vitoviniç mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							150
Sinovir k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			2	2	1		475
Steniç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	2		24	13			3858
Tirpezga k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			22	7			3812
Gurşe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			101	31	4		3948
Lancito k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			24	10			1778
Iskala mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.							188
Vidovişte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	5		125	51	1		8573
Linotop k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			47	37	7		7532
Bişova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			18	8	2		1237
Miričko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			20	8	1		1789
Çerepyani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			4	2	[eksik]		1204
Braştani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			55	24			3575
Lorad k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			24	10	1		1533
Malohine k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		11	3			1212
Mirali k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			60	20			5603
Çuhan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.	3		39	7			3334
Ayo Todor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			13	3	1		1191
Jujelci k.-der ze'amet ve tîmâr-ı sp.			11	2			525

TOTAL	156	15	6232	2866	326		680795
-------	-----	----	------	------	-----	--	--------

## 15. Kestorya

KESTORYA	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Nefs-i Kestorya - hâss-i pâdişah	90	7	750	155	102	ma'a mahsul-i göl	7 125604
						Ehl-i berat müslim	7
						Yahudiyân hn.	8
						Yahudiyân mcr.	9
Zağoriçani k.- hâss-i pâdişah	4		55	16	5		4303
İslive k.- hâss-i pâdişah			46	18	5		5794
Jupanişte k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		36	21	3		5552
Dobronište k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		102	36	2		10783
Vişani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			67	13	2		10320
Behoki k.- hâss-i pâdişah			35	9	5		6281
Dupyak k.- hâss-i pâdişah			26	6			1983
Blopaşani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			23	9	4		3572
Ohovişte k.- hâss-i pâdişah			118	49	9		16167
Hurpeşte mz.- hâss-i pâdişah							1400
Linka k.- hâss-i pâdişah			45	12	2		7809
Mavrova k.- hâss-i pâdişah	4		146	27	13		17387
Koturi k.- hâss-i pâdişah			71	42	6		9384
Bogačko k.- hâss-i pâdişah	1		148	30	8		13911
Kumaniçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			88	18			13321
Korilova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			22	3			2749
Velijde k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			38	1			4088
Gorenci k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			82	16	10	hâss-i hümâyun	8981
Pirzovani mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet						hâss-i hümâyun	1435
Hotonişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			65	19	2		13533
Dolečko mz. tabi-i Görice- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							315
Yukaru Sadova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			54	12			6439
İrmava k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			7	10			780
Pendatrol k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			34	2	3		4724
Nikovani?? k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet		1	31	3	2		4236
Konotlan k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			81	50	3		8295
Tiholişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			70	22	4		10810
Krimpeni k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			30	7	5		8919
Kladrom k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			54	15	1		6339
Delova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			23	26	3		6511
Radogojd k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			45	9	2		6972
Lentova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		52	14	7		10550
Poznovad k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	3		42	35	10		5721
Sezam k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			98	31	3		9412
Breştani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	4	1	39	12	6		8856
Yukaru Oraşiçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	2	1	27	16	2		3095
Ziçişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		48	30			4987
İstudene Dode k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			42	11	7		2591
Tırpaniçko k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			34	10			2529
Reçiçani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			31	6	5		2909
Steniç k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	2		49	22	2		6852
Petensanova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			41	14	2		3761
Koronişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			39	15	4		4884
Banişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	2		3				342
Zelekoyd k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		77	24		ma'a mezra'a	8500
Kuruşovec k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			32	4			1500
Çakoni-yi Büzürk k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			51	17	1		4475
Çakoni-yi Küçük k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			6	4	1		6295
Dorava k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			39	10			5988
Setol k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	3		32	7	4		4553
Ayo Dimitri k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			17	2			1079
Fireşniçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			25	6			4952

15. Kestorya

Kuruşe k. - der tîmâr ve ze'amet			66	28			2463
Lavur k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			16	2			2512
Serakine k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			25	8	3		1712
İslatina k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			23	9			1868
Kuruşodol k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			10	8			741
Çerçişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		28	11			3000
Çuka k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			74	24	2		9103
Jelin k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	15	9	13		1		1854
Maçani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			18	3			1976
Varibob k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			12	2	1		1093
Bradoliçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			14	9			1010
İzderilçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		14	3	2		1912
İşlemite k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	1		23	5			6060
Mavroniçe mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							291
Arhangel k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	4		8	1	1		911
Pimova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			6	1	1		252
Horalişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			3	3			249
İvratin k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			4				425
Kosturajde k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			14	3	2		625
Prekopana k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			10	9	3		1012
Oraşniçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			22	13			2034
Igliberine mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							296
Gorna İsliveni k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			11	3	2		1075
Berst mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							247
Kalureh? k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	3	1	1				582
Zelovişte mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							412
İlyan k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			35	12		Bâzdar hn. 1	3545
Virenovani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			49	30	1		5961
Tırnova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			18	25	1		2584
Brezniçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	2		74	31	3		7201
Babşo k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			52	35			3512
Kalu Geriç mz.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet							240
Orahoviçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			16	17			2087
Hrovilya k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			25	12			3342
Orahova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			14	31	1		3103
Besvinya k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			12	10			2562
Ostadiçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			39	52	4		4631
Jelova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			55	36	1		4617
Çerno Hovişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			29	15			3029
Gabreş k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			54	36	2		5062
Grazdani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			35	39	1		3292
.....k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			138	32	13		19513
Galişte k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	5		205	69			27418
Nevolani k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			16	7	2		1749
Vidohova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	3		30	7	1		2132
Klisura k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			28				1044
Draganiçe k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			13	4	1		1318
Plaç k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			17	5	2		1150
Armenohor k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			5	2	2		650
Megasioçova k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			5	2		Manastır-ı Arhangel	325
Aposkepos k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet	3		23	5			1403
Nuşta k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			23	5	1		1676
İzmeksi k.- der tîmâr ve ze'amet			6	3	1		685
Müselleman-ı nefsi kala-i Kestorya						Müselleman n.	3
Müselleman-ı kala-i mezbure						Müselleman n.	2
Mustahfızan ma'a dizdar ve imam ve kethüda						n.	28

TOTAL

159 20 4647 1613 310

610074

## 16. Bihlište

BİHLİŞTE	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive		
Süveni k. - hâss-i Kasım Paşa	2		237	75	8		13654
Simlak k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	7		57	6	7		5136
Ostropere k.- hâss-i Kasım Paşa	2		38	21	2		2158
Visko Poli k. -hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rumili			208	4	6		10168
Tırnova k.-hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rumili			63	19			5729
Nefs-i Bihlište nf. -der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	14	1	76	27		Ehl-i berat müslim	6 13630
						hâss-i şahi	
Megal(i) Pustiç k. -der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			165		7	hâss-i hümâyun	18821
Tomile k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			26	12		hâss-i hümâyun	3156
Nuvica k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			69		4	hâss-i hümâyun	4101
Remçi k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			55	15	2	hâss-i hümâyun	8351
Gorna Opar k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			19	11	3	hâss-i hümâyun	3130
Plas k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	12		48	5	2		10667
Kuçük Pustiç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			87	62	4		11912
İvezde k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	16	4	31	13	1		4916
Kriçkova k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2	1	19	6			3925
İknazoveç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		46	21			8978
Bejan k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	3		97	33	5		12365
Piluri k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	3		5	4			1032
Selçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		65	31			5138
Belçisko k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			42	19	3		3592
Okolište k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			23	25	1		2545
Koşniçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			51	22			2704
Liştika k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			42	18	2		3813
Rog k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		28	7			3087
Pološka k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	4	3	20	4	1		2116
Çeriştin mz.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan							287
İglo Poçani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			31	12	7		3922
İşyani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	8	2	12	11			3202
Oskovdi k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			25	10	2		3066
Tiran k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			21	3	1		2319
Pusiliç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		17	3	2		3177
Manastır-ı Ayo Atanas mz.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan							311
Zirnoska k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			33	35	1		5697
Maçka k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	27	7	32		1		2292
Hoçušta k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		110	25	8		10968
İslovinçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			29		1		2385
Ploroçište k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			21	1	1		1524
Seleçko k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			34	39	1		3544
Polani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	9	4	100	17	7		13719
Labanica k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		57	10	1		6000
Likifaş k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			20	10	1		4315
Honovište k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			30	25			4198
İsveti Gerk k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			52	9	10		7567
İsveti k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		21	5			1787
Brazani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			17	5	1		1373
Misimomalik k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			12	1	[eksik]		1055
Moçorište k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			38	6	1		3870
Visoçiçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	11	2	19	3			2345
Taci k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		45	21	1		2947
Çesto Kladinçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		22	7	2		2250
Leskira k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		7				361
Golobrd k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	6	3	17	25	1		2150
İvraneşte k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	6		46	29	1		4155
Kaliştica k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	5	3	29	8	2		3004
Koçaç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			23	17	2		2367

## 16. Bihlişte

Manastır-ı Ayo Nikola -der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan					fi sene	146
Podgorna k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		57	32	6	7504
Drenova k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			39	23	5	6376
Bitinçka k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		52	23	3	7015
Bezmişle k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			45	19		5672
Leska k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		37	4	3	1506
Kozniçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			15	11	2	595
Promaş k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			8		2	726
Brogon Kun k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		13	4		815
Defini k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			36	14		2622
Jiyani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2	3	19	11		1889
Balkalar k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			13			1462
Korine k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			32	13		2150
Pirgos k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	4	1	53	32	2	6163
Hofini k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			14	6		2012
Şulin k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			43	10		1507
Kosteneç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		23	23		2804
Lapani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	9	2	12	4		1982
Kovasile k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			21	7		1814
Nikari k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			15	12	1	2038
Rabinçka k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	13	3	13	3		4000
Papani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	9	2	32	13		4212
Ponçiska k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			16	5	1	2037
Kolonçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			38	18		4948
Çakuni k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2	1	53	14		4807
Miloveh k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			15	11	2	2930
Sulani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			26	12		2243
Pendavin k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	11	5	43	13		5833
Belorad k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan		3	36	13		5555
Rasne? mz.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan						500
Kuçi Magalı k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	8	4	13	7		3268
Trisite k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		43	29	1	3854
Çipani k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			31	13		2087
Alarine mz.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan						206
Bistran k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			27	17	2	3500
Açmenik k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		38	20		3095
İsveti Nikola k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	10		2			567
Nikoliçe k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			19			1000
Kabaş k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		9	3		470
Tirbişte k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			14	1		742
Manastır k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			13	10		1286
Bukovec k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			7	4		692
Bobovik k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		7	1	1	609
Pirdoşa k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	1		21	5		1028
Babiniç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			8	4	3	868
Mıkırı Kuç k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan	2		8		an zevayid	1071
Okolişte mz.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan						1593
İvlahi k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			6	6		545
Dranodol? k.-der zmt. ve tm.-ı sipâhîyan			5	1		925
TOTAL	234	54	3627	1268	147	392250

## 17. Görice

GÖRİCE	Müslim		Gebran			Diğer	Hasıl	
	Hn.	Mcr.	Hn.	Mcr.	Bive			
Pritor k. - hâss-i pâdişah			75	23	8		11895	
Arzani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			74	69	4		19121	
İşterbova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			74	50	2		7840	
İslivnica k.- hâss-i pâdişah			30	32	3		8947	
Listirkova k.- hâss-i pâdişah			49	53	2	tîmâr-ı Mehmed Paşa	8835	
Boştani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			16	16			2717	
Reşne k.- hâss-i pâdişah	2		80	43	6		9492	
Menomir k.- hâss-i pâdişah			17	6			965	
Vinani k.- hâss-i pâdişah			25	24	1		3335	
Rudari k.- hâss-i pâdişah			34	31	2		3912	
Çer k.- hâss-i pâdişah			4	22			960	
Rudari mz.- hâss-i pâdişah							2000	
Enboriya k. -nefs-i Göricedir-hâss-i k	15	4	101	25	[eksik]	Ehl-i berat müslim	6	9111
						sipâhî-zade müslim	1	
						Akıncı	1	
Leşnica k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa	1	1	69	6				6110
Kamenica k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa	7	1	149	42	6			6803
Lavrani k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa	10	1	139	35	4			8503
Vahalı k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa	1		68	39	4			4159
Luboyna k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa			56	56	4			5866
Küremat k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa			12	7	3			658
Girman k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa			69	52	4			8560
İskoniçe k.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa			33	25				4936
Manastır-ı Pop-Gerk ve Projerne ve Naliçe ve İskanas - hâss-i Kasım Paşa						tan göl ve gayrihi		200
Goranıçe mz.-hâss-i Kasım Paşa								111
Abalı k. - hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmir	1		69	42	2	ma'a voynugan-ı mensuh		13234
Perova k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rumili			7	4				535
Germaniç k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rum			2	1				100
Milçani k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmir	4		71	20	4			7587
Mamaşa k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rumil			11					324
Paskalçište k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Ru			4					182
Doşitani k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmir	3	1	76	19	5			5689
Linka k.- hâss-i Bayram Paşa mirmiran-ı Rumili			38	28	2			6219
Vinçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	21	8	93	26	2			11125
Polanya k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	2	1	11	7				913
Pulava mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha						hali ez-raiyyet		100
Goskova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	5	4	62	7	9			7487
Borova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			72	7				4852
Yukaru Tac k. ma'a Aşağı Tac-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	8	1	60	50	1			6752
İstarine k. ma'a İstarite-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	4		35	4	1			3278
Novasil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			64	5	2			3898
Kakinas k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	3		52	20	6			3500
Lekaç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			20	9	7			2300
Ramni k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			95	78	2			19316
Dupeni k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			49	63	7			8630
Mazarak k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			7	9	1			721
Şibiska k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			113	37	6			5547
Bodomka k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			54	73	3			5961
Drenova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		194	29	4			18000
Oskob k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	13	4	80	22	3			13931
Graçkani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		4	1	[eksik]			721
Solob mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha						hali ez-raiyyet		178
Kaluday mz.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha						hali ez-raiyyet		150
Bratiçina k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			40	33	5			6998
Bele Vode k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	2		46	9	3			2616
Bulgareç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	6	3	77	35	1			9455



## 17. Görice

Vimbil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			84	61	1		5777
İsmirdeş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		53	28			4944
Tirani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	3		36	11			3525
Ayo Vanbil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			28	1			3690
İştani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			11	3	1		2032
Kuruşova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			7	11	1		1879
Berde k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			22	13	1		4234
Neviçšte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	5		14	3	1		1606
Poçešta k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		43	14	1		5308
Libonik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		33	5			5069
Liboki Nikola k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			10	3			2112
Maladin k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	8	2	17	2			2352
Koluca k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	3		35	15	7		4274
Nakoliç k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	5	1	39	26	3		7840
Novasil k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			27	14	2		3748
Bani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			12	4			1052
Metonova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			42	30			7300
Rakiçko k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			22	30	1		1874
Dokaşa k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			11	7			1017
Berik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			18	26	4		1884
İsveti k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			32	21			2998
Suşilce k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			8	12	1		2218
Radonik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			13	24			2062
Damyani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		18	10	2		3000
Protopan k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			18	2	1		4100
Piluri k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			4	2			1527
Helmiş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	8	4	22	1	[eksik]		1300
Zagradište k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	3	1	35	3	3		5057
Zarani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			28	3			875
Virloçšte k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	3		42	7	2		5345
Zarkani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			4				715
Kladrom k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	18	1	40	3	4		5735
Mihalic k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			12	4			1217
Asomat k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			27	25	3		4846
Sulo Gırlı k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			8	4	1		1551
Vaştımyani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			19	5	2		3940
Kergolca k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			13	6	1		1352
Gargar k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		33	32	1		7415
Rajoni k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			39	30	1		4535
Tudaş k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			8	4	3		997
Kireşova-i Büzürk k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			27	18	5		2312
Kireşova-i Küçük k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			20	7			1851
Türbe k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			31	14	3		2795
Hırsovrek k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			5	4	1		1050
Kilmidun k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			3	1			240
Opay k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			32	35	1		4383
Baric k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	5		41	10	2		3701
Ayo Todor k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	8	1	18	8			1735
Tırnovec k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			53	18	2		5600
Dobriçani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			48	11			3603
Bukovik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			19	18			2396
Lavdani k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	8	[eksik]	16	12	2		1647
Kurbinova k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			71	55			12074
Virlati k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	2		59	10	5		5503
Flok k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	1		11	5	2		1269
Drisnik k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha	10		52	[eksik]	6		6001
Krabanovis k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			16	6	2		1890
Leh? k.-der ze'amet ve tîmârha			21	12			2021